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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Simla Communique On Orissa To-day?

Will Viceroy End Deadlock?

IF SIR JOHN HUBBACK CANCELS LEAVE . .

Impending Constitutional Crisis In Seven Provinces Can Be Averted

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)
SIMLA, May 3.

It is likely a communique or statement may be issued to-morrow which, in all probability, will end the Orissa crisis.

There are strong rumours that the Viceroy has intervened and as a result, a decision will be reached if it has not already been reached, which is expected to remove the present difficulty. I consider it possible that Sir John Hubback may postpone his leave but no official confirmation is available.

HUBBACK LEAVING TO-DAY?

CUTTACK, May 3.

According to present arrangements Sir John Hubback, Governor of Orissa, will leave Puri for England to-morrow evening. The Premier Mr. Bishwanath Das is, therefore, proceeding to Puri to-morrow morning in order to hand over the resignation of the Ministry to Governor.

There is, however, a strong rumour current here that Sir John Hubback may cancel his leave at the last moment.

The Secretary to the Governor (Mr. J. Bowstead) on being telephoned by the Associated Press said that he was not aware of any decision being made by Sir John Hubback to cancel his leave so far and that His Excellency's departure from Puri was fixed for to-morrow.

The fact that Mr. J. R. Dain, Acting-Governor-Designate who was expected at Cuttack this morning, has not yet returned, however, lends some support to the rumour that there is yet a possibility of a last minute solution of the impasse.—A.P.

MINISTRY TO RESIGN?

CUTTACK, May 3.

The Associated Press definitely understands that the Congress Ministry in Orissa is resigning to-morrow in the forenoon as a protest against the appointment of Mr. J. R. Dain as Acting-Governor of the Province during the absence on leave of Sir John Hubback.—A.P.

WILL IT AFFECT OTHER PROVINCES?

CUTTACK, May 3.

Will the resignation of the Orissa Ministry be a local affair or have repercussions on the Congress Ministries in other Provinces?

The Associated Press understands that a detailed communication explaining the situation leading to the forthcoming resignation has been "posted" to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, the Congress President and Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, Chairman of the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee.—A.P.

VISCOUNT LINLITHGOW.

"IT IS GRACEFUL TO YIELD":

"M. G.'s" Advice To British Govt. On Orissa Problem

LONDON, May 3.

The "Manchester Guardian" comments that the Congress case against Mr. Dain's assumption of office in Orissa is water tight. It is not based on the slightest degree on personal grounds but on the spirit of the new constitution. Presumably the British authorities did not guess the effect their decision would have and being guilty not a worse offence than tactlessness but tact is a quality more than ever desirable to-day in India and it would be tactful to make a fresh appointment.

The Provincial autonomy rests on a nice balance of give and take and this clearly is a case where it would be graceful to yield and where persistence may have unfortunate results. There have been several permanent and temporary appointments in recent months and not once an Indian has been chosen, though such appointments might well have been expected in the changed India under the new Constitution.—Reuter.

SARDAR & KRIPALANI FOR BANGALORE

BANGALORE, May 3.

INFORMATION HAS BEEN RECEIVED THAT SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL AND ACHARYA KRIPALANI ARE ARRIVING AT BANGALORE ON MAY 6.—A.P.

The 10th Anniversary of the Fellowship School, Bombay, was celebrated on Saturday evening at Fellowship School under the Presidentship of the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher. Photo shows: The Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher in the centre along with others

FOUR WICKETS DOWN FOR 140

Worcester Second Innings' Lunch Score

LONDON, May 3.

AUSTRALIANS (1st Innings)	541
WORCESTER (1st Innings)	268
WORCESTER (2nd Innings) for four wickets (at lunch)	140

At lunch Worcester had made 140 in their second innings.

Scores:—

Bull (not out)	57
Cooper, l.b.w., b White	16
Gibbons, c Brown, b O'Reilly	9
Martin, c Fingleton, b, O'-Reilly	5
Human (not out)	12
Total (for four wickets)	140

STOP PRESS

BR. WAR OFFICE ENLISTMENT SCHEME.

LONDON, May 3.

The War Office has announced a new Long Service Enlistment Scheme under which men may be engaged for 12 years, with the right to continue for further time.

Mr. Hore-Belisha, interview by Reuter, said that the War Office was going to spend millions more than announced in providing better barracks and accommodation.—Reuter's Special.

FR. NATIONAL DEFENCE CREDITS.

PARIS, May 3.

A decree to provide National Defence credits of 4712 million francs has been published.

The decree authorises laying down before the end of 1939 two battleships, one cruiser, seven submarines, fast coastal patrol craft and other auxiliaries to a maximum of 24,000 tons and three large fuel supply ships. This is in addition to the vessels already ordered. The number of reserve officers will be increased, and the total of naval effectives increased from 69,500 to 72,500.

The total of non-Commissioned officers and men in the airforce will be raised from 44,000 to 52,500. The colonial forces will be increased, particularly in Indo-China, French Somaliland and French West Africa.—Reuter.

Relief For Orissa Tenants

Zemindars & their Agents To Be Penalised For Illegal Exactions

CUTTACK, May 3.

The Orissa Legislative Assembly passed to-day two measures: (1) Orissa Tenancy (Amendment) Bill; and (2) Small-holders' Bill.

The Tennancy Bill proposes to give absolute ownership to the tenants of the trees on their holdings—except those recorded in favour of the landlords in the Settlement Report—doing away with the Mutation Fees, reducing the interest on arrears of rents from 12½ per cent, as at present, to 6 per cent. and penalising the Zamindars and their agents for illegal exactions to a fine of Rs. 500 or to a term of imprisonment upto six months' simple.

The Small-holders' Bill grants moratorium to the agricultural debtors for a period of one year.

The Premier (Mr. Bishwa Nath Das) thanked all the members of the House for passing this Bill which would give much relief to the tenants.—United Press.

BEFORE EXPIRY OF SENTENCES

37 Released From Madras Jail

MADRAS, May 3.

The Government of Madras have released to-day thirty-seven prisoners from the local jail before the expiry of their sentences.—United Press.

Mechanisation Of Indian Army

SIMLA, May 3.

Mechanisation of the Army in India having been decided upon, plans have been under consideration as to how it should be carried out. It is understood that a Central Co-ordinating Authority such as a directorate of mechanisation may be appointed for the purpose. No final decision, however, has been reached yet.—United Press.

ALEXANDRIA, May 3.

It is understood that Queen Farida is expecting the happy event in early November.—Reuter's Special.

CAVEMAN WINS CHESTER VASE

Sadruddin And Challenge Secure Places

LONDON, May 3.

Chester Vase, run at Chestern, resulted as follows:—

CAVEMAN (Cliff Richards) .. 1
SADRUDDIN (D. Smith) 2
CHALLENGE (E. Smith) 3

Twelve ran. Won by one and half length.

Three-quarters separated the second and the third.

Starting Prices: 8 to 1 Caveman.

10 to 1 Sadruddin, 8 to 1 Challenge.

The winner was trained by Lawson.—Reuter.

HE NEVER WISHED TO SEE GANDHIJI

Jinnah Contradicts Azad's Statement

BOMBAY, May 3.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah has issued the following statement:—

My attention has been drawn to the statement issued by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in the Press to-day. I am sorry that he should have thought proper at this juncture to do so, and further I must say that it is incorrect and misleading about the version he has given regarding my talk with him, when he came to see me in Bombay.

I am obliged to repudiate what is attributed to me in that statement. I never expressed any wish to see Mr. Gandhi or carry on correspondence with him. It is equally without any foundation that I wrote in February last to Mr. Gandhi that I could go to Wardha on March the 10th but the meeting was postponed owing to my sickness. I cannot say more, as I deprecate, on principle, the disclosure of private talks, and hence I shall stop here.—A.P.

CONGRESS WINS SEVEN SEATS

COONOOR, May 3.

Mr. S. C. Browne, Congress candidate for Anglo-Indian Reserved seat, Coonoor Municipality, was elected by 197 votes defeating Mr. H. L. Prager, securing 40.

Mr. H. R. Corfield, Congress candidate for the European reserved seat was defeated by Col. Vere Hunt by 96 to 69.

Congress have captured seven out of 16 seats of the Municipality.—A. P.

'No Disrespect To Congress Flag'

MYSORE DEWAN'S APOLOGIA

Compromise Formula For Municipality On Eve Of Prince's Marriage

BANGALORE: May 3.

The Mysore Government's view-point on the Flag Controversy has been made clear in a communication, addressed to Mr. Raju, President of the Civil Liberties Union, Bangalore, by Sir Mirza Ismail, the Dewan.

The Objection

In the course of the communication Sir Mirza points out that GOVERNMENT HAVE NOT THE SLIGHTEST OBJECTION TO THE DISPLAY OF THE CONGRESS FLAG IN PUBLIC. ON THE CONTRARY, THEY WISH TO SHOW EVERY RESPECT TO IT AS THE EMBLEM OF A GREAT POLITICAL PARTY IN THE COUNTRY. WHAT GOVERNMENT DO NOT RELISH IS THE ATTEMPT, SO FREQUENTLY MADE NOW-A-DAYS, TO DISPLACE THE STATE-FLAG BY THAT FLAG IN THE AFFECTIONS OF THE PEOPLE.

A Compromise

The Dewan has suggested to the Mysore Municipality to use the Congress Flag with the Union Jack and the Mysore Flag in its scheme of decorations in connection with the approaching wedding of the Mysore Prince.

IS IT CLIMB DOWN?

Concluding he said that every Indian, whatever be his political views, should show respect to the Congress Flag, symbolising as it does the aspiration of a vast number of their followers in the country.—A. P.

NO-TAX THREATENED

Viduraswath Villagers' Protest

VIDURASWATH, May 3.

Viduraswath is yet being patrolled by the military, consisting of 25 lancers.

It is learnt that the villagers of Viduraswath are threatening non-payment of land revenue. The Curfew Order is still in force in the village, which now looks like a desert, except for a few pilgrims residing in the Choultries (Dharmashalas).

At Goribidnur, the Taluk Headquarters, the residence of the Amildar Magistrate (who, it will be recalled, declared the assemblage of crowds of pilgrims at Viduraswath unlawful and later order lathi charge, etc.) is being guarded by armed police.

A party of Reserve Police is stationed there to meet any emergencies. The Police Constables who were posted at the Congress office, have now been withdrawn.—United Press.

K. P. C. C. OFFICIALS ASKED TO DISPERSE

Sequel To Holding Inquiry Into Firing

VIDURASWATH, May 3.

To enquire into the firing incident that took place here, on behalf of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, Messrs. R. S. Hukkerikar, B. N. Datar and K. Guru Raja Rao, accompanied by Messrs. Kallur Subba Rao, M.L.A. (Madras) and Hatti Shanker Rao and other local Congressmen, visited Viduraswath and Goribidnur.

They recorded the statements from six merchants of Hindupur, who were eye witnesses to the firing incidents.

At Goribidnur, the leaders met some citizens, whereafter they left for Viduraswath.

At Viduraswath, when the Enquiry Committee sat to make investigations into the shooting incident, the Commandant of the Military arrived on the spot and asked them to disperse, in view of the fact that the Curfew Order is in force there.

As such, the Committee had to change the venue of their sittings.—United Press.

SIR MIRZA ISMAIL AT VIDURASWATH

VIDURASWATH, May 3.

Sir Mirza Ismail, the Dewan of Mysore, accompanied by Mr. S. P. Rajagopala Chariar, First Member of the Maharaja's Council and the District Magistrate, arrived here on Sunday last to make enquiries into the recent firing incidents.

The Dewan had personal talks with several people who were eye witnesses to the occurrences, including a Madras Government official and a High School teacher, employed in a Municipal School in the Madras Presidency, who were here as pilgrims.

It is understood that most of the persons told the Dewan that the great congregation that was present on the occasion, was peaceful until it was provoked by the lathi charge made by the police. Only then did the crowd attack the police party with stones and other missiles.—United Press.

TWELVE JAILED FOR MONTH

SIDDLAGATTA (Mysore), May 3.

Twelve persons, who disobeyed the Magisterial order by hoisting the National Flag here, have been found guilty and sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 25, or in default to undergo seven days' additional simple imprisonment each.—United Press.

SIR V. RAMESAN FOR BANGALORE

MADRAS, May 3.

Sir Vepa Ramesan, retired Judge of the Madras High Court, who has been appointed to be the Chairman of the official committee by the Mysore Government to enquire into the Viduraswath shooting incident, will it is learnt, leave Madras for Bangalore on Thursday next (5th instant), with a view to commencing the Enquiry as early as possible.—United Press.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word—

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only, and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

European Lady highly educated, no fortune, wishes to correspond with an educated Indian age 40 to 45, with a view to matrimony. Must be vegetarian. Photo necessary. Write Box No. 10189, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted experienced lady advertisement canvassers for a well-established Parsi journal. Write to Box No. 10185, "Bombay Chronicle".

Guardian of India Insurance Company invites applications from respectable Ladies and Gentlemen as probationers in the field service on a monthly salary and commission. Apply Box No. 8457, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Welding and Short-hand Type-writing Instructors also a foundry mistry for an Institution in Bombay. Please apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 10180, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted two Gujarati knowing graduate B.T.'s English Masters with experience preferred able to teach History if necessary, and Lady teacher with special subject English knowledge of Sewing Knitting, Tailoring preferred. Apply before 20th May. Principal R. A. V. High School. Ghatkoper. (10181)

Wanted—By the International Provident Assurance. Ltd., Gauhati, Assam. one well-qualified Accountant, having sufficient knowledge in all the departments of Accounts relating to Insurance business. Starting pay Rs. 50 p.m. for a probationary period of six months only after which it will increase to Rs. 75 p.m. and then to Rs. 250 p.m. by annual increment. The post is pensionable with benefits of Provident Fund, family gratuity and leave privileges, etc., like those of a Government service. Cash security is essential. Further, Chief Agency terms are open to reliable firm or gentlemen having previous experience in Insurance concern, for the unrepresented areas of Bombay, Madras, U. P., Burma and Ceylon on highly lucrative terms. For particulars, please apply to the Company's Head Office at Gauhati, Assam, at once. (10157)

52. TO BE LET.

Blocks to let, fine and airy with compound on Hughes Road for gentlemen of any community. Phone to 24970. (10182)

To let from 1st June 2nd floor five rooms North-West. Nanabhoy Lodge, 568, Hormusjee Adenwalla Road, Dadar. Rent Rs. 90. Apply Dr. Meherbai Kharaghat Petit House, Gowalia Tank. (10162)

71. TO LET (UPCOUNTRY)

To Let Khandala, Bungalow near Railway Station, fully furnished, 4 bed-rooms baths attached, drawing, dining, big veranda, Fine View, reasonable terms. Apply Desai, C/o Hormusjee M. Vakeel and Co., 60, Forbes Street. Tel. No. 20280. (10163)

75. UPCOUNTRY HOUSE WANTED

Karwar—Furnished cottage for 2 weeks for Parsi family wanted. What rent? Box No. 10184 "Bombay Chronicle".

95. PAYING GUESTS

Wanted board and lodging amenities by cultured Hindu bachelor of retiring temperament, cosmopolitan, in a convenient home. Can pay up to Rs. 200 month. Write Box No. 10173, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR DRIVING TUITIONS.

Motor Driving taught perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car, charges moderate. Apply Box 10183, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

The Health Visitors' Institute, Bombay—Lady Students desiring to appear for the Health Visitors' Diploma Examination of the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors' Council should apply not later than 14th May, 1938, to the undersigned. The Course for the Diploma extends over a period of 12 months and will commence from 1st June, 1938. Applicants for training should have completed 6th Std. English, and be midwives registered with the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors' Council. The prospectus of the Institute and the Application Form can be obtained from the undersigned on sending eight annas postage stamps for the same, or in person between 10 and 2 p.m. (S.T.) on week days. K. S. Mhaskar, Hon. Secretary. (8428)

150. SCHOLARSHIPS

Sheth Khimji Dayal Smarak Fund.—Scholarships are to be awarded from the above Fund for Higher Commercial Education. Lohanas will have first preference. Applications should reach before 31st May, 1936, to Honorary Secretary, 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay. (10161)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents salary Rs. 100 plus Rs. 50 travelling allowances to push sales of Hosiery and other useful articles of Ludhiana. Apply for terms to:—Seth S. R. Shamlal & Co., (Regd.) Ludhiana (10121)

336. BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

Tailoring Shop with Stocks and Furniture in best locality is to be sold or leased as Owner cannot attend owing to ill health. Apply Box No. 501, "Bombay Chronicle"

345. COMMERCIAL TRAINING

New Classes in Book-keeping and Accountancy just started. Enrol immediately at Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute, Trafford House, Prescott Road, Fort, Bombay. (10177)

351. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted a reliable syndicate or individual with good references to take up monopoly of sale of country-liquor in shops in Sachin State territory. Terms to be settled by mutual discussion. Apply sharp to the Chief Minister, Sachin State, Dumas. (10188)

Wanted a syndicate or individual to take up the supply of electricity at Dumas the premier health resort on Western coast of India. Palace supply and main roads permanent. Season supply considerable. Correspond immediately with the Chief Minister, Sachin State, Dumas, via Surat. (10188A)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

RATE CIRCULARS.

Two new Rate Circulars viz., Supplement to Foreign Rate Circular No. 2 and Special Rate Circular No. 6 of 1938, have been issued. Particulars may be obtained from the CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER, Bombay, or Stations. (8473)

NOTICE.

The Government properties 'DRUMMORE' and 'TAVISTOCK' on Ridge Road are no longer available for disposal.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Collector of Bombay.

Collector's Office, Bombay.
3rd May, 1938.

NOTICE.

200 shares Nos. 6604646/745 & 6604846/945 of the Indian Copper Corporation Ltd. is registered in the name of Mercantile Bank of India Agency Ltd., Calcutta in the books of the said Company and the certificates of title thereto No. IN 48065 & IN 48067 have been lost.

The Public are hereby cautioned against accepting or dealing with the said certificates.

Application has been made to the Company for the issue of fresh certificates and meanwhile the holder or finder of the lost certificates is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

Name of Holder.
BIRENDRA NATH MALIK.
Address 26/c, Brajanath Dutt Lane, Calcuttta.
(10187)

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

George VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of SHAH LILADHAR PRAGJI alias LILADHAR PRAGJI, of Bombay and Mangrol Jain Hindu Inhabitant, a widower, who resided at the time of his death at Frere Road within the Fort of Bombay .....Deceased.

(1.) SETH HARKISSONDAS RAMJI MADHAVJI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, Shroff, residing at Gokul Nivas, Chowpatty, outside the Fort of Bombay, and (2.) SETH TRIBHOWAN KESHAVJEE, also of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, Merchant, residing at 270, Frere Road, within the Fort of Bombay, two of the surviving executors named in the will of the deceased...Petitioners.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 27th day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight and in the second year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 27th day of April, 1938.
Messrs. N. C. DALAL & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
(8466)

Legal Notices

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 282 of 1936.

MALLU RAJARAM JILKAR of Bombay Telugu Hindu Inhabitant, a Building Contractor, residing at 9th Kamathipura Street, outside the Fort of Bombay ... Plaintiff

vs.

RAJA PRATAPGIR NARSINGIRJI, also of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Mill Owner and Landed Proprietor, residing at Napean Sea Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, at present temporarily residing at Hyderabad (Deccan) outside the Jurisdiction of this Hon'ble Court ..... Defendant.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above suit on the 25th day of March, 1936, it was *inter alia* ordered that the abovenamed Defendant do pay to the Plaintiff abovenamed the sum of Rs. 37,712-15-0 for debt and interest and the sum of Rs. 250 for the costs making together the sum of Rupees thirty-seven thousand nine hundred and sixty-two and annas fifteen and further simple interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon the sum last abovenamed from the date thereof until payment.

AND WHEREAS by a Warrant of Sale, dated the 28th day of January, 1937 and Alias Warrant of Sale dated 28th January, 1938 the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell by Public Auction all the right, title and interest of the Defendant in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned, that is to say.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground plot No. 5 on Dorabshaw Bomanji Dubash's Napean Sea Road Estate originally of Pension and Tax Tenure but now redeemed containing by admeasurement (1358 1/3) one thousand three hundred and fifty-eight and one-third square yards situate, lying at Napean Sea Road, within the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay forming part of a large piece of land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 573 and 104A, New Nos. 2736 and 11317, Old Survey No. 48 and New Survey Nos. 3 and 4/7139 and Cadastral Survey No. 15/593 Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3325 (5) and Street No. 74D Darasha Road off Napean Sea Road and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by Plot No. 4 sold to Sir Jugmohandas Warjiwandas, Knight and now belonging to Muljee Dharamsey, on or towards the West by plot No. 6 hereinafter secondly described, on or towards the North by the proposed Road now called Darabshaw Road and on or towards the South by the property of Bai Shirinbai, wife of Abdulla Hoosein.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of vacant ground or land plot No. 6 on Dorabshaw Bomanji Dubash's Napean Sea Road Estate originally of Pension and Tax Tenure but now redeemed containing by admeasurement (1447 1/3) one thousand four hundred and forty-seven and one-third square yards situate, lying and being at Napean Sea Road, within the registration District and Sub-District of Bombay forming part of a large piece of land registered in the Books of the Collector of land Revenue under Old No. 573 and 104A, New Nos. 2736 and 11317, Old Survey No. 48 and New Survey No. 3 and 3/7139 and Cadastral Survey No. 14/593 Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3325 (6) and Street No. 74E Darasha Road off Napean Sea Road and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by Plot No. 5 hereinbefore firstly described, on or towards the West by the sea, on or towards the North by the proposed Road and on or towards the South partly by the sea shore and partly by the property of Bai Shirinbai wife of Abdoola Hoosein.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on the 10th day of May, 1938, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of sale dated the 2nd day of February, 1938, put up for sale by Public Auction on the Premises to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said defendant in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs, costs of previous and of this execution together with Sheriff's poundage.

The following is a list of the rights, charges and claims to which the said lands and premises are supposed to be liable:—

(1) Claim of Pirmal Chaturbhuj allowed for Rs. 1,90,036/12/3 as on 30th March, 1937.

(2) Claim of Piral Chaturbhuj Baijnath Chaturbhuj and Gangadhar Chaturbhuj allowed for Rs. 48,962/7/3 as on 2nd April, 1937.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendant to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Defendant have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Plaintiff has not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of each lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser; the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in each case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff or at the office of Messrs. Solomon and Co., Plaintiffs' attorneys, Spinner Building, Top Floor, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

Dated this 1st day of April, 1938.

M. I. ROWJEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.
8467.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ABAJI BHASKER of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the under mentioned property together with the right to receive the Fazandari rents from his several under tenants in the said property.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 23, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE

All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground situate, lying and being at Mahtarpakhdi Road, Mazagon, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 51979 square yards or thereabouts according to documents and 51317.84 according to the Rent Rolls in the Collectors Office and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 15, New No. 7848, New Survey No. 1/3695 and 1/3702 and Cadastral Survey No. 302 to 307 1/307, 308 to 311, 315 to 340, 420 to 460, 1/471, 472 to 503 of the Mazagon Division and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East partly by the property of Mr. Manekji Shapurji Vachha and partly by the property of Mr. Baxter and others on or towards the West partly by the property belonging to Rev. Manuel Xavier and others trustees bearing Cadastral Survey No. 462 and partly by the property of Yusufally Ebrahimji and partly by the property of Pestonji Sorabji Batliwalla and another and partly by the property of Mr. Frank Oliveira and others and partly by the property of Ghulamalli Ebrahim and partly by the property of Pestonji Fakirji Sidhwa and Palonji Pestonji Sidhwa, on or towards the North partly by the Rose Cottage Lane and partly by the property belonging to Shamji Morarji and his wife Radhabai and on or towards the South partly by the Mahtarpakhdi Road and partly by the Gun Powder Road and which said premises are occupied by the various undertenants of the Vendor.

Dated this 3rd day of May, 1938.
DIKSHIT MANEKLAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8474)

PRABHAT'S GREAT SOCIAL ACHIEVEMENT

"KUNKU"

From 7th May at

PLAZA

Public Notices

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from persons willing to catch monkeys from the municipal limits of Sikandarabad, U. P. District Bulandshahr. Apply immediately to the undersigned stating terms and conditions by 25th May 1938. Approximate number of monkeys to be caught is about 2,000.

SECRETARY,
M. B. Sikandarabad, U. P.
(8468)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

I. C. No. 19 of 1938.
In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913, and
In the matter of STEYR MOTORS and GENERAL AGENCIES, Ltd.

Messrs. BECHARDAS GOVINDJI & Co. Petitioners.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay was on the 27th day of April, 1938, presented to the Honourable the Vacation Judge by the Petitioners above-named, who are the creditors of the said Company. And that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Hon'ble the Judge taking Company matters on the 17th day of June, 1938; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company, desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

The Hon'ble the Vacation Judge has by an Order, dated 29th April, 1938, appointed Official Liquidator, Bombay to be Provisional Liquidator of the abovenamed Company.

Dated this 3rd day of May 1938.
CAPTAIN & VAIDYA.
Attorneys for the Petitioners.
121, Esplanade Road,
Fort, Bombay.
(8471)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY (BUNGALOWS) AT SANTA CRUZ AND KNOWN AS DEWJI NIVAS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Vakil Dadabhoy and Bharucha, Attorneys for the Owner, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on SUNDAY, the 22nd May, 1938, at 10 a.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of land with bungalows, mali's quarters and a garage, forming a portion of final Plot No. 3 in the Santa Cruz Town Planning Scheme No. 1 at Danda near Bandra, admeasuring about 2902 sq. yards, bearing Thana Collector's Entry No. 408, New Survey No. 49 and bounded on the East by the property of Sakarlal Gangladas, on the West by Ghodbunder Road, leading from Bandra to Andheri, on the North by a public road known as Podar Road and on the South by the property of Bai Dosibai, widow of Ardeshir Khursetji Daruvala.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Vakil Dadabhoy and Bharucha, Solicitors, at No. 24-26, Dalal Street, Cama Building, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

GANDHI & Co.
Govt. Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, by order of Messrs. Shah and Chinubhai, Attorneys for the Pledgees the Trustees of Shree Shanti Nathji Jain Temple of Surat and on account and at the risk of the Pledger, Hasan I. Laliji, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Jewellery on THURSDAY, the 5th May, 1938, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, including:—

1 Necklace set with diamonds.
1 Pair Bracelets set with diamond and emeralds.
1 Pair Diamond Eardrops each of about 2 Ratis, 1 Pair diamond and emeralds Earrings, 1 Pair diamond earrings.

Terms:—25 p.c. deposit.

CHANDRA MOHAN
and
RATNAPRABHA
in
HUNS PICTURES'
'Jwala'
with
ASHALATA
and
VINAYAK
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Hol., 2-15 P.M.
OPERA HOUSE

The Influence of Indian Philosophy on the human mind is clearly portrayed in
CIRCLE PICTURES' MAIDEN PRODUCTION
"THE PERFECT MAN"
or
'NIGAH-E-KAMIL'
Director Mr. Rukesh
Featuring
RUKESH, SEETA, GULAM MAHOMED, HOMI KARANI, GULAM RASUL, LAXMI, and others
SHORTLY COMING
at
MINERVA
TALKIES
Lamington Road. Bombay

From
SATURDAY
Next:
Another
SHALINI
Masterpiece: Another
SCREEN-ART
Achievement:
"DHRUVA KUMAR"
Produced by:
SHALINI CINETONE
Directed by:
K. P. BHAVE
Starring:
PRABHAKAR,
INDIRA WADKER,
Manohar Rohini,
from
SATURDAY
7th May.
at
MAJESTIC
CINEMA: ..... :GIRGAUM

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AROUND THE COURTS

For causing the death of his own child by a rash and negligent act Santan Pereira, residing at Frere Road, was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for four months by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Tuesday.

A verdict of "suicide" was passed by the Bombay Coroner's jury to-day at the inquest on Dawood Jamal (30), who was found dead at Foras Road yesterday.

A person on being accosted by the Police at about midnight last night, began to run into the Shivaji Park, Dadar. Later on he was found crouching near a wall in the Park, and was arrested. Yusuf Rahman is said to be suspected of theft in the new buildings the locality, and was remanded into the custody of the Mahim Police till the 17th instant at the Dadar Police Court to-day.

Grave Charge Against City Advocate

Allegations of dishonestly acquiring title to the sum of Rs. 3,000 through a false indentare and abetting forgery of a valuable security were made against Dattatreya Narayan Deshpande, an advocate of the High Court of Bombay, at the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail on depositing Rs. 2,000 and furnishing one surety for a similar amount.

Arrested On Suspicion

Nagpada Police arrested last night Inoos Burauddin and Tafzalalli Hassanalli who were found loitering in a suspicious manner in the jurisdiction of Nagpada Police Station. They were ordered to be remanded into Police custody till May 17, failing to furnish bail by the Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

Post Master Gets One Day

Mr. S. W. Peters, Postmaster of the Mazagaon Post Office who was arrested on charges of misappropriation and defalcation of money by the Byculla Police was tried by Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, who called for his Pass Book and other confidential records, etc. They all arrived in a confidential cover, and were carefully perused by the Magistrate.

As it contained an untarnished and meritorious record of services and this conviction would end his career, Mr. Oscar Brown was of the opinion that one day's simple imprisonment on each charge to run concurrently was enough.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM APRIL, 1938)

Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6-00	22-10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6-15	23-00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7-40	17-45
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9-00	20-50
Madras Express	10-10	15-00
Poona Mail	10-25	17-30
Punjab Mail	11-15	18-50
Nagpur Express	13-50	21-35
Poona Fast (Pass.)	17-00	11-50
Poona Express	19-24	8-05
Allanabad Express	20-15	7-00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-05
Gujarat Mail	6-45	20-25
Kathiawar Mail	7-25	21-50
Frontier Mail	8-15 (Mon)	21-30 (Sat)
*The Flying Ranee, Bulsar	9-15 (Mon)	15-50 (Sat)
*The Flying Ranee, Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Mondays)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturdays)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-00	22-25
Kathiawar Express	18-15	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-33	9-25

*If Monday is a bank holiday these trains will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr. H.M
Frontier Mail (Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers	8-40

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

LONDON-BOMBAY (JUHU)

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.

Arrivals: Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, at 1 p.m. Delivery: 3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (JUHU)—LONDON

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hour of posting for mails at G. P. O. 8-30 p.m. on Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Sunday. Departures: 10-15 a.m.

DELHI-BOMBAY (JUHU)

Arrivals: Monday and Thursday at 1-55 p.m. Delivery: 3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (JUHU)—DELHI

Latest hour of posting at G. P. O.:—Tuesday and Thursday at 8 p.m.

Departure: Wednesday and Friday 6-30 a.m.

BOMBAY (JUHU)—COLOMBO

Via Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly

Departures: Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday 1-30 p.m.

COLOMBO—BOMBAY (JUHU)

Arrivals: Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Sunday, 9-45 a.m.

BOMBAY (JUHU)—KATHIAWAR

Arrivals: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 11 a.m.

Departures: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, 7-15 a.m.

WHEN THE VERY SIGHT OF FOOD IS NAUSEATING

When you become irritable, or when you suffer from indigestion, your nervous system is in need of a corrective. For disordered nerves are the most frequent cause of these troubles.

PHOSFERINE counteracts nerve strain and therefore is the tonic you require. In fact, PHOSFERINE is the most needed tonic of our time; it is a combination of medically-approved ingredients, each of which plays an important part in revitalizing the nervous system. Ge. a bottle to-day.

PHOSFERINE

THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

Influenza, Lassitude, Brain Fag — Gastric Pains, Debility, Indigestion — Sleeplessness, Exhaustion, Nerve Shock — Rheumatism, Headache, Sciatica — Neuralgia, Maternity Weakness, Anaemia

If your dealer cannot supply you, write to Symonds & Co., Post Box 912, Bombay. Rs. 1/- for No. 1 size; Rs. 2/- for No. 2 size and Rs. 3/- for No. 3 size post free. Liquid or Tablets.

DR. GOPICHAND CONTRADICTS

Punjab Premier's Remarks In Assembly On Federation Issue

LAHORE (By Mail).

Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Leader of the Punjab Assembly Congress Party, has issued the following statement:—

"We have just seen an Associated Press report regarding the proceedings relating to the Congress resolution on Federation in the Punjab Legislative Assembly, which states that, although "there were still 30 minutes left and the Premier called upon the Congress Members to reply to his other points, no other Congress member rose to speak and that the Premier thereupon remarked 'that shows you have no grounds with which to scotch my arguments'."

This is not only a grotesque but an utterly false version and no such remark in this context was ever made, nor were there 30 minutes left as the House had to adjourn at 12-30, but actually did so at 12-45, as remarked upon by the Speaker.

The facts are that Diwan Chaman Lal rose along with Malik Barkat Ali when Ministerial Benches called for closure, but as Malik Barkat Ali had already been called by the Speaker, he was allowed to make his speech. Immediately after Malik Barkat Ali sat down Diwan Chaman Lal rose again, but the Speaker declared that the closure had been moved and that he would put it to the House.

The mover of the resolution relating to Federation, Seth Sudershan stated that he would waive his right to reply in favour of Diwan Chaman Lal. The Premier himself appealed to the Speaker to permit Diwan Chaman Lal to speak, but as closure had been moved, the Speaker put it to the House and declared it carried."

BHILS AND LIQUOR

Yagnik Condemns Excise Policy

(From Our Correspondent)

JITPURA, May 1.

"It is a matter of the deepest shame and regret that our poor district of Panchmahal has been literally poisoned with cheap liquor under the plea of preventing or reducing illegal distillation. The half-clad Bhils inhabiting the eastern talukas as well as the Baraiyas, Nayakadas and others teeming in the fairer regions of Godhra, Kalol and Halol, have become the victims of this disastrous policy. The price of 40-proof liquor bottle has been arbitrarily reduced from Rs. 1-8 to Annas 7 and of a 60-proof liquor bottle from annas 12 to annas 5!

'The gravity of the result can be judged from the fact that about twelve times the normal quantity of liquor issued in a whole year has been recently consumed in five months! I solemnly appeal to our responsible Ministers to reverse their ill-advised policy forthwith and request the M.L.A.'s and all decent persons in this district to inaugurate a vigorous agitation to undo this wrong."

So said Mr. Yagnik in the course of a speech delivered at Sureli in Kalol taluka. Even so, he asked the peasants to abstain from liquor in order to secure their emancipation from the clutches of the all-powerful money-lenders.

Continuing Mr. Yagnik asked why the peasants permitted the merchants to weigh out 42 lbs of ground nuts instead of the legitimate 40 lbs. maund, in flagrant violation of all rules regarding weights and measures. Thus did the kisans suffer a loss of thousands of rupees annually. If only they understood their rights and took the dishonest merchants to the nearest police station or magistrate's courts, they could easily make short work of these nefarious activities and add thousands to the fruits of their labours.

In conclusion Mr. Yagnik explained the new law enacted for giving relief to small holders and urged the peasants not to part with the possession of their lands under the threats of their landlords.

WEDDING AT VILE PARLE.

The St. Francis Church, known as the Cathedral of the Suburbs, was the scene of a pretty wedding on Monday when Mr. Diago Ferreira, of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., Assistant Secretary, the Bombay East Indian Association and Assistant Secretary, The Manori Villagers' Association, led to the altar Miss Idele Juliana Gonsalves, daughter of Mrs. Clara Monica Gonsalves. The Rev. Fr. Raymond Mendes officiated at the ceremony, assisted by Rev. Fr. J. Santos.

In the evening a reception was held at the Bridegroom's residence, Bandra. The bridal toast was raised by Mr. Willie D'Souza, B.A., LL.B., to which the Bridegroom replied in suitable terms.

WHY HILL TRIBES REFUSE EDUCATION

Indictment Of Missionary Activities In Assam

SHILLONG, (By Mail.)

Strong indictment of the Missionary activities among the hill tribes of Assam is contained in the quinquennial review of the progress of Education in Assam during 1932-37 wherein Mr. G. A. Small, Director of Public Instruction, Assam, observes:—

"While acknowledgment must be made of the debt owed to the Missions for their work as pioneers in the field of education, it must also be recognised that the Missions have interested themselves in education solely with the object of Christianising the children.

"During the period under review the American Baptist Mission, the Lutheran Mission, the Roman Catholic Mission, the Santhal Mission of the Northern Churches, the Welsh Mission and the German Education Mission all continued in the field."

Continuing Mr. Small says:

"Portions of some of the hill tribes have refused education because it brought Christianity with it, and it is unfair that they should be deprived of education because they are unwilling to abandon their tribal customs. The attitude of some of the Missions to these customs has been more than narrow-minded. To join in tribal dances, no more harmful than a Maypole dance in England, is forbidden to members of the Church, drinking rice beer means excommunication. A broader outlook and an attempt to retain what is good in the old customs and pride in the national dress and weapons would have made the task of the Missions easier and their religion more popular."

Regarding the policy of the Government in regard to the education of the hill tribes, Mr. Small says:—

"The Government of the past have definitely neglected the hill areas and it is only recently that they have recognised at all their responsibility in the matter. At present the general policy is for Government to take over the responsibility for education from the Missions as early as possible."

Concluding Mr. Small remarks:

"While the increase in the primary classes in the hills is to be welcomed, it is very doubtful whether that in the secondary schools is equally desirable. There is very little chance of employment for Naga and Lushai Matriculates in their own hills, and practically none for them outside. It seems generally agreed that education up to class VIII should be given to the boys in their home hills, and that they should then be given opportunities for training in mechanical pursuits or agriculture, and that facilities for High School and College Education should only be given to the exceptional boys."—United Press

Madras Minister's Advice To Students

CHINGLEPUT, (By Mail.)

"It is the lack of unity and want of understanding of the other man's point of view that are responsible for our dissensions and the present lowly condition, and I feel that the residential college system will have its own contribution to make towards the removal of these great impediments to national regeneration and progress," declared Dr. P. Subbaroyan, Minister for Education, Madras, presiding over the 92nd Anniversary of the Pachiayappa's High School, Conjeevaram.

Continuing the Education Minister said:

The system of education which has been followed for the past hundred years, since the famous Macauly Minute, has been such that to-day we see the unenviable spectacle of unemployed young men struggling for existence and not having the return for the amount of money spent on them by their parents.

But, please, do not misconstrue me as decrying the present system of education wholesale, for you cannot get away from the fact that your knowledge has been enriched by what you have learnt in this or other schools and if you have not been able to get employment, you may still turn yourselves into useful volunteers in the national cause, in the great campaign for the removal of illiteracy.

Referring to the anti-illiteracy campaign, started by Dr. Syed Mahmud, Education Minister of Bihar, Dr. Subbaroyan said: "I hope many of you would have noticed from the newspapers that my colleague in Bihar, the Education Minister, has just inaugurated a mass drive against illiteracy and that he has appealed to the students in schools and colleges to help him in the campaign.

We are not tackling the problem in the same way in this Province, as the Government here have another idea.

In spite of the absence of any announcement from the Government in this behalf, I can say this, that our policy will be the removal of illiteracy within the amount of money available from the Budget.

Concluding, the Education Minister observed:

As I have stated in more than one place, whatever resources are allotted to education must, for the present be devoted to the spread of elementary education because, in spite of our best efforts, it has not been possible to find funds for buildings.—United Press.

For a man aged 30 years an investment of about Rs. 27 per month in

THE LAKSHMI

INSURANCE CO., LTD.

will give him the following benefits:—

In case death takes place before the original date of maturity:

1 Cash Bonus payable immediately at the rate of Rs. 96/ for each year's premium paid subject to present bonuses being maintained

2 **Rs. 50 Per Mensem** to his widow or heir till the original date of maturity.

3 Rs 6,000 on the due date of the policy.

LAKSHMI offers this and many new schemes to suit your circumstances.

For Details please drop a line to:—

THE BRANCH MANAGER

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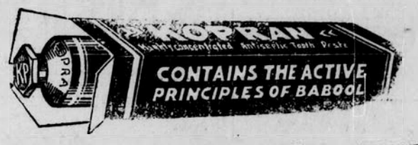
"KOPRAN"

A Quality Tooth-Paste

Weak gums have a little burning sensation with Kopran but just to increase the vitality and resistance of the weak gums Kopran Tooth Paste is manufactured a bit stronger.

Kopran Tooth Paste produces only the necessary amount of foam required to clean the teeth. Foam in large quantities proves very injurious to the gums and teeth in the long run. KOPRAN TOOTH PASTE will overcome all tooth complaints because of its Babool contents.



KOPRAN CHEMICAL CO., BOMBAY.
Props. MAGANBHAI AMIN & CO.

CENTRAL GUJARAT KISAN CONFERENCE

(From Our Correspondent)

JITPURA, May 1.

A meeting of some leading kisan workers was held when Messrs. Chemanlal Presswala and Somalal Sirohia of Godhra and Messrs. Kantilal and Jivanlal Desai of Kalol were co-opted as members of the West Panch Mahals Kisan Sabha.

It was further resolved to hold a central Gujarat Kisan Conference at some suitable station, as can be attended by kisans of Godhra, Halol, Thasra, Savali, Vaghodia, Pandu Mereas and other adjoining talukas situated in this area. The names of Swami Sahajanand Saraswati and Mr. K. F. Nariman are mentioned for the presidentship of this Conference that is to be held in the last week of May.

Maharashtra Sangeet Vidyalaya

(From A Correspondent)

The annual social gathering of the Vidyalaya was held on the 30th April at Vidyalaya Hall, Gokhale Building opposite Majestic Cinema.

Variety entertainment programme was arranged from 9 to 10 a.m. and in the evening from 4 to 7 p.m., when guardians of the pupils and invited guests were present, and the Hall was packed to its capacity.

Some impressive items of the programme were dance by small tiddies, classic music by Mrs. Shashikale Manjeshwar and Miss Sumati Trilokekar. And finally the most outstanding item was Orchestra by the pupils of the Vidyalaya.

3RD WEEK
KANHOPATRA
PLAZA
Daily: 5, 7-45 & 10-30 p.m.

The BROADWAY
Kingsway; Khodadad Circle; DADAR
FOR THREE DAYS
from WEDNESDAY to FRIDAY at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
The battle of the sea-dogs for the love of a dame.....?
VICTOR McLAGLEN
PRESTON FOSTER
IDA LUPINO
"SEA DEVILS"
NEXT SATURDAY:
"SOULS AT SEA"
A Paramount Picture

MINERVA
Talkies Lamington Road
Indian Screen's First Record Maker:
"CHANDIDAS"
NEW THEATRES'
greatest art creation with
SAIGAL, UMASHASHI
Daily: 5-30, 8, 10-30 P.M.

-4th WEEK-
DURGA KHOTE
In
Soungadi
—MARATHI—
★ MUBARAK
★ NAYAMPALLY
★ VIMLA
A NATRAJ PICTURE
—Daily—
MAJESTIC

DAILY AT 5, 7-45 & 10-45
WADIA'S
LUTAROO LALNA
ALSO
HARIPURA CONGRESS TOPICAL
SEE
NADIA
IN THE BEST THRILL OF HER LIFE
EDWARD & LAMINGTON

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay I & II Programmes

VUB 244 metres, 1,231 kc|s. Also 31.4 metres, 9,565 kc|s, for transmission I and 90.8 metres, 3,305 kc|s. for Transmission II.
A.M.
11-30 Recorded Indian music.
P.M.
1-0 Market rates, announcements. 1-10 Recorded European music. 5-30 For women only. 6-0 Allahbandi Jaipurwali. 6-30 To Bhumijan. 7-30 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 7-40 Baburao Ketkar of Poona. 8-30 Commercial news. 8-45 Allahbandi Jaipurwali. 9-0 News (Hindustani). 9-15 H. Khan Mastana. 9-30 News. 9-45 Relationships. 9-45 Any servant to any mistress. Talk by Sarla Banerjee. 10-0 Walter Kaufmann: Pianoforte recital. A programme of players' own compositions. 10-0 Violin and piano recital. 10-35 Egidio Verga: "Cello recital.

Delhi—I Programme

VUD 340 metres, 886 kc|s
TRANSMISSION I.
A.M.
7-0 Shabnam: Dewdrops. 7-10 The solemn mood. 7-40 Instrumental interlude. 7-50 Heartaches. News. 8-40 In English 8-50 In Hindustani.
TRANSMISSION II
Noon
12-0 For women only.
P.M.
12-30 Recorded music. 1-0 Music of diverse nations.
TRANSMISSION III
P.M.
6-0 Affinities. 6-25 Light variety. 7-0 Instrumental trio. 7-10 Musical miscellany. 7-30 For villagers only. 8-15 Ifa-i-Wada. 8-25 A pleasant mixture. 8-45 Mohammad Sarvar. News, weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-36 In English. 9-45 Great instrumentalists. 10-0 A short causerie on great musicians. 10-15 Great instrumentalists (contd.) 10-55 News.

Delhi—II Programme

TRANSMISSION I & II
31.3 metres, 9,575 kc|s
Programme as in Delhi I
TRANSMISSION III
60 metres, 4.905 kc|s
P.M.
6-0 to 7-30 Programme as in Delhi I. 7-30 Cocktail time. 8-0 Khayal Kamode. 8-10 BBC Empire Orchestra. 8-45 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-45 Two ghazals. 10-0 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 Vocal variety. 10-55 News.

10 p.m. To-Morrow
Grand Gala Opening Of
Gopal Krishna
"THE PRABHAT TOUCH TO SHI KRISHNA"
Directed by:
V. DAMLE,
S. FATEHLAL
Starring:
SHANTA APTE
Ram Marathey, Parashram, Shanker.
To-Morrow
10 p.m.
AT
CENTRAL
Cinema Girgaum

Lucknow Programme

VUW 294 metres, 1,022 kc|s
P.M.
6-30 Tara Rani. 6-55 Lucknow orchestra. 7-5 Mumtaz Khan. 7-30 Yusuf Ali. 7-40 Tara Rani. 8-0 Mumtaz Khan. 8-20 Radio artiste. 8-30 Khuda Hafiz. 9-0 Mrs. V. Lale. News, weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Mrs. V. Lale. 10-5 Mumtaz Khan. 10-25 Mrs. V. Lale. 10-40 Tara Rani.

Lahore Programme

VUL 276 metres, 1,086 kc|s.
P.M.
6-0 Classical music. 6-25 Siraj Ahmad. 6-30 Light music. 6-45 K. Ashghari Begam. 7-0 For countryside. 7-30 Light music. 7-50 Badr-un-Nisa of Santokhgarh. 8-15 Famous characters in Urdu. Literature Ibn-ul-Waqt. Talk in Hindustani by Abid Ali Abid. 8-30 K. Asghari Begam. 8-45 Music lesson. Sur Vidya by Gayak. 9-0 Classical music. News, weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Back home. Talk by Iqbal Singh. 10-0 Religious music. 10-15 K. Asghari Begam. 10-25 Ahmad Husain. 10-30 Light music. 10-45 Badr-un-Nisa of Santokhgarh.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc|s
P.M.
5-30 Announcements in Hindustani. 5-40 Lal Mohd. 6-0 Hour with villagers. 7-0 Hakimanbai: Naat. 7-20 Interlude of instrumental music. 7-25 Zeenat Begam. 7-45 Jamla Masjid. Talk in Hindustani by M. I. K. Ghaznavi. 8-0 Hakimanbai: Naat. 8-20 Qadir, Ummat. 8-25 Zeenat Begam. 8-45 Khyber Radio Orchestra. Rasiya. 8-55 Lal Mohd. News, weather report. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Hakimanbai. 9-52 Zeenat Begam. 10-0 Programme of recorded music.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370,4, 810 kc|s, and 49,1m., 6,100 kc|s. (Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time)
P.M.
12-36 Memories Weather. 1-36 Recorded programme. 2-6 State, mother and child. Talk in Bengali by Meera Dutt Gupta. 2-21 Panchalir Asar. 5-6 For Countryside. 5-36 Shiuli Sarkar. 5-51 Nitai Ghatak. 6-6 Satyen Ghosal. 6-21 The Jantri Sangha. 6-36 Sonar Harin. 7-21 Beware of germs. Talk in Bengali by a Doctor. 8-6 News, weather (Bengali). 8-21 Anath Nath Bose. Khayal. 8-41 Renuka Roy. 9-1 Commercial news, weather. 9-6 News. 9-21 By the way. 9-36 Calling our listeners. By Station Director. 9-51 Wayside war.

B. B. C. Programme

GSJ (to 9-0 p.m.) 21.53 Mc|s (13, 93m.) GSH 21.47 Mc|s (13.96m.) GSG 17.79 Mc|s (16.86m.) GSO (to 8,30 p.m.) 15.18 Mc|s (19,76m.) GSF 15,14 Mc|s (19.82m.) GSD (from 9-15 p.m.) 11-75 Mc|s (25.53m.)
P.M.
7-27 Announcements. 7-30 Irish dance music. 7-40 Chester cup. 7-55 Six days' cycle race. 8-10 BBC Empire Orchestra. 8-15 Take your choice. 9-30 News 9-50 Let's go to theatre. 10-10 World affairs. Talk by H. Wickham Steed.

Matunga Premier School

(From A Correspondent)
A drama named "Kirti-Stambha" was staged by Shri Deshi Natak Samaj at Princess Theatre, Kalbadevi, in aid of the Matunga Premier School, on Monday night.
In the middle of the drama, the gathering of the School was held. It was presided over by Dr. Poonsey H. Meisheri, Mr. N. V. Desai, the Principal of the School read the report of the School. He said that though the School was started only ten months back, there were at present 400 children. Special instruction in Ras, Garba, sewing, knitting, Vyayam and drill was given There were classes, at present, from Montessori upto English Standard Third. English Standards Fourth and Fifth were to be opened from June next.
Then Mr. B. N. Maheswari appealed the Gujarati-speaking public of Matunga to help the institution
Then Mr. C. D. Vyas of "Bombay Samachar" said that Matunga was badly in need of such a school and this institution had supplied the long-felt need of the progressing suburb like Matunga.
Dr. Meisheri said that this institution, if fully co-operated by the people of Matunga will surely become an ideal High School.

B. A. A. C.'s Cycling Race

Good Entries Expected

The Bombay Amateur Athletic Club is organising its 6th Annual Open 15 Miles Cycling Race for the B. A. A. C. Challenge Cup on Sunday next, starting from the Pandey Sanatorium, Colaba, at 6 a.m.
The route fixed for the Race starts from the Pandey Sanatorium, pass Wodehouse Road, Wodehouse Bridge, Queen's Road, Opera House, Sandhurst Bridge, along Hughes Road, Kemp's Corner, down the Battery, Hornby Vellard upto Worli and back the same way finishing opposite the Esplanade Band Stand.
The One-Way Traffic Regulations at the Churchgate Station, and the Royal Opera House shall be observed.
The Entry Fee for this competition is Rs. 2 for non-members and Re. 1 for the members of the Club. Entries may be sent in to the Hon. Gen. Secretary, the B. A. A. C., Wilson Building, Vincent Road, Dadar, between 6 and 8 p.m., before Friday, the 6th instant, and further particulars, if required can also be obtained from the Club.

A Walking Race

Another event:—The 6th Annual Open 5 Mile Walking Race for the B. A. A. C. Challenge Cup will be held on Saturday, May 14, at 4-30 p.m.
The route fixed for this Race will be 4-1/2 rounds around the Oval starting from near the Prince of Wales Statue, and finishing on the opposite side of the Oval. Entries for this Race is Rs. 2 for non-members and Re. 1 for the members of the Club, and they may be sent in to the Hon. Gen. Secretary of the Club, before Thursday, the 12th instant.
LIKELY PARTICIPANTS.
In the cycle race Malcolm, Gerard, Bastani, Amin, have it seems already sent in their entries in the former two are expected to fight out the issue of the Challenge Cup which is at present held by Bastani.
Gerard has been showing remarkable improvement of late, and he is the most fancied, not overlooking the Chances of Malcolm who has held the Cup for three years in succession and Bastani who is the present holder. Amin also has been showing steady improvement, and is a likely contender for the Title.
Amin won two of the three events on grass track during the last Olympic Games, and was Bombay's representative along with Malcolm, Havewala and R. J. Mistry for the last All-India Olympic Games held in Calcutta.
Newlands of the City Police and W. Turner, Nariman, Guard and many others are also expected to enter. Altogether, this Race promises to be one of the most interesting races, which will be seen in Bombay.
In the Walking Race. Michael and Saul, the two walkers who have come into the forefront are expected to fight out the issue with the contingent of Walkers that will be sent in by the Canara Athletic Club. The Club's own walkers, Nair and Master are standing down, in favour of junior competitors. Kurup, Jungalwala and Kutar are also the likely entrants for this Race.

W. I. F. A. Notes

Nadkarni Cup Tournament.
The Nadkarni Cup Tournament is running smoothly and many good games are to be witnessed every evening at the Cooperage. Nine teams are left in the Tournament, fighting for final honours.
Entries are coming in fast for the Second Division of the Harwood League, and football enthusiasts may look forward to a record soccer season.
Civilian Clubs are already practising seriously, and the Cheshires last year's League champion, will have a difficult task to repeat their previous performance.
Second Division football is improving rapidly, as the high standard of the games and exceptional keenness of the players to prove.
It is announced that the First Division of the Harwood League will commence on the Cooperage on the 21st May, and the Second Division, which will be played on the grounds of the G.I.P. Railway and St. Xavier's at Parel, will commence on the 16th May, with the opening match at St. Xavier's Ground.
Rugby Tournament.
The Bombay Gymkhana Tournament will run from September 15th to September 25th.

SUBBAROYAN AS PRESIDENT FOR HOCKEY FEDERATION

Plan For Indian Hockey Team's Visit To Palestine

MADRAS, May 3.
It was decided to propose the Hon. Dr. P. Subbaroyan's name for the presidentship of the Indian Hockey Federation, in the place of Sir M. Zafrullah Khan who had declined the offer) at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Madras Hockey Association.
For the Managership of the Indian Hockey Team for the Western Asiatic Games at Palestine, the name of Mr. A. P. Naidu, Secretary of the Madras Hockey Association will be recommended.
The meeting further decided to hold an exhibition match against the Manavadar State Hockey Team on May 11. The Secretary of the I.H.F. and Prof. Jagannath, Manager of the team had both written to the local Association proposing their conditions for the match. The I.H.F. wanted the fourth of the profits to go to the funds of the touring team while Prof. Jagannath requested that fifty per cent should be given to the team and the rest to the I.H.F. The Madras Hockey Association decided to give the tourists and the I.H.F. each 30 per cent keeping the rest for themselves.
Permission to the Aligarh Muslim University to take out a team abroad provided all the arrangements made conformed to the rules of the I.H.F. was also given.
The Secretary of the local Association Mr. A. P. Naidu will represent it at the meeting of the I.H.F. to be held at Delhi from May 8th.—A.P.

'May Day' In Sholapur

(From A Correspondent.)
SHOLAPUR, (By Mail.)
Under the auspices of the Sholapur Lal Bawta Girni Kamgar Union, G. I. P. Rly. Workers' Union, and the Bidi Workers Union, the May Day was enthusiastically observed by the workers of Sholapur.
Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, the member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly for the Sholapur workers' constituency, and Mr. L. K. Oak, the General Secretary of the B. B. and C. I. Railwaymen's Union, had specially come here for the occasion.
A meeting was held at the Cattle Market where Messrs G. D. Sane, the president of the L.B.G.K.U., Sholapur, and Vittal rao Phalmari, the president of the Sholapur Bidi Workers' Union, made short speeches.

Mangs Organise

(From A Correspondent)
A meeting of the Mang or Matang community was held at Parel, Bombay, on Sunday and a resolution requesting the Government to remove the name of the Mang community from the criminal tribes list was passed.
It was also resolved that a deputation should wait upon the Premier and the Home Minister for the same purpose.
A society called "the Matang Samaja Sahayyakari Manda, Bombay" was established. The following persons made the contribution to the society:—
Messrs. B. L. Babar Rs. 51 S. T. Sonavane Rs. 25, K. B. Awale Rs. 15, J. J. Awale Rs. 15, Jaibai Waikar Rs. 10, and S. B. Babar Rs. 5.
Mr. L. B. Bhingardene, was in the Chair.

HUNT FOR VOLUNTEERS FOR SHAHIDGUNJ

LAHORE, May 3.
In persuance of the decision of its Central Executive Committee of the Majlis-i-Ittihad-i-Millat to continue the Civil Disobedience in connection with Shahidgunj, a Muslim, aged about 80 years, wearing a blue shirt, appeared this evening in front of the main gate of the Gurdwara Shahidgunj and began to say "Azan" (call to prayers).
Policemen posted at the Gurdwara at once took him into custody.
With a view to strengthening the movement, the workers of the Ittihad-i-Millat are proceeding to different places to enlist volunteers for carrying on the agitation.—A.P.

NO DANGER FROM SUN SPOTS

CALCUTTA, May 3.
The Calcutta scientists do not attach any importance to the theory advanced from Allahabad that "the province will go through an unprecedented period of drought and blazing heat, as it has come directly under the influence of radiation from the black spots on the Sun's surface."
The sun spots—if they have any effect at all on the terrestrial temperature—have the effect of lowering, and not enhancing the temperature of air at the surface of the earth. This has been proved by a long series of observations extending over more than hundred years. The effect is small and it is not easy to separate it from the much greater variations of temperature which happen from year to year due to other causes.—United Press.

Bombay Kannada Sangha, Matunga

(From A Correspondent)
It is now just over a year that the above organization had its first anniversary, and its second anniversary will be celebrated shortly.
The Sangha's activities have received a fresh stimulus by the promised active co-operation of the Principal of the Vani Vihar Vidyalaya, Matunga, Nyaya Vedanta Vidwan Gopalacharya Mahahuli, M.A. He has already inaugurated the devotional side of the Sangha's activities, namely Bhajana.
Last Saturday he visited the Sangha with all his students and friends and participated in the Bhajan. After a few songs in Kannada had been recited, Mr. Gopalachar explained to those present the significance of Bhajana.

"L'Acheron" and "Fresnel", two French submarines, have arrived in Pondicherry from the French Indo-China "en route" to Marseilles. The two submarines are on a world tour, especially to the French Colonies overseas. Each carries a crew of 35 including the officers of the sumbarines.

SUGAR MILL WORKERS' DEMANDS

Committee For Propaganda Formed

GORAKHPUR: May 2.
The All-India Sugar Workers' Conference concluded its session here yesterday.
The most important resolution that was passed at the Conference was regarding the formation of a Sugar Mill Workers' Union. A representative Committee was set up to conduct propaganda and organisation activity in this behalf. The Committee consists of:—
Dr. Bishwa Nath Mukherjee (President).
Mr. Bishwa Nath Roy (Secretary) and
Mr. Parma Nand of Bihar, Dewan Chaman Lal and Mr. Azad of the Punjab, Mr. V. Raghavayya of Madras, Dr. M.R. Shetty of Bombay, Mr. Sib Nath Pathak of Bengal, Messrs. Bhupendra Nath Sanyal and Vishnu Saran Deblish of the United Provinces and several others as members.
The Conference formulated grievances of the sugar mill workers and cane-growers and put forth demands for which the Union will fight
The Sugar Workers' Conference which completed its deliberations yesterday, later turned itself into a "May Day" demonstration.
Mrs. Ellen Roy, Mr. Bhupendra Nath Sanyal and others also spoke on the significance of the "May Day."

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A few days' application of this medicine cures white leprosy and leucoderma radically. Get rid of these horrible diseases by application of this medicine in spite of failure by hundreds of Hakims, Doctors, Kavirajes and advertisers. Rs. 500 rewarded if proved fallible. Price Rs 2
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AN EMOTIONAL PICTURE THAT MOVES THE SOFTEST CHORDS OF YOUR HEART
BOMBAY TALKIES' MASTERPIECE
NIRMALA
Starring:
DEVIKA RANI
WITH
ASHOK KUMAR
in the Greatest Role of her great career.
Supporting Cast
MAYA DEVI, SAROJ BARKAR, KAMTAPRASAD, MUMTAZ-ALI, GULBADAN, P. F. PITHAWALA, M. NAZIR, PRATIMA, NAZEER BEDI, MIRA, ETC., ETC.
3RD WEEK
3 SHOWS 5-15, 8 & 10-30
ROXY TALKIES

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishak Sud 5, 1994
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 3, 1937
Parsi: Adar 1, 1307
Hightide: 2-20; 15-18
Lowtide: 8-23; 21-20
Sunrise: 6h. 10m.
Sunset: 7h. 2m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m

Friday, May 6.

Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European Association, Bombay Provincial Branch, Annual General Meeting at the Town Hall at 9 p.m.

Saturday, May 7.

S. S. Strathaird with London mails sails at 1 p.m.
Results of B.Sc. Examination, Bombay University, 2 p.m.

TRAVANCORE ASSOCIATION

The Elephanta party will embark at Ferry Wharf, Alexandra Docks, at 8-30 a.m. on Sunday the 8th instant.

AIR SERVICES TO KATHIAWAR

The scheduled plane left on Tuesday morning at 7-15 a.m. and came back the same day to schedule at 11 a.m. with Kathiawar passengers.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS.

A Question and Answer meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building opposite Flora Fountain.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ

Sree Sankara Jayanti will be celebrated to-day (Wednesday) in the Asthika Samaj Hall. The programme includes Mahanyasam and Rudrabhishekam in the morning, and Kramarchana, Bhajan, Music and Divyanama Sankirthanam at night.

GIRGAUM CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

An ordinary meeting of the Managing Council of the Girgaum District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-45 p.m. (S.T.), at the Committee's Office, Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road.

AMUSEMENT OF THE DAY

BRODAWAY:—"Sea Devils" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Danger Patrol" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Kunku" Daily at 3 and 6 p.m.
EROS—"She Married An Artist" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Sailing Along" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Daughter of Himalayas" Daily at 3 and 5-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Dick Tracy" Time as usual
LAMINGTON—"Lutaroo Laina" Daily at 2-30 and 5-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Soungadi" Time as usual.
MINERVA—"Chandidas" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-5 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Jwala" Daily at 2-15 and 5-15 p.m.
PLAZA—"Kanhopatra" Time as usual.
PATHE—"Fit for a King" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Slight Case of Murder." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Nirmala" To-day 5-30, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

Under the auspices of the above Union a public meeting to mourn the loss of Dr. Sir Mohamed Iqbal will be held to-morrow (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. in the hall of the Anjumane-Islam School. Sjt. S. A. Brelvi will preside.

A CORRECTION

In regard to the report of the Bombay Assembly proceedings appearing in the City Edition of the "Bombay Chronicle" of May 3, it was inadvertently omitted that Sir Siddappa Kambli spoke during the discussion on the Primary Education Bill Sir Siddappa refuted charges of nepotism and corruption during his regime.

DADABHAI NAOROJI MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION

The adjourned annual meeting and special meeting of the Dadabhai Naoroji Memorial Association will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) and 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) respectively at the office of the Vulcan Insurance Company, Ltd., Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, when members are requested to be present.

BOMBAY HUMANITARIAN LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the above League there will be a public lecture with the help of magic lantern slides to-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. in Damodar Hall, Parel. Prof. Tarachand D. Graja, Sjt. G. S. Pohekar, and Sjt. N. V. Bhure, will speak on "Prohibition and Food Reform."

FOUND

The Secretary of the Gaudiya Math, Bombay, writes:—"An inmate of a Math has found a purse containing money and a rent receipt in the name of Sheikh Adamji Mulla Ibrahimji from the Chowpatti in the first week of March last. The owner is requested to take the purse from the Gaudiya Math, Kalyandas Building, Gowalia Tank."

POSTAL NOTICE.

Regd. and unregd. Packet Mails only (i.e. other than letters and postcards) for Straits Settlements and all Mails for Hongkong and Shanghai Via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 5th instant.
Regd and unregd. Mails for Colombo and Australia per s.s. "Comorin" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Friday the 6th instant.

PROTEST MEETING IN "G WARD.

Under the auspices of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-morow (Thursday) at 9 p.m. in the Vanmali Hall, Dadar, to protest against the firing upon the peaceful crowd in the village of Viduraswatham in Mysore State Sjt. Sunderdas Morarji, D. S. Babrekar and I. S. Patil will speak.
Sjt. G. V. Kapadia will preside.

PROTEST AGAINST NEW TODDY SHOP.

The Joint Hon. Secretary "F" Ward District Congress Committee writes:—Under the auspices of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-morrow (Thursday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) on the open maidan near Laxmi Narayan Mandir, Bhoiwada, Parel, to protest against the opening of new Toddy shop in the house of Mr. Hargovinddas, belonging to Jiwandas Wadi at Jerbai Wadia Road, Parel, Mr. Jhinabhai P. Joshi, (M.L.A.) will preside and other prominent workers and leaders will speak.

OUR LATEST PUBLICATION

THE NATURE OF SELF

By A. C. Mukerji, M.A., Reader in Philosophy, Allahabad University.

Pp. xii + 349, Price Rs. 5/-

The present book is specially designed for showing how some of the difficult tangles of modern thought pertaining to the problem of self may be successfully resolved with the help of the Indian discussions on the subject; and this exhibits incidentally the astonishingly parallel lines on which philosophy has developed in India and the West. The work is sure to be a landmark in the annals of comparative philosophy, and it will dissipate some of the incorrect notions which still prevail about the philosophical position of Sankara.

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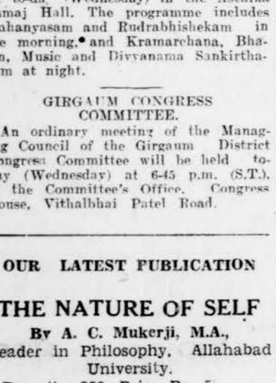

THE CAPITOL

From NEXT SATURDAY:—
Daily at: 6-30 and 10 P.M.

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New Sensations! Laughs!! New Melodies!!!

Labour Protest Against Bombay City Police Act Amendment

The Hon. Secretary, Bombay Provincial Committee, National Trades Union Federation, writes:

The following resolution was passed at a meeting of the Bombay Provincial Committee of the National Trades Union Federation held on Sunday last under the presidentship of Mr. N. M. Joshi:

This Committee protests against the Bombay City Police Act Amendment Bill, recently passed by the Bombay Assembly, widening the powers given to the Police Commissioner to deport and control the activities and movements of citizens without sufficient safeguards regarding the definition of persons to be deported and controlled and regarding the powers of the Court to enquire into the validity or otherwise of the orders of the Police Commissioner.

The Committee has also appointed a sub-committee consisting of Messrs. Jamnadas M. Mehta, R.R. Bakhale, S.C. Joshi, Dinker Desai, L.S. Tikekar and N.N. Menon to draft the Committee's views on the Shop Employees' Bill and the Money-Lenders' Bill and submit them to the Committee before the end of May.

It was also decided to give a fitting "send off" to Mr. S. V. Parulekar, Workers' Delegate, and Mr. Guruswamy, Adviser, to the International Labour Conference at Geneva.

Bombay Handwork Education Society's Exhibition

(From A Correspondent)

The third Exhibition of the Classes conducted by the above Society was opened by Dr. Burley, Principal of the V. J. Technical Institute at the Municipal Girgaon School in the afternoon of 30th April.

Prof. V. G. Rao, President of the Society, acquainted the invited guests with the objects and the work of the Society, in the field of vocational education.

The President of the function, Dr. Burley, then addressed the gathering and formally declared the Exhibition open.

The Exhibition is open for the public, free of any charge, from 1st May to 7th May in the morning and evening hours.

POINSUR DRAMATIC CLUB'S VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

(From A Correspondent)

Poinsur Dramatic Club staged their fourth annual Variety Entertainment yesterday in Our Lady of Remedy Church compound. The Marathi farce "Maji Wow tis Maji Sasoo" and an English sketch "Saudy and Bosambo in Africa" were full of fun and were thoroughly enjoyed by an audience of about 400 people from all casts and creed.

Mr. J. B. C. Noronha, the President, North Salsette Taluk Local Board presided.

CRICKET AT KALYAN.

(From Our Correspondent)

Kalyan, May 2

The final round of the Muljibhai Khrisnaram Joshi Cricket Tournament of Kalyan was played on April 24 and May 1 between the Young Stars Cricket Club and the Young Friends' Cricket Club of Kalyan on the ground of the G. I. P. Railway Kalyan Indian Institute, the latter defeating the former by seven wickets.

The following are the scores:—

The Young Stars Cricket Club in the first innings made a total of 64.

In the second innings it scored 76.

The Young Friends' Cricket Club in the first innings returned with 72 and in the second innings with 69 for three wickets. The rest did not bat.

HUMANITARIAN LEAGUE PRIZES.

The names of winners of the Bombay Humanitarian League All-India Prize Essay Competition (Scheme No. 117) run for matric students of High schools of Bombay Presidency are as under:—

Mr. Framroze H. Daruvalla of Sir J. J English School, Surat 1st Rs. 40; Mr. Madhav G. Uplekar of Mudholji High School, Phalton 2nd Rs. 25; Mr. Kishino T. Mirchandani of Sakri High School Hirabad, Hyderabad 3rd Rs. 15; Mr. Somasekharaya F. Hiremath of Lamington High School, Hubli 4th Rs. 10; Mr. Balakrishna N. Rajhansa of N. M. V. High School, Poona 5th Rs. 5; Mr. Jashbhai C. Patel of Government High School, Nadia 6th Rs. 5; Miss Malini V. Vijayaker of S. L. O. S. Society Girls' High School, Bombay Special prize Rs. 5; Miss Dinavaz M. Tarapore of J. B. Vachha High School, Bombay Special prize Rs. 5.

CERTIFICATE OF MERITS.

Mr. Vasantlal S. Jhaveri of G. T. High School 1st certificate of merit; Mr. Shripad R. Joshi of N. M. V. High, School, Poona 2nd certificate of merit; Mr. Kamlakar G. Pradhan of K. E. I Industrial High School, Alibag 3rd certificate of merit; Mr. Vasant T. Bhavani of S. S. League's High School, Karachi 4th certificate of merit; Mr. Harihar V. Joglekar, of N. M. V. High School, Poona 5th certificate of merit; Mr. Achuyut Anant Gokhale of K. E. S. Industrial High School, Alibag 6th certificate of merit; Miss Shanta D. Marathe of St. Columbia High School for Girls' Bombay 7th certificate of merit; Mr. Vasant S. Kulkarni of Shahji High School, Akalkot 8th 1st certificate of merit; Mr. Dara Keki Karbhari of N. M. Wadia High School, Nargol 9th certificate of merit; Mr. Madhusuddan H. Mandavalla of Ramdas Hindu High School, Bombay 10th certificate of merit.

Dr. P. G. Solanki has been elected Chairman of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee.

Allegations Against Sub-Inspector And Constables

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

Grave allegations against some police constables and a Sub-Inspector attached to Dongri Police were made to-day by a Bhayya, while giving evidence in an inquest held on the body of one Satnarayan, a Bhayya, alleged to have been beaten to death by the Police.

He said that on April 21, at about 9-30 p.m. when the deceased was taking his food, some constables along with a Sub-Inspector suddenly dropped in the room, which they were occupying. He was so much frightened at the unexpected entrance of the Police that he immediately ran away to the water tap, where he remained for about ten minutes.

Proceeding he said that afterwards when he returned, he found the deceased lying on the floor. In the meantime, he said, other Bhayyas had also collected there.

After an hour and a half, the Bhayya expired.

The inquest has been adjourned till to-morrow.

Kashmir Cycle Tourist In Bombay

Mr. Laichand Dhawan from Kashmir, who is on a cycle tour through India collecting information about Industrial Concerns with a view to study the conditions of industries in the various provinces of India, has arrived in Bombay.

He has just finished his Northern Indian tour and would be proceeding to the South.

So far he has completed six-months on wheels.

WALK-OUT IN CIVIC MEETING

KANKANAHALLI (Mysore), May 3.

The Congress members of the Kankanahalli Municipal Council walked out from the House to-day, when the Vice-President of the Council (who presided over the meeting in the absence of the President) disallowed the motion of Mr. K. C. Thimmappa Reddi, seeking leave for adjournment of the House for five minutes in order to express the sympathy of the Council with the victims of the Viduraswath firing and to condemn the police action in this connection.—United Press.

11 TERRORISTS TO BE RELEASED

CALCUTTA, May 3.

Despite the contradiction issued by a certain news agency, the "United Press" confirms its news item sent a few days back from Darjeeling to the effect that orders for the release of 11 out of the 21 terrorist prisoners—whose terms of imprisonment are due to expire in the course of the next six months—have been passed.

In pursuance of this order, five terrorist prisoners, who were released during the last two or three days, have reached Calcutta.—United Press.

MAHATMA'S VISIT TO KHYBER PASS.

PESHAWAR, May 3.

Gandhiji's visit to the Khyber Pass was suddenly postponed this morning till some other day, because he requires sufficient rest to recover from the strain of 1,500 miles railway journey from Bombay to Peshawar.

Gandhiji is, however, expected to grant interview to a number of people to-day.

It is learnt that when Gandhiji started for the Frontier, it was feared that the weather here might prove too hot for him. There is no cause for such apprehension as the weather here is moderately sultry.—United Press.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

The Juhu season is now in right earnest. Every day can be seen crowds of promenaders having a gay time on the beach. Specially during the week-ends the crowds swell to such an extent that the whole beach looks like a sea of moving heads.

That the popularity of Juhu has increased a hundred-fold will not be denied—cottages, bungalows, tin-sheds, huts and tents have now sprung up in large numbers.

Juhu once could be called a paradise and was a place noted for solitary rest after the din and noise of our city, but to-day there seems very little solitude to be found! The blast of the Gramophone, Radio and other musical instruments has also made its appearance with the crowds.

Like Chowpatty, Juhu too, has its showmen, the snake charmer attracts crowds, while the intelligent cow is quite a craze, attracting crowds around it.

Sea-bathing is the fun of the beach and both young and old are seen having a daily dip. This I think is one of the grandest sport one could indulge in, but it too, has its grave danger. Quite a number of bathers are noticed to venture in the deep, which is not always advisable.

The Bandra Bus Service deserves to be congratulated for the prompt bus service run from Santa-Cruz Railway Station to Juhu, and I would suggest that a few more buses be run on week-ends.

In the court of the First Class Magistrate, Bandra, Dr. John Dyer and Mrs. John Dyer were tried on the charge of assaulting their nephew, Mr. Joseph Anthony Allams, of Bandra.

It appears that Mr. Allams went to Juhu on March 19 last, to see his mother in connection with the money required for his children's fees, when he was reported to have been assaulted by Dr. Dyer, who, it was alleged, was instigated by Mrs. Dyer.

The First Class Magistrate in giving judgment said: "On hearing the evidence for the complainant and on reading the statements of the accused I find that the complainant and his mother are not on good terms with each other.

"On March 19 he had gone with his children to Juhu to prevail upon his mother to give him money and there, it seems, was some unpleasant incident and in that Dr. Dyer caught the throat of Mr. Allams. As against this Dr. Dyer states in his written statement that he did not catch Mr. Allams' throat, but that he caught his own throat and making that gesture intimated to the complainant that he would treat him like that.

"I do not think this is probable and, therefore, Dr. Dyer is found guilty of the offence and he should be warned under Sec. 562-A, C. P. Code. There is no evidence against Mrs. Dyer, I, therefore, acquit her."

Mr. Pandurang Patel appeared for Mr. Allams, while Mr. Frank Olivera defended Dr. and Mrs. John Dyer.

PROBLEMS BEFORE KOLABA CONFERENCE

Non-payment Move In Karjat Taluka

(From Our Correspondent).

ALIBAG: May 3.

Two important questions will engage the attention of the Kolaba District Political Conference to be held at Karjat on May 5 and 6, which will be opened by the Hon. Mr. Latthe, Finance Minister and presided over by Mr. Achyut Patwardhan.

Khatedars of Karjat Taluka have not been given remission of two annas in the rupee of land revenue along with other talukas of the District this year. A deputation consisting of all Kolaba M.L.A.'s and Mr. S. V. Tilak, President, Kolaba District Congress Committee waited on the Revenue Minister, but he told them that the decision was final as far as the current year was concerned.

KARJAT GRIEVANCES.

Mr. R. N. Mandlik took up the question in the Assembly, but nothing beyond some questions and replies between the Opposition Members and the Revenue Minister came out of it all. Before Mr. Mandlik put his short notice questions, the Khatedars of Karjat Taluka had met in a conference with Mr. V. G. Limaye, Secretary of the Kolaba District Congress Committee, in the chair and resolved not to pay the unremitted land revenue dues in active protest. When the Conference, therefore, is meeting at their own place, they will press for support to their non-payment move from the Conference. The Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai has already told Mr. Mandlik that the dues would be recovered by the coercive process under the Land Revenue Code like confiscation and sale by auction of the land.

BIGGER PROBLEM.

The grievances of Karjat Khatedars is only an offshoot of the bigger problem of excessive assessment forced on this district by the re-revision settlement. The fact that for the last five or six years remission to the extent of from four to two annas in the rupee is being given to all re-revised talukas is proof of the fact that Government admit the excessive character of the assessment. The Kolaba Congress Committee has submitted a reasoned representation to the Revenue Department in this behalf and Messrs. Tilak, Lele, Limaye and others have, during the last few weeks, toured the whole district to enlist active support to that representation. A vigorous demand is, therefore, expected to be put forward from the platform of the Conference for permanent substantial reduction in land revenue.

KHATEDARS AND TENANTS.

Radical Congressmen in the district will, of course, support this demand of the Khatedars, but they will further raise the question of the position of tenant-cultivators. They will naturally plead for proportionate reduction in rents that are being charged to the cultivators by Khatedars, in case they get relief from Government. The failure of landholders from Chari in Alibag Taluka and Shenvai in Roha Taluka to abide by the awards given at their own request by the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai and the Mamlatdar of Roha respectively will come in for criticism from Mr. L. G. Patil, M.L.A., and Mr. D. K. Kunte, M.L.A. There is a widespread feeling of resentment among all radicals at this conduct of Khatedars, because they flouted the awards they themselves sought.

"Lorry-Car Collision At Santa Cruz"

Mr. H. B. Laskar, Advocate writes on behalf of Mr. Casamali A. Sherif:—

My client owns an Imperial Chrysler Car No. X 2336 which is run as a private car for my client's own use and not as a taxi. The said car met with an accident at Vile Parle on 28th ultimo when it collided with car No. Y1028. In your issue of "Bombay Chronicle" of 1st inst. you have described my client's car as a taxi. The said statement made in your aforesaid issue is absolutely wrong.

MEETING OF CONSTITUTION SUB-COMMITTEE OF B.P.C.C.

The Hon. Secretary of the Constitution Sub-Committee of the B.P.C.C. writes:

The Adjourned Meeting of the Constitution Sub-Committee of the B.P.C.C. will be held on Thursday, May 5, at 7-15 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House, to consider the agenda already circulated.

As the subject-matter of the Item No. 1 on the Agenda will be finally considered by the Constitution Committee of the Congress which has been convened to take place in Bombay about the middle of this month, and the B.P.C.C. views must be submitted to the A.I.C.C. before the Committee meets, all the members are requested to make it a point to attend the meeting on Thursday evening.

Postal Notice

Owing to the introduction of the Summer Schedule of Imperial Airways Africa Services, the following will be the latest hours of posting air mail correspondence at the Bombay General Post Office for the Egypt-Kisumu and Egypt-South Africa services with immediate effect.

Unregistered correspondence: 8-30 a.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Registered correspondence: 3-00 p.m. on Saturday and 8-00 a.m. on Wednesday.

Similarly correspondence for the West Africa service operating between Khartoum and Acera will be accepted at the Bombay General Post Office as stated below:—

Unregistered correspondence: 8-30 a.m. on Wednesdays.

Registered correspondence: 8-00 a.m. on Wednesdays.

Postings at the town sub offices must be regulated accordingly.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1938

CITY MUNICIPAL BILL

The Bombay Municipal Corporation's resolution disapproving of the provision for adult franchise in the official Bill to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act of 1888 certainly represents the wishes of the Corporation, as at present constituted. But it does not represent the wishes of the citizens of Bombay, for the simple reason that the Corporation is still constituted on a narrow franchise, giving men of property an unfair advantage in respect of representation over the poorer people who form a vast majority. The essential principle of the new Bill is to remove this defect and to make the Corporation thoroughly democratic by, among other ways, introducing adult franchise. This is certainly a blow to vested interests and that is why the Corporation opposes the Bill.

Main Features

The main features of the Bill, in addition to adult franchise, are the abolition of nominations to the Corporation, the Standing Committee and the Schools and Improvement Committee, increasing the membership from 112 to 117, extension of the term of the Corporation from three to four years restricting the powers of the Corporation in regard to making appointments, redistribution of Wards and reduction in the scale of salaries of certain officials. The Corporation opposed the Bill partly on its merits and partly on the ground that it had not been consulted previously on certain provisions therein. With regard to the second objection it should be noted that the original draft Bill, but slightly different from the one now published and introduced in the Legislative Assembly, was referred to the Corporation for opinion and it contained the most important change in the present Act, namely, the introduction of adult franchise. This change was fully discussed by the Corporation. But merely because it was not approved by that body that fact surely did not decide the point finally or preclude the Legislature from introducing a well-known democratic reform. The Congress, itself a democratic body, based on a franchise that is a near approach to adult franchise, is pledged to that reform, and a number of bodies in the City have strongly urged its early introduction. It is true that the draft Bill, referred to the Corporation, did not contain certain provisions since introduced in it. But the Corporation has had since an opportunity to consider them, and if it had offered constructive suggestions thereon, they would have been duly considered by Government. But wholesale opposition will impress none.

Accept Amenaments

As regards the merits of the Bill, its outstanding feature, namely, adult franchise, is by now a recognised democratic reform and has been demanded by the Congress even for the legislatures. None can question the propriety of its immediate introduction in a civic body. Some critics urge that, while adult franchise is sound in theory, it may be defective in its practical working in a country like India, where the electorate is illiterate. But literacy has never been accepted as an essential qualification for the right to vote even in the Legislatures. It cannot be so accepted in the case of civic bodies. If a non-literacy franchise is to be chosen, there is no justice in its being confined to the well-to-do. It should be extended to the poorest. A Muslim member in the Assembly urged that adult franchise would not be adequately availed of by Muslim women. But Mr. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government, promptly proved this fear to be baseless, pointing out that 71 per cent. of women used their franchise in the Frontier Province at the last general elections and 91 per cent. in Assam. Indeed, adult franchise will be a great social reform for all backward communities and a powerful political weapon to the poorest. As regards the re-distribution of the Wards and the introduction under Clause 29 of a new feature restricting the powers of the Corporation in regard to appointment of officers and vesting in the Commissioner powers not enjoyed by him, there is good ground for complaint by the Corporation that its wishes have not been respected in these matters where there is no conflict between it and the majority of the citizens. We trust in these two matters the Government and the Legislature will accept suitable amendments. We shall consider some of the details of the Bill on another occasion. For the present we shall only note with satisfaction that the Assembly adopted the first and second reading of the Bill in a few hours without a division.

Chamberlain's Apologia

Commending the Anglo-Italian Agreement to the House of Commons, Mr. Neville Chamberlain "emphasised", among other things, that "His Majesty's Government accepted the Italian assurances respecting Spain as given in good faith and believed that the Italian Government intended them in spirit as well as in letter". There is on record not one, but a succession of boastful declarations by Signor Mussolini as to what Italian "legionaries" had done in Spain and what they were going to do further and all these declarations were made while Il Duce and his representatives were simultaneously giving "assurances" in the non-intervention committee and elsewhere. There is sufficiently convincing evidence—at least for the rest of the world—and fully corroborated by the sudden turn of the tide in the civil war a few weeks ago, that even when Italy was actually concluding an agreement with Britain, Italian reinforcements in men and munition were on their way to rebel Spain.

Yet in spite of a series of undeniable, indeed, self-boosted, outrages on "assurances" and in spite of glaring proofs that Signor Mussolini was persisting in his interventionist policy, Mr. Chamberlain, with the responsibility of the Prime Minister of a Power alleged to be an honourable and faithful champion of democracy and international virtues, emphasised that His Majesty's Government accepted the Italian assurances respecting Spain as given in good faith and believed that the Italian Government intended them in spirit as well as letter"! Does one congratulate "His Majesty's Government" on their naive credulity or on possessing "good faith" of a kind more extraordinary than that of Italy?

Suppressed Unheard

Among the worst acts of repression in Mysore is the suppression of the only three daily papers in the State. Mr. P. R. Ramaiah, Editor of the "Tai Nadu", one of the suppressed papers, has issued a pathetic statement complaining how without any the least warning and without pointing out the articles they objected to the Government smothered the paper during his brief absence from Bangalore. "Even a murderer", he says, "is given a hearing before he is sentenced to death, but not so the poor newspapers in the Mysore State." But let not the authorities imagine that by suppressing the papers they can hide from the world their repressive measures. The two Kannada papers of Hubli in our own Presidency, the "Samyukta Karnataka" and the "Lokamat" have started issuing special Mysore editions containing all Mysore news. If the Mysore authorities venture to ban the entry of these papers into the State, they will only further condemn themselves.

REPRESSION IN MYSORE

Its Genesis

(By Dr. N. S. HARDIKAR).

The present conflagration in Mysore is due to the following facts:—

1. The changed political circumstances in the country and in the world.
2. The greater National awakening in the State and the contact that the people of Mysore are having with the rest of India.
3. The genuine desire for responsible Government on the part of the people of the State
4. The antagonistic attitude towards the same by the Government of Mysore which does not take into consideration the world forces that are revolutionizing the minds of the populace.
5. The desire on the part of Mysore Government to cooperate with British Imperialists in maintaining its present hold in the State

Work Since 1920.

Since 1920, Mysore has been carrying on the work planned by the Indian National Congress and has been taking an active part in all the movements that have been chalked out by the said august body. As per the Congress Constitution Mysore became a part of the Linguistic Province of Karnatak and its representatives were allowed to work on the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee which was and is an integral part of the Congress Organisation. Many of the leaders who have been arrested and imprisoned today, have been working since those good old days. At all times, during the last several years, they have incessantly carried on propaganda in the name of the Congress and have been the cause of awakening of the people. Living even in the far off villages of the State, they have greatly helped in bringing about a unity of thought and action in greater Karnatak. Thus they have helped immensely in bringing about the unification of Karnatak. This work of 17 long years in changed times and circumstances has had its effect. The solidarity and the organized strength that we see in Mysore to-day is the result of all this work

"Foreigners."

The movement that made the Mysore authorities take up to repressive measures began not in the beginning of the last year as some are led to believe, but at beginning of 1936, when a statewide movement for the enrolment of Congress members was launched. The Mysore Government was not only alert even then but was making preparations for the coming repression. They did not want the so-called "foreigners" from the British Karnataka to enter their territory and disturb their "peace". Even in 1936, many a time I was told by my friends that the "Foreigners" would be hauled up at any moment and would be forbidden to enter the State for carrying on the campaign of enrolment. Later on, the beginning of the last year, the Government of Mysore seems to have definitely decided to put a stop to the movement at any cost, and it began with the issuing of orders under 144. However, just before the Haripura Congress, due to some sane actions of the Government one thought that good sense had prevailed in Mysore and that the Mysore Government would stop all the repression. But unfortunately it was not to be.

Flag Satyagraha.

After the Haripura Congress, Mysore workers were further disappointed by their Government which flouted their just demands. It remained adamant. The workers protested against the non-inclusion of certain Congressmen in the Committee which was appointed by the Government to consider the question of Responsible Government for the State. The people were astir. They decided to take a bold step. When the National Flag Salutation was banned at the time of the Convention at Shivpura, the people assembled there decided to offer Satyagraha and thus show their respect to the Nation. Let us not forget that the Flag Satyagraha was not then the issue before the Congress workers in Mysore. But as the Government has been insisting upon not allowing the National Flag to be hoisted even at their own functions, and as it issued such prohibitory orders at that particular time, the leaders and the workers of Mysore took up the issue seriously and started the fight against the most reprehensible attitude of the Government. The result is: More than 75 people have been imprisoned; a number of others have been ordered not to take part in the meetings and other political activities; a few of them have been de-

(Continued on page 14 Col 5)

OUR LONDON LETTER

Prospects Of United Anti-Fascist Front

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, April 23.

Rumours of a general election in Britain, which were rife some weeks ago, have for the moment receded into the background. The events of the last few weeks including Mr. Eden's resignation, the Nazi march into Austria and the developing gravity of the Spanish situation have combined to damage the prestige of the British "National" Government and it is unlikely that any appeal to the country will be made before Mr. Chamberlain is in a position to produce something that he can possibly represent as a great achievement in the cause of peace. Moreover, there is still considerable uncertainty as to the line that will be followed by men like Mr. Churchill and Mr Eden, who although supporters of the National Government have nevertheless not hesitated to criticise it in the most vigorous language. It looked at one time as though Mr. Churchill at any rate, who has a considerable following among the younger members of the Tory rank and file, would come out openly against the National Government's foreign policy and throw in his lot with some form of a popular combination designed to supplant the existing Government.

Churchill's Plans

It is, however, far from certain now whether Mr. Churchill intends to follow any such course. His visit to Paris is reported to have been undertaken at the instance of the British Government and since his return he appears to have been engaged in special research work in connection with the problems of military preparations and the strategic defence of the British Empire. Within the next week or two Mr. Churchill will start on a lecture tour of the Midlands and other parts of the country. There is no clear indication of the policy he will recommend to the country in his speeches, nor of his attitude to the Government, the Italian Pact, the Spanish situation and other pressing questions of the moment. It is no secret that Mr. Churchill along with many others in the Liberal and Conservative Parties, is seriously disturbed at the way in which the rearmament programme is being carried out by the Government Serious deficiencies and disorganisations in general are reported to be the outstanding features of the present arrangements for speeding up rearmament. One result of this, of course, is the British official mission that left London on Thursday for the United States to arrange for the purchase of large numbers of aircrafts from American manufacturers. On this subject too no one knows yet whether Mr. Churchill will adopt the line of censuring the Government and exposing its incompetence or whether he would chose to moderate his criticisms in order to pave the way for his eventual admission into Mr. Chamberlain's Cabinet.

Labour's Attitude

In view of all these uncertainties and the effect on public opinion of the Anglo-Italian Pact it seems unlikely that any definite arrangement for a general election will be made within the next few weeks. However, the five year tenure of Parliament is rapidly drawing to its end and Mr. Chamberlain must before long find an opportunity which would hold out the promise of a majority for him again sufficient to keep his Government in office for another five years. The only possibility of overthrowing his power, it is widely recognised, lies in an alliance of all the forces in the country which are opposed to the general pro-Fascist line that has been followed by him. But the emergence of any such alliance is frustrated mainly owing to the attitude of the leaders of the Labour Party who keep repeating monotonously that they have got a programme and that all those who wish to defeat the Government are welcome to subscribe to that programme, join the Labour Party and vote for the Labour candidates at the next election. In contrast to this obstinate "take it or leave it" attitude of the Labour Party, the co-operative conference held during the Easter week sent out a challenging call for a united peace alliance of all the progressive forces in order to overthrow Mr. Chamberlain's Government.

Anti-National Govt. Front

On the eve of the Co-operative Conference, the Labour Party Executive issued a manifesto calling upon its supporters to have nothing to do with the kind of appeal for a united front that was to be discussed and carried at the conference. Notwithstanding the Labour Party and its bureaucrats public opinion is moving swiftly in the direction of an anti-National Government Front and many powerful Trade Unions as well as large numbers of individual supporters of the Labour Party are taking a leading part in these new developments. One sign of these newer currents is the meeting that is to be held to-morrow (Sunday) at the Queen's Hall in support of Spain where there cannot fail to be an impressive demonstration of responsible public opinion against the recent Anglo-Italian Pact and pressing for the restoration of the right of the Spanish Republican Government to buy arms abroad freely.

Budget Forecasts

When Parliament meets we shall hear the repurcussions of these developments in the House of Commons. Besides Foreign Policy, the major topic of discussion would be the first Budget Speech of Sir John Simon. The indications are that the estimates of the amount to be spent on rearmament would be greatly exceeded. Last year Mr. Chamberlain announced that something like 500 million pounds a year would be spent over a period of three or four years. It is now

(Continued on page 12 Col 3)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A PIOUS WISH

Herr Hitler's visit to Rome has rightly excited "intense interest". But it is, we fear, nothing more than an earnest wish that the Fuhrer's Austrian coup has shaken the Rome-Berlin axis. It in fact enabled Signor Mussolini to make Mr. Chamberlain even more realistically submissive. The Dictators are meeting to co-ordinate and mutually supplement their blackmailing activities to the advantage both of themselves individually and of victorious International Fascism cumulatively. The Italian, with his reputation for unreliable diplomacy is, it is true, not averse to seeking benefits at the expense of friends. But then Herr Hitler too is nothing less than a counter-part of Signor Mussolini and the latter knows it.

CLOVE BOYCOTT IN MADRAS

It is amazing to learn that, while attempts are being made everywhere to intensify the boycott of Zanzibar cloves, the Tamil Nadu Provincial Congress Committee has permitted the clearance of 1,750 clove bales which are to arrive in Madras to-day. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has done well to urge the Committee to reverse its decision in the matter as it is calculated to cripple the boycott movement all over the country. The failure of the movement will be a disaster to the Indians in Zanzibar and also a blow to the prestige of the Congress that has started the boycott. The Sardar has rightly urged the Madras Committee "to stop the clearance at all costs" and we trust the Committee will do so, of course, through thoroughly non-violent methods.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

In reply to a question in the Commons Lord Stanley said Government were aware of the demand in India for new provinces on a linguistic basis but they did not regard it to be in the interests of India to embark on a policy of creating new provinces at the present time. Indians may be left to judge for themselves what is in their interests and what is not. The general principle of forming provinces on a linguistic basis has been strongly urged by the Congress and the public in India, and even the British Parliament is committed to it. When precisely the principle should be given effect to in any particular case is also best decided by the people directly concerned. If the British Government decline to give effect to their decision in the matter, it will only aggravate the constitutional fight in this country.

A MISCHIEVOUS DECISION.

We cannot condemn too strongly the resolution of the "All-India Majlis-i-Ittihad-i-Millat" in favour of continuing the Shahidganj mosque satyagraha. The arguments sought to be given in the resolution are worse than ridiculous. For it is patently obvious that the Satyagraha will result in nothing better than positively weakening the forces that may be trying to bring about a peaceful solution of the problem. Indeed this was the very basis of the resolution of the All-India Muslim League itself which definitely ruled out direct action as injurious to the interests of Muslims themselves. The very remarkable and strange thing about it all is that the Majlis-i-Ittihad-i-Millat is organised, led and otherwise conducted by stalwarts of the Muslim League with Maulana Zafarali Khan. Maulana is, of course, gifted with special talents for uttering words and indulging in actions without weighing the wider consequences and repercussions of them. But we suggest that it is the urgent duty of the Muslim League to do something about this mischievous and highly dangerous decision.

HELP FOR LITERACY CAMPAIGN

We cordially endorse the appeal made by the Hon. Mr. Nurie for helping the literacy and adult education campaign which the Bombay Presidency Students' Federation has decided to launch in the rural parts of the presidency. This is a genuine scheme of constructive work and it has received the sympathy and support of all sections of the public. The liquidation of illiteracy is one of the foremost national problems of the day, and the Federation is thus doing a much-needed national service. It is thus entitled to financial help for carrying out its campaign, which we trust will be speedily forthcoming. The Federation on its part must proceed without any further delay and utilise its present resources to the best possible advantage. The enthusiasm of its workers will surely triumph over the various difficulties in its path.

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Regarding the flag question Mr. Raju says that the Dewan felt there was some misunderstanding of his assurance in the speech he made in the Representative Assembly last year.

"He made Mr. Raja understand that the Government of Mysore had not the slightest objection to the display of the Congress flag in public."

—Bangalore Message.

* * *

Writing on the Liberal Conference, an Anglo-Indian paper says: "One of the cardinal principles of democratic government is that there should be a healthy Opposition."

Our contemporary mustn't. It's too cruel a gibe against our Liberal friends and in very bad taste

* * *

By the way, no announcement we believe, has been made as to the next conference of the Bombay Liberal Party.

But we gather that it will certainly be held in April or May 1943 if arrangements can be made to beg, borrow or steal. (1) a President (2) a Chairman of the reception committee and (3) an audience.

* * *

A large procession of Hindu youths was taken out in Poona under the leadership of Mr. Savarkar, Doctor Moonje and Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar to demonstrate for the repeal of the Arms Act.

Were, we wonder, the assaults, at the subsequent meeting, on Messrs Bapat and Kanitkar, etc., intended to lend realism to the demonstration against the Arms Act?

* * *

Maulana Zafar Ali Khan and his party have decided to persist with Satyagraha in connection with the Shahidgani dispute

Now, we wonder if, fresh from his oratorical triumphs from Allahabad, the good Maulana will call upon the Muslim followers of Mr. Jinnah to come over to his side, employing the same elegant and convincing arguments as he did in denouncing Jawaharlal.

* * *

The resolution to that effect appreciates "the sympathetic tone and statesmanlike statement recently made by Sir Henry Craik, the Governor of the Punjab."

Bravo, Maulana Sahib. That's the right spirit!

*

As a result of the Anglo-Italian Agreement, "the clouds of mistrust and suspicion made" according to Mr. Neville Chamberlain, "cleared away".

Leaving the atmosphere in the exclusive possession of a thick realistic fog except in Spain where the smoke contributed by Signor Mussolini's bombs happily remains, indeed, in a more voluminous form.

*

The Premier paid a tribute to Count Grandi (Italian Ambassador in London) "who had won a position of confidence in respect of Britain".

Count Grandi may well congratulate himself on the success of what he set out to achieve and achieved so completely that Mr. Chamberlain transferred his confidence from Mr. Eden to him.

* * *

A most elaborate programme, it is reported from Rome, has been planned in Italy for the German dictator's visit.

Indeed, so elaborate it is that "prisons in Rome are reported to be so congested that a concentration camp has been opened on an island in a lake in Central Italy to hold the overflow and many Jews are leaving the country until Herr Hitler's visit is over."

* * *

It is urged by "a semi-official commentator" in Berlin that the Duce-Fuhrer meeting will "result in a further contribution to peace."

But the same commentator started by giving the assurance that the meeting "will not result in surprises or sensational happenings!"

Which is all very strange and confusing.

* * *

"It is claimed that the Japanese have recaptured Tancheng."
—Hankow message.

Did the Japanese ever claim to have lost it?

Bombay Council

'No Abuse Of Powers Given To Police Chief'

Munshi Assures Critics Of Bombay Police Act Amending Bill

BAD CHARACTERS CONSTITUTE DANGER TO CITY AND MUST BE REMOVED

THE FEAR OF THE POSSIBLE ABUSE OF THE VAST POWERS GIVEN TO THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, IN THE CITY OF BOMBAY POLICE ACT AMENDING BILL, WAS VOICED AGAIN IN THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, ON TUESDAY, WHEN THE FIRST READING OF THE BILL WAS PASSED; THE WHOLE DAY BEING TAKEN UP FOR DISCUSSION ALONE.

Munshi's Assurance

The immense distrust in the "bona-fides" of the Executive, manifested by several Members of the House, called for an assurance from the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister, who pointed out that, IF ANYTHING OF THE KIND WERE TO HAPPEN, "WE, CONGRESSMEN, WILL BE THE FIRST TO BE TOUCHED."

SUSPENSION OF CONSTITUTION, THE USE OF SECTION 93 OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, ORDINANCE RULE, IF ALL THESE WERE TO COME AGAIN, the Home Minister added, THEN THERE WAS NOTHING TO CHOOSE BETWEEN THIS SECTION AND ANOTHER. AND TO THOSE WHO WERE READY TO FACE THE SITUATION, IT MATTERED LITTLE UNDER WHAT SECTION THEY WOULD BE DEALT WITH.

BUT, IF DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT CONTINUED, the Hon. Mr. Munshi observed, NO POPULAR MINISTRY WOULD DARE TO PERMIT THE USE OF POWERS UNDER THIS SECTION AGAINST ANY POLITICAL WORKER, UNLESS HIS ACTIVITIES DETERIORATED INTO HOOLIGANISM.

Danger To The City

The Home Minister emphatically denied that the Bill was brought forward because Government were in a panic on account of the riots. The matter was under consideration of Government ever since the High Court judgment was passed and in view of the recent riots some well-known bad characters were rounded up, and unless they were deported, they would constitute a danger to the City, if they were again let loose.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

The Bombay Legislative Council met on Tuesday, with the Hon'ble Mr. Mangaldas M. Pakvasa, President, in the chair.

The Hon'ble Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister introduced the Bill and moving for the first reading, explained the objects and reasons of the Bill. He narrated how the hooligans and mavalis had spread themselves in several parts of the city and had built up a cosy place for themselves.

The Home Minister explained in detail, how the safeguards had been incorporated so as to restrict the powers of the Commissioner which would be used only against the mavalis.

Referring to the inclusion of a new Section 2C, the Home Minister added that during the communal riots it would not be possible for the Police Commissioner to adopt the laborious process of obtaining evidence of hearing the case through the pleader of the person to be deported and similar things. The men would have to be removed as early as possible.

Mr. Behram N. Karanjia heartily supported the Bill and said that those people who had survived the murderous assaults and the relatives of the murdered people would not only congratulate the Government, but would bless them. This Bill was not the darkest spot on the career of the Home Minister, but it was the brightest spot.

Mr. D. N. Deodheker congratulated the Home Minister for his prompt and firm handling of the riot situation said that they could not trust the Police judging from their past records.

Mr. S. C. Joshi congratulated the Home Minister for bringing under control a very serious situation that developed in the city. He thought that as far as the present Bill was concerned, it was an encroachment on the Civil Liberties of the people. Originally, it was intended that the powers under Section 27 were to be used against a gang or body of persons and the action taken was of a temporary character. The present Bill gave powers to deal with individuals also and the action taken would no longer be of a temporary nature.

SIR CURRIMBHOY'S OPPOSITION.

Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim opposing the First Reading of the Bill said that policemen had to live at the mercy of the mavalis. Government should properly arm the policemen to deal with the mavalis and there was no need for these powers to the Commissioner.

DAVAR'S SUGGESTIONS.

Professor S. R. Davar made two suggestions which he urged that Government should accept. The first was that they should provide a saving clause to exclude political workers from coming under the clutches of the Bill and the other was that they should impose a time limit and see how the Act would work.

Dr. P. G. Solanki supported the measure.

Dr. G. S. Mahajani said that the life of the Bill should be limited. He thought that there might be a possibility of the powers of the Commissioner being misapplied and nobody would take into consideration the intentions of the legislature.

"SAVE INNOCENT LIVES."

Mr. Narsingrao Desai supported the measure. He said: Do whatever you like, but stop this riot and save the innocent lives." On behalf of the outsiders who came to Bombay he supported the Bill and congratulated the Home Minister for suppressing the riot recently.

Mr. A. A. Khan opposed the Bill in a 45-minute speech. He thought that in view of the desire expressed by the public for the separation of the judiciary and the executive, he did not consider the present Bill either reasonable or justified. Government had brought in this legislation in a state of panic.

Mr. R. G. Pradhan supporting the Bill categorically denied that this Bill was brought forward because Government were seized with panic. On the other hand, Congress Government would be the last to get into a state of panic. Congress Government would face any situation with courage, confidence and cool determination (cheers). If it was contended that the intentions of the legislature might not be taken into consideration by any judicial court, that question arose only when a clause was susceptible of a dangerous interpretation. But Dr. Mahajani had not pointed out a single clause in the Bill which could be so interpreted. There were certain points raised by the members of the Opposition which were entitled to consideration. But no legislation could be enacted if these points were given too much consideration.

HOME MINISTER'S REPLY

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister, replying to the debate pointed out that this was not brought in as a result of panic on the part of Government. Ever since the High Court judgment was delivered, Government had been considering the matter. And if the recent riots did not break out, then this Bill would have been placed before the Legislatures sometime in July. But on account of the riots several hundreds of men had been arrested, and several well-known persons too were caught. If they were not to be deported, but were to be let loose on the city, there was every likelihood of their becoming a danger to the city. On account of this the Bill had to be brought in. The Home Minister then narrated how he had consulted several members of the Opposition.

Prof. Davar said that their grievance was that members of the Upper House were not consulted at all.

Home Minister: I share that grievance with you (laughter).

Mr. Munshi promised that Government would consider this question.

Continuing, the Home Minister added that if the central idea were accepted, namely, that some provision must be made to deal with those dangerous people, witnesses against whom were unwilling to come forward, then the other provisions of the Bill would follow logically.

The next point raised was about their dread of misuse of authority. Either the democratic government would continue or it would not. In the first place, the members were satisfied that there would be no abuse of these powers under the present Government. And when Opposition members came into office, they could withdraw these powers if they so wished. Again if there were to be no democratic government, if Section 93 of the Government of India Act was brought into operation and if Ordinance Rule followed, then nobody would be safe under any provision, and all Democracy would be at an end.

Mr. S. R. Davar: We don't allow the abuse of powers. But somebody worse than us may abuse them. (Laughter).

CASE FOR STRINGENT MEASURES.

Continuing Mr. Munshi pointed out that if Sir Currimbhoy said that the Mowales were so powerful as to keep the policemen at their mercy, that was only a case for more stringent powers against these Mowales. He had heard of people talking too much of civil liberties. If this city were to live in peace, people could not ride Theories to death, and leave the Mowales to go Scot-free.

The Home Minister gave an assurance that no political worker would be touched under these provisions, for no political worker could be so dangerous as witnesses would be unwilling to come forward. If the powers were used against the political workers, no Government would be able to face the public for a moment. And if the political worker was prepared to suffer, it mattered little what section was applied and it would not make any difference to him. If such a situation arose, they, Congressmen, would be the first to be touched. No popular Ministry would ever dare use these powers, unless a political worker had degenerated into a Mowalee.

The motion for the first reading was adopted. The House adjourned till 2 p.m. to-day. (Wednesday).

LABOUR TROUBLE IN JAMAICA

4 Killed & 7 Injured In Encounter With Police

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) May 3.

Four persons were killed and seven injured when police attempted to arrest the ringleaders of a strike movement which assumed the proportions of a riot in a sugar estate and the police were forced to fire.

Fifty arrests have been made. The Military is standing by in readiness to go to the scene.

Fifteen hundred acres plantations were set on fire.—Reuter.

SMASHING ATTACK ON JAPANESE CENTRE

Chinese Troops Massing For General Offensive

HANKOW, May 3.

The Chinese forces in South shantung have opened a general offensive this morning, delivering a smashing attack on the Japanese centre, according to Chinese military sources.

It is claimed that the Chinese troops have advanced seven miles. 800,000 Chinese troops are reported to have been massed for this offensive.—Reuter.

SPANISH REBELS' ADVANCE

SALAMANCA, May 3.

A communique states that a Nationalists advance to a depth of over six miles in Alfambra sector. Over 200 Republicans were dead or abandoned and 300 were taken prisoners.—Reuter.

Increased Taxation In France

Decree Laws Approved By Council Of Ministers

PARIS, May 3.

The decree laws approved by the Council of Ministers provide for a uniform increase of 8 per cent in direct and indirect taxes The decrees also provide for surtax on firms working on national defences and an increase of about two pence per gallon on petrol.

It is announced that the National Defence Loan will be issued at a later date.

The Decrees which will be published in the official journal today provide for reductions in taxation. for firms improving their plant. Exporters will be helped by a certain measure of exemption from taxation. Tax reduction will also be granted to landlords who replace slum property. The decree aims at making it easier for firms to secure credit.

One decree dealing with production states that over 40 per cent of the national revenue is absorbed by taxation and declares that the sole means of increasing revenue without taxation is to increase production.

Tourist industry as one of the main industries will be helped by a reduction in railway fare and a reduction in the cost of petrol for tourists staying for more than six days.—Reuter.

PARIS PRESS AND IL-DUCE-HITLER MEETING

PARIS, May 3.

Herr Hitler's visit is widely commented in the Press.

In the "Echo de Paris," a writer says that the position in Europe has undergone more evolution in the past month than in the whole year. Recent happenings have created an entirely new situation. The Rome-Berlin Axis is at the point of death.

The "Figaro" on the contrary declares that the Axis has already borne fruit, for Italy has been assured her the recognition of the Empire and of a privileged position in Spain by the Western Powers. Sgr. Mussolini has gained a position for his Empire, which Italy has traditionally desired. Now he has fresh authority to face Germany, fretful for adventures in uneasy Europe.—Reuter.

PRIVY COUNCIL ALLOWS APPEAL

Bank Of India V. Secretary Of State

LONDON, May 3.

The Privy Council allowed the appeal by the Secretary of State against the judgment of the Bombay High Court on October 10, 1936 in favour of the Bank of India.

The main question of the appeal was whether the Secretary of State was entitled to be indemnified by the respondent Bank against the loss incurred by him in renewing the Bank's favour a Government Promissory Note valued at Rs. 5,000 of which the Bank were the last endorsees. One of the prior endorsements on which was subsequently proved to be a forgery.—Reuter.

Senate's Amendment To Naval Expansion Bill

WASHINGTON, May 2.

The Senate adopted an amendment to the Naval Expansion Bill preventing the construction of battleships larger than thirty-five thousand tons unless the President determined that other nations were building or projecting larger battleships in which case the President could recommend the construction of ships up to forty-five thousand tons, the authorisation for three of which would be included in the Pending Bill.—Reuter.

A.-I. STATES' PEOPLE'S EXECUTIVE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Working Committee of the All-India States' People Conference will meet on Saturday, the 14th May, in the offices of the Conference (138, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay) at 4 p.m., under the presidency of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, the President of the Conference.

The following will constitute the Agenda for the meeting: The Mysore situation. The Mansa Satyagraha. The Jaipur repressive notifications, Affiliation Rules, Delegates' election, Rules, Congress Committees in States etc.

NATIONAL MOBILISATION IN JAPAN

Govt To Promulgate Imperial Ordinance

TOKIO, May 3.

The Government have decided to promulgate the Imperial Ordinance, partially enforcing the National Mobilisation Bill.—Reuter.

REGULATION OF CUSTOMS IN JAPANESE OCCUPIED AREAS

LONDON, May 2.

Measures to be taken by Japanese Government for regulation of customs matter in areas occupied by Japanese forces in China during the period of hostilities are dealt with in the following communique issued in London and Tokyo.

"Unofficial conversations have been taking place since February last between the British Ambassador and the Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs regarding services of foreign obligations secured on Chinese maritime customs and other relevant matters.

As a result of this exchange of views the Japanese Government have notified to His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom of the temporary measures they propose to take during the period of hostilities to regulate these matters and they received in reply assurances that British Government will for their part offer no objection to application of these measures for the period mentioned.

Further it is understood the Governments of U. S. A. and France do not propose to raise any objection to the temporary application of these arrangements which will be subject to reconsideration in event of radical change occurring in the economic conditions, all revenues collected by customs at each port within the areas under Japanese occupation are to be deposited with Yokohama Specie Bank.

From the revenues thus deposited the foreign loan quotas will be remitted to Inspector General of Customs to meet in full servicing of foreign loans and indemnities secured on customs revenue. Servicing of such foreign loans and indemnities will be treated as first charge on revenue after deducting maintenance of expenses of customs administration and certain customs payments and grants. Foreign loan quotas for each port will be determined monthly in porportion to the share of that port in total gross collections for all ports during preceding months.

Arrangements will also be made for payment to the Japanese Government of arrears of Japanese portion of Boxer indemnity held at Hongkong and Shanghai Bank since last September for meeting future payments in respect of Japanese portion of Boxer indemnity and Japanese share of Reorganisation Loan of 1913 for repayment of over-draft incurred by Inspector General of Customs since January in relation to Shanghai share of Foreign Loan Service which has been accumulating in Hongkong and Shanghai Bank at Shanghai and for transfer to Yokohama Specie Bank of balance of customs accounts with Hongkong and Shanghai Bank in each port under Japanese occupation and its utilisation for future servicing of foreign obligations."

Arrangements referred to in the above communique are the results of negotiations conducted by His Majesty's Ambassador at Tokyo with the Japanese Government since last February and having regard to the military situation in the far east appeals to His Majesty's Government to offer the best guarantee obtainable for safeguarding the interests of holders of China's foreign obligations secured on customs revenues and thereby to assist in maintaining China's credit.

MAHATMA'S TOUR PLAN CURTAILED

PESHAWAR, May 2.

The sudden decision to cancel the extraordinarily heavy programme planned for Mahatmaji by the Frontier Congress leaders, was arrived at a meeting of the Frontier Congress Committee held to-day, was communicated to the "United Press" representative at 5-30 this evening by the "Frontier Gandhi."

Soon after this, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan issued a statement that Mahatmaji would return to the Frontier in October or earlier and go through the whole programme in easy stages.—United Press.

Imperialistic Agreement Of Pre-war Variety

Commons Approve Of Anglo-Italian Agreement: Labour Amendment Defeated

The following is the concluding portion of the debate in the Commons on Anglo-Italian Agreement:

LONDON, May 2

The Labour amendment was defeated by 322 votes to 110. The House of Commons approved the Anglo-Italian agreement by 316 votes to 108.

Major Attlee winding up the debate for Labour said that Mr. Chamberlain's Premiership has been a year of unparalleled humiliation for the country. The Premier was widely and justly distrusted all over the country.

Mr. R. A Butler winding up the debate for Government claimed that the Premier's policy was eminently successful and gave the instance of the Anglo-Irish agreement. The Anglo-French talks and the Anglo-American trade agreement and negotiations.

Replying to the question whether any unwritten undertaking was behind the agreement. Mr. Butler firmly gave assurance that there was no undertaking with regard to the loan or any other matter to which reference had been made.

Moving the labourite amendment Mr. Herbert Morrison declared that five out of the eight points in the Anglo-Italian Agreement were reaffirmations necessitated by past bad faith. There was no guarantee that the new affirmations or aditional declarations would be observed by Italy and there was no probability that they would be any more respected than previously, unless this agreement were related to a collective organisation of peace which it was not.

"It is essentially an imperialistic agreement of the pre-war variety. It has helped to make Italy" a great imperial power in the Near East, and unless she plays the game, we shall have helped to make her a greater menace to British interests there."

Mr. Herbert Morrison declared that the agreement was contrary to British interest and normally repugnant and degrading to best instinct of the people and their best feelings. The world was brought nearer the day when the British Empire and France would be faced directly with the issue of blackmail or war.

Mr. Amery said that the agreement was of incalculable value in the very dangerous and difficult times before them. The Premier's courage had put in the hands of Britain the initiative for peace.

Sir Archibald Sinclair declared that by compelling recognition of the annexation of Abyssinia and countenancing the Italian invasion of Spain the Government had shirked their responsibilities and sacrificed the principles, which alone peace could be established.

(Earlier Report on Page 7)

Duce To Play Role Of Arbitrator?

PARIS, May 2.

HERR HITLER'S VISIT TO ROME IS BEING WATCHED WITH INTENSE INTEREST HERE, WHERE IT IS BELIEVED PEACE OR ULTIMATE WAR IN EUROPE MUST LARGELY DEPEND ON THE DECISIONS REACHED AND THE TONE ADOPTED.

It is realised that Herr Hitler is a much more powerful figure today than on the occasion of his previous visit in 1934, but many express the opinion that by his Austrian coup Herr Hitler has seriously shaken the edifice of the Rome-Berlin axis.

There is some talk that Hitler is trying to tempt Mussolini with plans for support in North Africa and Spain in return for lessened Italian activity in Central Europe.

While French circles anticipate maximum show of "brave words" at Rome, it is expected that the combined Anglo-French conciliatory attitude will have done influence with Mussolini who, it is hoped, will endeavour to play the role rather of an arbitrator than a potential disturber of peace.—Reuter.

ANGLO-FRENCH TALKS

LONDON, May 3.

Invited by Major Attlee in the Commons to make a statement with regard to last week's Anglo-French conversations in London, the Prime Minister said that the conversation had been valuable in helping each Government to obtain a closer understanding of the others view point, and in demonstrating once again the community of outlook and interest uniting them.

Mr. Chamberlain replied in the negative to a question whether arrangements were made for nomination to certain high commands between the British and French Air and Military forces in the event of certain emergencies.

—Reuter

FLOWERS FOR FUEHRER

ROME, May 3.

Three million persons have been mobilised to line the 480 mile route between Brenner and Rome in order to acclaim Herr Hitler.

When the special train arrived at Bologna, Herr Hitler was greeted by the whistles of 200 engines in siding.

A crowd of 40,000 packed the station, and a deputation of girls presented flowers to the Fuehrer.—Reuter.

CROWDS GO INTO ECSTACIES AT SIGHT OF GANDHIJI

Vast Congregation At Dr. Khan Sahib's Official Residence

PESHAWAR, May 2.

The beautifully laid own spacious lawns of the official residence of Dr. Khan Sahib, the Frontier Prime Minister, presented a vast congregation of at least 15,000 men, women and children, at 7-30 this evening at Gandhiji's prayer time.

WOMEN TREK LONG DISTANCES

A conspicuous feature of the evening was the overwhelming number of women present on the occasion, who had treked long distances and had begun to arrive as early as 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

GO INTO RAPTURES

The crowds went into ecstacies as Gandhiji, accompanied by Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, emerged from his room and walked towards the dais. It took twenty minutes to restore calm.

Loud speakers were specially requisitioned to manage the crowds.

RINGING TRUE

The "Frontier Gandhi", in a passionate, religious intensity, read some verses from the Holy Quran.

In a voice overcome with emotion, he asked his country whether the Hindus and Muslims should unite in common cause and share each others' joys and burdens, and stop strife and disharmony.

He continued:—

"Brothers and sisters, religion teaches us that love and freedom are its kernal. Religion uplifts man and makes him a higher being. It takes him towards his great goal. Then, why this hatred and distrust of one another?

THEY DIE TO LIVE FOR EVER

"Let us march shoulder to shoulder, so that our country may be free. They alone live for ever who die in such a splendid cause. We, Hindus and Muslims, all inhabit this common land. With Truth, Honesty and Faith in God, let us pursue our path away from all temptations."

Mr. Mahadev Desai, Mahatmaji's Private Secretary, Dr. (Miss) Sushila Nair and Gandhiji's grandson then enchanted 'slokas" and sang "Hai Bahar Dunia Chand Roz."—U.P.

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Adult Franchise For City Of Bombay

JAMNADAS SUPPORTS CONGRESS GOVT. BILL

Prosperity Of Bombay Due To Workers

Not a single voice was raised on the floor of the Bombay Legislative Assembly against the introduction of adult franchise for the purposes of elections to the Bombay Municipal Corporation, when the Hon. Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government, introduced the Bill to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act.

ALL FOR REFORM

The very fact that the motions for two different readings of the Bill, were passed within two minutes of each other, shows that almost the entire House was in favour of the reforms that the Government of Bombay proposed to introduce.

Minorities Plea

There were two Members: one from the Progress Party and another from Muslim League, who, while not opposed to the system of Adult Franchise as such, were against its introduction in Bombay in 1942. One of them wanted that the voters should be trained before they were asked to exercise their right of voting; while another wanted postponement of introduction of the system, as he wanted some method to be evolved by which minorities might get a special right of representation.

Jamnadas Becomes Whole-Hoggers

THE MOST IMPORTANT FEATURE OF THE DAY'S DEBATE WAS MR. JAMNADAS MEHTA'S WHOLE-HEARTED SUPPORT TO THE GOVERNMENT. According to him the measure was so good that HE DID NOT KNOW WHAT TO SAY! This ex-Mayor of Bombay had some trenchant criticisms to offer regarding the Constitution of the Municipal Schools Committee, which laid aside everything that had something to do with education.

Attempts to get reservation of two seats for the Municipal Workers' Union and a seat for the Bombay Committee of the All-India Trade Union Congress were unsuccessful, during the discussion of the Bill clause by clause.

Consideration had not concluded when the House rose for the day.

Proceedings In Detail

Consideration of the Bill to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1938 was taken up by the Bombay Legislative Assembly on Tuesday with Mr. Naranyanarao Joshi, the Deputy Speaker, in the Chair.

Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government introduced the Bill. In moving that the Bill be read the first time, he stated that the important features of the measures were the abolition of nominations to the Corporation, the Standing Committee and the Schools and Improvement Committee, increasing the membership from 112 to 117, extension of the term of the Corporation from three to four years, reduction in the scale of salaries of certain officials and introduction of adult franchise.

The House had already accepted the principle of abolition of nominations, while the Bill to amend the Local Bodies Bill was before the House. The Wards had to be re-adjusted and seats redistributed, in view of the widened franchise. As it was, it was unwieldy and when adult franchise was introduced it would be worse. Corporation had printed ballot papers instead of the usual voting tickets. Though this would improve matters, it would not meet the requirements. In order to make the task of the voters easy, it was thought necessary that the wards should be re-adjusted and seats re-distributed.

Continuing Mr. Patil stated that the term had been extended from three to four years for very good reasons. If elections were to be held every three years, the Corporation would have to spend a great deal of money, especially when adult franchise was introduced. Secondly it was thought necessary to give enough time to the members of the Corporation to carry out their programme.

SCALE OF SALARIES

The scale of salaries of certain officials had been reduced according to the policy of Congress. There seemed to be some opposition regarding the provision about the regulation of appointments. It was not true that all the rights of the Corporation were taken away in this regard. Government felt that it was necessary to have some check, so that the right type of men were appointed. However an amendment might be moved to the clause, so that the Commissioner might submit this scrutinised list to the Corporation for decision.

As regards adult franchise, the House had already passed a resolution on the question and Government were committed to the principle of introduction of adult franchise in Local Bodies as early as possible. The earliest opportunity was being taken to introduce a Bill to implement their decision in so far as Bombay was concerned.

Replying to an enquiry from Mr. S. V. Parulekar, the Minister stated that the Wards had been redistributed on the basis of population, ratable value of each ward and the number of voters in each ward.

Dr. J. A. Collaco then moved an amendment to the effect that Clause 8 in the Bill be deleted. This Clause provides for the introduction of the system of adult franchise. According to this system, three alternative kinds of franchise are provided namely (1) residence qualification (2) business premises occupation qualification and (3) taxation qualification.

"HASTEN SLOWLY"

Dr. J. A. Collaco, while supporting the Bill commended his amendment regarding adult franchise to the House. He felt that before the system of adult franchise was introduced, the people of the city had to be trained so that they may be able to discharge their duties properly. He felt that it was necessary to recognise the principle that a voter should pay some sort of tax, at least house rent. He asked the Minister-in-Charge as to why the Corporation should not be allowed to try the five-rupee franchise before adult franchise was actually introduced. He commended to the Government, and the Minister for Local Self-Government in particular, the Finance Minister's maxim "hasten slowly". He was surprised that Government had not consulted the Corporation regarding the measure, though in the past the practice was that in every matter of legislation concerning the Corporation, it was consulted and whenever there was a difference of opinion a joint conference was convened. He was referring especially to the clause regarding the introduction of adult franchise because the Corporation was opposed to the introduction of adult franchise.

MONEY AND SEATS

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala supporting the motion for the first reading of the Bill stated that on Monday at the meeting of the Corporation the representatives of the richer and properied classes grumbled against the Government measure and he was glad that stalwarts like Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta, K. F. Nariman and S. K. Patil upheld the cause of the Assembly. The present Corporation was not representative of all the civic interests of all the 12 lakhs of citizens. Of course there were a few exceptions. One who controlled the purse could get into the Corporation and not honest workers. He felt that the Bill would change the entire process and when adult franchise was introduced, real, true and honest representatives of the people would become members of the Corporation. Then there would be nothing called slums in the city of Bombay.

WHY DELAY?

Mr. S. V. Parulekar welcomed the measure. He, however, lodged a protest against the delay in the introduction of adult franchise. He said even now Government could decide an introduction of the system in 1939, by postponing the elections by six months more. There was nothing surprising in the opposition of the Corporation to the introduction of adult franchise, as it was dominated by the landlord class. They had all through opposed the extension of franchise. Even the 5-rupee franchise had to be enforced on them by the Government. He requested the Minister-in-Charge to accept the amendment regarding the basis on which wards and seats had been distributed. He felt that due to the criterion of seats being allotted according to ratable value, the workers' wards suffered. He suggested that the number of adult voters in the area should be taken into consideration.

Mr. Parulekar refuted the argument of Dr. Collaco that the prosperity of the City of Bombay was due to those who paid taxes. He contended that the prosperity was due to the workers. The prosperity was the fruit of labour of workers. Workers were the productive class. While the rich could look after themselves, the State or the local body had to look after the interest of the workers.

THE CRYING PROBLEM

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta supported the motion for the third reading and congratulated Government on bringing forward the measure. If the session was prolonged the present measure was a compensation. He liked the measure so much that he did not know what to say (laughter). The introduction of adult franchise would give the meanest citizen of Bombay a share in the administration of the Corporation. The inevitable result of that system would be that the citizens would be able to grapple with the problems which they had not been able to do with the meagre representation that they had on that body till now. The crying problem of the city, was the housing problem.

VESTED INTERESTS IN THE WAY

Continuing Mr. Mehta stated that if the housing problem was properly tackled and the condition was improved, Bombay would be a better and healthier place to live in. When the East India Company came to Bombay they paid a rental of £10 or Rs. 133 per year for this Island and to-day the amount of rental in the City was 14 crores of rupees! This was the progress which the richer classes had made, while the poorer classes remained where they were. The 14 crores had been there due to the labour put in by the workers and the introduction of adult franchise would give them a chance to have their say in civic matters. Till now, vested interests in the Corporation had prevented justice being done to some of the deserving wards like Byculla. He felt that without Government intervention the redistribution of wards would never have taken place in the capitalist-dominated City of Bombay.

Concluding Mr. Mehta, ex-Mayor of Bombay, referred to the working of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee and said that this body deserved every condemnation. This body contained, not any qualified, educated men but men belonging to different communities. The more educated a person was, the lesser the chance of his becoming a member of the School's Committee. Anything that really pertained to education was laid aside by this Committee, though it sat practically every day to quarrel. It did everything that it was called upon not to do. You cannot cry enough shame on that body.

NEED OF PROGRESS

Mr. S. K. Patel opposed the amendment of Dr. Collaco and said that the Bombay Corporation had opposed even the 5-rupee franchise and Government had to force the franchise on the Corporation. Knowing the views of the Corporation as the Government do, the claim that Government should have consulted the Corporation on such a vital question concerning the welfare of the people was not justifiable. As regards the argument that the voter ought to be first trained before the system of adult franchise was introduced, Mr. Patil said that even when the 10-rupee franchise was there, there were more than 25 per cent of the voters, who were illiterate and had to give their thumb impression instead of signature. This was bound to happen so long as there was no compulsory primary education. As regards the inability of Purdah women being able to vote, he stated that during the last ten years Muslim women had come to cast their votes and adequate arrangements had been made and would be made in the future also. The system of adult franchise could not be introduced next year alone, because the residential qualification of six months could not be completed by the time the next elections would be held. Secondly, when there was the ten-rupee franchise, the number of voters were 1,10,000 and now that the 5-rupee franchise had come, there would be more than 2,50,000 voters. When adult franchise was introduced the number would go above five lakhs. Thus it would not be possible to prepare the electoral rolls in time.

MINORITIES' PLEA

Mr. Ismail Chundrigar opposing the introduction of adult franchise clause said that there was no need to make provision for it immediately when no avail could be made of it till 1942. Government had also to take into consideration the question of Muslim women being unable to exercise their votes. It was necessary to evolve some method by which the Muslim representation on the Corporation could be ensured. He suggested that Government should give a trial for the five-rupee franchise for some time. He was also in favour of reservation of seats for minorities in view of enforcement of adult franchise.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan said that the Muslim opinion in the city was definitely in favour of introduction of adult franchise in the City. He asked the Muslim members of the House not to be reactionary and not to hamper progress. He for one was against any safeguards for the Muslim community. He knew that the days for safeguards were over.

COLLACO'S REPLY

Dr. J. A. Collaco replied to the debate and said that he was not opposed to adult franchise. He only felt that the City was not yet fit for adult franchise. That was the view of the Corporation also. He suggested that Government should come to some compromise with the Corporation. If adult franchise were to be introduced, he wanted some reservation for Christians. He felt that under adult franchise good men would not come as members and the Corporation would be filled with men without any stake in the country.

Hon. Mr. L. M. Patil replying wanted to know if those who owned properties and land exercised their votes properly? Then why should not the poor people be given the right of voting. He felt that when they were given the right to vote they, would become much more responsible. Could it be said that the workers, scavengers, the artizans and others, who were not properly represented in the Corporation at present should not have any say in civic affairs? He was surprised at the statement that Muslim women did not go to the polls. The figures gave the lie to that statement. During the last elections 71 per cent of women had cast their votes in the North-West Frontier, while in Assam 91 per cent had gone to the polls.

The amendment of Dr. Collaco was lost without a division.

The motion for the first reading was carried without a division and the motion for the second reading was carried without a single speech and without a division.

Discussion of the Bill, clause by clause was taken up. Clauses one and two were carried without any discussion. When clause 3 dealing with the constitution of the Corporation was taken up for discussion, Mr. A. V. Chitre moved that two councillors to the Corporation should be elected by the Municipal Workers' delegates. He said that these workers were very vitally concerned in the administration of the Municipality.

Dr. J. A. Collaco opposed the amendment.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar supported the amendment and said that there was no need to give special representation for commercial interests, when they had every chance of being elected through general constituencies. Though four seats were reserved for Labour, the Municipal workers' interest would be different from those of the four representatives.

Hon. Mr. L. M. Patil opposed the amendment and said that no Municipal employee could become a member of the Corporation. There was also the fact that these employees had the right of voting and could get enough representation through labour seats reserved.

The amendment was lost.

PLEA FOR LABOUR.

Mr. S. H. Jabhvala moved that a seat be reserved for the All-India Trade Union Congress. He said that Government which had reserved seats for vested interests, who did not deserve to be on the Corporation, would be committing a judicial error if they did not reserve a seat for Labour also.

Mr. L. M. Patil opposed the amendment and said that there was already reservation of four seats to be elected by workers' delegates.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar supported the amendment said that the number of capitalists was insignificant and yet four seats had been reserved for them. Hence he suggested that the number of the workers' representatives should also be increased.

Mr. S. K. Patil opposed the amendment and stated that the Fellows could by no stretch of imagination be termed as capitalists. Besides he was surprised that a distinction was sought to be made between organised Labour in the City and the Committee of the All-India Trade Union Congress.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta moved an amendment to the amendment to the effect that the seat should go to the Bombay Committee of the All-India Trade Union Congress.

The Minister opposed the amendment which was lost. A division resulted in 11 voting for and 52 against the amendment.

Consideration had not concluded when the House rose for the day.

Picketing Of Cloves Proves Effective

Patil Reviews Progress Of Movement at B.P.C.C. Monthly Meeting

The situation regarding the clove picketing at the docks in the city was reviewed by Mr. S. K. Patil, Joint General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at its ordinary monthly meeting at Congress House on Tuesday night Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Vice-President of the B. P. C. C. was in the chair.

Picketing, Mr. Patil said, was going on in almost all the docks in the city. A few days ago, a settlement was arrived at between the All-India Clove Boycott Committee and two clove merchants of the city. Still there were 500 or 600 bales under picketing.

Volunteer were put to much trouble at their posts. Recently some of the volunteers were injured, as clove bags were hurled on them and seven volunteers were arrested and subsequently let off. Again on Tuesday morning four volunteers were beaten at Wadi Bunder. Picketing, therefore, had had to be intensified by further reinforcements in the Volunteers Corps. He was, however, glad to say that there were 50 or 60 volunteers at the docks.

It was also heartening to note that picketing conducted by the volunteers had been telling both on the city merchants and at Zanzibar, as could be gathered from the recent cables he had received from that place.

Mr. Patil, further, pointed out that every member should feel it his or her duty to contribute his or her quota to the joint responsibility which the Committee had shouldered.

He felt glad at the co-operation offered by the ward committees in carrying out clove boycott work in the city.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master was declared elected as an additional member of the A. I. C. C.

CLOVE BOYCOTT IN MADRAS

MADRAS, May 3.

On receipt of a telegram from the All-India Clove Boycott Committee, Bombay, about the decision of the Madras Clove Boycott Committee to allow merchants to clear the 1,750 bales of cloves reaching here to-morrow, Mr. C. N. Mathuranga Mudaliar, President of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee has issued the following appeal:—

"As requested by the All-India Clove Boycott Committee we appeal to the Madras Clove Boycott Committee to reconsider their decision and to desist absolutely from clearing consignments.

I earnestly appeal to the merchants once again to help us in effectively carrying out the boycott. Self-interest should not stand in the way when a large national question is involved. I understand a heavy consignment is coming to-morrow. I pray and trust that no merchant will come forward to clear this."—United Press.

TEACHERS SHOULD UNDERGO PERIODICAL EXAMINATIONS

Premier Kher On What Leads To Success Of Education

What was particularly noteworthy in schools of that type was that the child liked the school much more than his home, owing to freedom and happiness pervading it everywhere said the Prime Minister. Mr. B. G. Kher, addressing the students of the Fellowship School, on the occasion of its tenth annual social gathering. When he visited a Montessori class the other day, he was struck by the concentration and interest of children in their work.

The Prime Minister added that examinations deprived secondary education of all spontaneity. He thought that the teacher should undergo periodical examination rather than the pupil, for the success of education depended on the intelligence and personality of the teacher.

AIM OF MAHATMA'S VISIT TO FRONTIER

RAWALPINDI, May 2.

There is a feeling in political circles in Peshawar that the visit of Mahatma Gandhi to the Frontier has a greater significance than merely the fulfilment of a long standing wish to visit the home of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan.

It is felt that his presence in the province will be utilised to get an interpretation of the Congress policy regarding certain matters which have been agitating the minds of Congressmen in Peshawar. One of these is the difference of opinion over the participation of the Ministers in the reception to the Viceroy recently.

No important developments are, however, expected on this issue, although a rumour has been set afloat that Dr. Khan Sahib has told Mahatma Gandhi that, if the Working Committee does not approve of his action and takes a serious view of it, he is ready to resign.

On the other hand, it is likely that efforts will be made to bridge the gulf between the two sections of opinion on this question.—A.P.

CONGRESS SCORES WELL

Result Of Municipal Elections In Madras Presidency

MADRAS, May 2

The results of Municipal elections all over the Province so far announced show that Congress has secured majorities in 27 municipalities, besides capturing all seats in the five municipalities of Karaikudi, Devakottah, Pollachi, Karur and Udumalpet. In Karaikudi and Pollachi, the Congress candidates were returned unopposed for all seats. Of 649 seats, for which the results have been published, the Congress has secured 449 seats, but the party suffered serious reverses in Bodinayakanur and Chingleput, only five out of 16 seats being captured by Congress in the former place and three out of fourteen at the latter place.

A notable feature is the number of Muslims, Indian Christians and Anglo-Indians elected on Congress ticket. In Coonoor Mrs. E. M. David, who contested the Indian Christian Constituency on Congress ticket was elected with a thumping majority.—A.P.

CONGRESS ENQUIRY STARTS

BANGALORE, May 3.

The Sub Committee appointed by the Working Committee of the Mysore Congress to enquire into the Viduraswath shooting incident, has settled the preliminaries at its meeting this morning. The Sub-Committee will meet at Goribidnur this afternoon, when the enquiry will commence.—A.P.

MAHADEV-SARDAR PARLEY.

PESHAWAR, May 3.

It is understood that Sjt. Mahadev Desai had a brief telephonic conversation with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel (who is at Bombay) last night, and conveyed the purport of the same to Mahatma Gandhi who was observing silence.

It is further understood that the Orissa situation is being watched closely by Gandhiji and the Frontier Ministers.—United Press.

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KANARA BUS OWNERS' DEMANDS

Representation To Home Minister

(From Our Correspondent)
KARWAR, April 30.

The bus owners of North Kanara and the public served by them are grateful to the "Bombay Chronicle" for supporting the farmers' appeal for protection against unfair competition with bus owners from South Kanara. They have now made a representation to the Home Minister in the course of which they make the following constructive suggestions:

1. A Board may be created on the lines of the South Kanara District consisting of the District Magistrate, District Superintendent of Police and the President of the District Local Board with full powers to issue licences. The Board should give a hearing to the present service owners before ordering issue of licences. The Board should issue new licences only if it is satisfied that the particular route is not adequate to the volume of traffic.
2. While issuing licences, preference should be given to local owners.
3. The applicant must obtain sanction of the Board before presenting his Bus to the District Superintendent of Police for inspection.
4. Right of appeal against the order of the District Superintendent of Police in all matters should be provided for to the District Magistrate by a specific rule as the present rule 50-A is vague and admits of dubious interpretation.
5. Suspension of buses should only be ordered when the bus is mechanically unsound and not otherwise. This practice of suspending the buses for default of any other rule should be stopped.
6. In the case of breach of rules, the policy must be to undertake prosecution against the delinquent and not suspension of motors.
7. For defects discovered in the general inspection or in usual inspection, running of buses is now stopped indefinitely and arbitrarily in spite of the fact that there is a weekly inspection day. This policy should be stopped and the owner should be given an opportunity to present their buses on the weekly inspection day after remedying the defects.
8. Pending consideration of this representation, the District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police of Kanara District should maintain a status quo as prevailing on 10th March 1938 the date of our representation to the District Magistrate, Kanara and the Prime Minister, Bombay Government. The licences issued thereafter to newcomers may be cancelled.

Directions may be issued to stay issue of licences to new-comers.

The First Udipi Taluka Political Conference will be held at Katpadi on May 4th and 5th, under the presidentship of Dr. Kabboor of Dharwar.

MYSORE FIRING CONDEMNED

Karnatak Congress Appeal To Congress Working Committee

DHARWAR, May 2.

The K. P. C. C. Secretary writes:—The emergency meeting of the Council of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee met yesterday at 12 noon under the presidentship of Shri Gangadharrao Deshpande to consider the recent firing in Mysore State. Srls. Gudleppa Hallikeri, Jeevanrao Yalagi, V. V. Patil and Dr. N. S. Mardikar were present.

The three invitees from the Mysore State also represented i.e. Shri Gundappa Gowda President Mysore Congress, Shri V. S. Narayanrao and Shri Bhimappa Naik. The following three Local invitees were also present:—Shri D. P. Karmarkar, N. B. Hiramath and Dr. N. B. Kabbur.

The following resolution was adopted by the Council after four hours' discussion:—

"The Council after having read the communique issued by the Mysore Government and after having heard the representatives of the Mysore Congress is of opinion, that the firing at Viduraswatham was unjustifiable, unnecessary and indiscriminate. The Council at the same time notes with satisfaction the non-violent manner in which the people of Mysore are carrying on the fight for up-holding the honour of the National Flag. The Council hopes that the consciousness and the strength that are generated will result in for the solution of a greater question of responsible Government."

"The Council urges the Congress Working Committee to issue instructions that an All-India Mysore Day be observed and that a date for the same be fixed as early as possible."

"This Council calls upon the public in general and people of the Karnatak Province in particular to subscribe liberally to the fund started by the Mysore Congress for the relief of the sufferers in the Viduraswatham firing."

"This Council condemns the policy of continued repression of the Mysore Government by gagging the Press and having recourse to deportation and other repressive measures."

PARALLEL INQUIRY TO BE HELD

BANGALORE, May, 2.

As has already been announced, the Mysore Congress Committee have decided to set up an independent committee to enquire into the recent shooting at Viduraswatham.

The following is the personnel of the Committee:—

Mr. M. Lakshmi Narayana Rao, an Advocate of Mysore and President of the Mysore Bar Association, Chairman of the Committee.

Messrs. K. T. Satyanarayana Setty, M.L.C., M.A., Doraiswamy Iyengar, S. Nija Lingappa, M.L.C., and H. K. Veeranna Gowda, the last named will set as the Secretary of the Committee.—United Press.

Arrests At Chitaldrug

(From A Correspondent.)
CALCUTTA, (By Mail.)

Flag Salutation ceremony was arranged inspite of the Magistrate's prohibitory order under Sec. 39 M-P.R. on Sunday last in front of the Cotton Market at Chitaldrug. More than 2,000 people had assembled. Mr. M. Govindareddy, M.A., B-T., LL.B., advocate, Chitaldrug, hoisted the Flag. He was then arrested by the town sub-inspector.

The Flag was flying for an hour. Afterwards according to the programme previously settled the National Anthem was sung and the Tri-colour Flag lowered. Till then the Congressmen formed a cordon round the Flag and were protecting it. It was announced that Flag-hoisting ceremony would be held irrespective of the ban on next Sunday at 8 a.m. in the same place.

Moulana Asghar Hussein Visits Unani Medical College

(From A Correspondent).

The well-known Moulana Asghar Hussein, the ex-Principal of the Darul-Oloom, Deoband, one of the well-known Arabic Universities in the world, during his one day's visit to Bombay, visited the Unani Medical College. He expressed his satisfaction and appreciation of the work done by the infant college. He was also pleased to explain to the students the high ideals of their would-be profession in life and called upon them to work with heart and soul, making it their mission of life to live to do good to human nation.

TRAM-BUS TUSSLE

Alleged Obstinacy Of Monopolist

(From Our Correspondent)
WADHWAN CITY, (By Mail).

After the Mahajan's interference in the tram-bus tussle going on since last two years it was expected that the same would end amicably. They succeeded in persuading to the youths and ladies who were determined to fast till the public demands are accepted, to give up the fast. But due to the obstinate attitude of the monopolist the matter remains unchanged.

Further it is understood that the police have so complained before the new President of the State's Administrative Council that the violence is preached by the leaders in the meetings held in different wards to preach the boycott of tram cars and the buses till public opinion is respected. The monopolist has also sent in such sort of application. But up till now nothing untoward has happened. Peoples are ready to face any emergent measure restricting the right of the people to preach boycott.

May Day At Amalner

(From A Correspondent)
AMALNER. (By Mail).

Amalner mill-workers celebrated the May-Day with full enthusiasm. There was a procession of not less than 2,000 workers men and women. They have formed a union and all workers are members of the Union and the Congress membership increasing in the mill area. In two days time. 2,200 workers enrolled as Congress-members.

At night the workers held a meeting where Dr. Narwane presided and Messrs. S. Brahme, Narwane, Bhaleva Mohadikar and Kulkarni addressed.

PROMINENT AUDITOR DEAD

K. J. Purohit, Partner Of Batliboi Succumbs To Blood Pressure

(From A Correspondent)
CALCUTTA, (By Mail.)

Mr. K. J. Purohit partner of Messrs. Batliboi and Purohit, Auditors breathed his last on Wednesday, at his residence No. 23, Roy Street, Calcutta, as a result of a sudden attack of high blood pressure.

Mr. Purohit built up an extensive practice as auditor by dint of his energy, hard work and business acumen during the period of fifteen years that he was in Calcutta. Besides being an auditor of various large and reputed Joint stock Companies, he was also connected with various commercial associations in the City. He served as a Commissioner for the Port of Calcutta for a period of about three years, as a member of the Government Commercial Institute for three years and of the Bengal Nagpur Railway Advisory Committee for a fairly long period. Mr. Purohit was the President of the Society of Incorporated Accountants, and was one of founder-members of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta established in the year 1923. Mr. Purohit was elected as Vice-President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce only this year in recognition of the very valuable services he rendered to Chamber, on the Committee of which he was a member ever since the establishment of the Chamber.

Mr. Purohit leaves behind a wide circle of friends and admirers, three daughters, two sons, a brother and a widow to mourn his loss.

Dhrangadhra Ruler For London

(From Our Correspondent)
DHRANGADRA, May 2.

It is understood from reliable authorities that H. H. The Maharajah Rajsaheb is proceeding to London for a long trip of nine months by the end of this month and a European administrator will be entrusted with full powers to look after the administration. It is not known whether he will be permanent or temporary.

The propaganda by the Kathiawar Political Conference against the policy of merging of several talukas in the Baroda [illegible] has achieved fruit. Many Thakkars, who promised in the beginning, have flatly denied now. The Baroda Officials are greatly puzzled at the sudden change of attitude.

Jains Celebrate Pritishtha Ceremony

(From Our Correspondent)

PATRI, May 2.

Since April 28th to 5th of May the Jains are celebrating great and auspicious occasion of Pritishtha ceremony. The matter is that before two years great and learned Jain Acharya Shree Vijaydansurishwarji died at this place. The local Jains and the followers of the late Acharya in India resolved to perpetuate the memory and raised a marble temple in which the image of the Acharya will be auspiciously laid on the 5th May. Jains from many parts of India have arrived to witness this occasion. Prominent Jain leaders of Bombay, Ahmedabad, Calcutta etc. are expected on the 4th inst. For all the eight days sweet dinners will be provided to the comers and the local Jains.

The whole ceremony will be performed at the guidance of Acharyashree Vijaylabdhisurij, who was received here with great honour. Mr. Benjamin, the Patri Manager was also present.

CLOVES AT MARMAGOA PORT

(From Our Correspondent)
GOA, May 1.

A big consignment of Zanzibar cloves is expected to arrive at Marmagoa, from where they are being sent to British India. Recently steamer "Gogra" landed 1,450 bundles and s.s "Karanja" 900 bundles at the port and the dispatching work is carried out by the local forwarding agents, in spite of request to boycott them. As there is no campaign of boycott in Goa, it is feared that this port will be a centre of stocking the cloves for dispatch of stocking the cloves places.

DUTY ON BEER RAISED.

As the import of beer showed an excessive figure the Goa Government have declared an increase in the import duty. The duty was previously levied at annas eleven per gallon which has now been increased to Rs. 3-1-6. It appears that this increase will reduce the import of beer into Portuguese India. The existing stocks of beer are now being sold at the higher rates calculating the duty now raised.

JAIPUR RAJYA PRAJA MANDAL.—The first annual session of the Jaipur Rajya Praja Mandal will be held on 8th and 9th May under the presidentship of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj. The Jaipur Arts, Crafts and Industries Exhibition will be opened on 7th May by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. A special ladies' meeting will be held on 10th May under the presidentship of Smt. Kasturbai Gandhi.

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SEEN ON THE INDIAN SCREEN

"Gopal Krishna" & Other Releases Of The Week

During the next four or five weeks we shall see a succession of new Indian films—some of which promise to be the outstanding releases of the season.

"Gopal Krishna" which was held up for some weeks owing to riots breaking out in the city is at least definitely to have its premiere at the Central Cinema to-morrow (Thursday) at 10 p.m. There will be only one show on opening day but from Friday all the shows will be held at regular timings.

There is naturally keen speculation in film circles about "Gopal Krishna." Mythologicals made Prabhat famous and the success of "Tukaram" shows how well Directors Damle and Fatehlal can handle devotional themes. Few producers can exploit spectacular scenes like Prabhat and, therefore, "Gopal Krishna" is not likely to suffer from lack of mythological grandeur. The name of Shanta Apte ensures a lively Radha though it is still to be seen how the juvenile artiste, Ram Marathe shapes in the role of Shri Krishna.

(A detailed review of "Gopal Krishna" by our Film Critic will appear on this page next week).

Dhruvkumar At Majestic

Another mythological to be seen from Saturday is Shalini Cinetone's "Dhruvkumar" (in Marathi). This is a very popular theme. Years ago Madan produced a similar film, featuring Jehanara Kajjan and now another Kolhapur Studio, Prabha Pictures, has announced "Dhruva" —with an all-child cast.

Shalini Cinetone came to prominence recently when they released their devotional film "Kanhopatra", also in Marathi.

The scenario of "Dhruvkumar" has been written by Mr. Narayan Hari Apte, the author of several successful screen plays like "Amrit Manthan" and "Duniya Na Mane."

The Hindi version of the picture will be released sometime later.

New Film Of Leela Chitnis

Krishin Movietone who produced "Gentleman Daku" are releasing their second "thriller," entitled "Master Man" at Super Talkies on Friday. The cast is substantially the same as that of "Gentleman Daku", with Leela Chitnis playing the leading role. Others in the supporting cast include that well-known songstress, Indira Wadkar, Gulab, Amina, Ramlal, Dar, Omkar and Gope.

LEELA CHITNIS:
Who is featured in Krishin Movietone's thriller "Master Man," to be released on Friday at Super Talkies.

YOU WILL SEE THESE ON

THURSDAY—"Gopal Krishna", at Central, Prabhat's much-awaited film, starring Shanta Apte as Radha, Ram Marathey as Shri Krishna and Parasram, the beggar-boy of "Unexpected" in another important role.

FRIDAY—"Master Man", at Super, a thriller, featuring Leela Chitnis, Indira Wadker, etc.

SATURDAY—"Dhruva Kumar", at Majestic, Shalini Cinetone's new mythological production.

Sagar Thriller "Dynamite"

Talking about "thrillers", Sagar are releasing their "Dynamite" on Saturday the 14th May at the Imperial Cinema. The cast includes Surendra, Maya, Bibbo and Yakub.

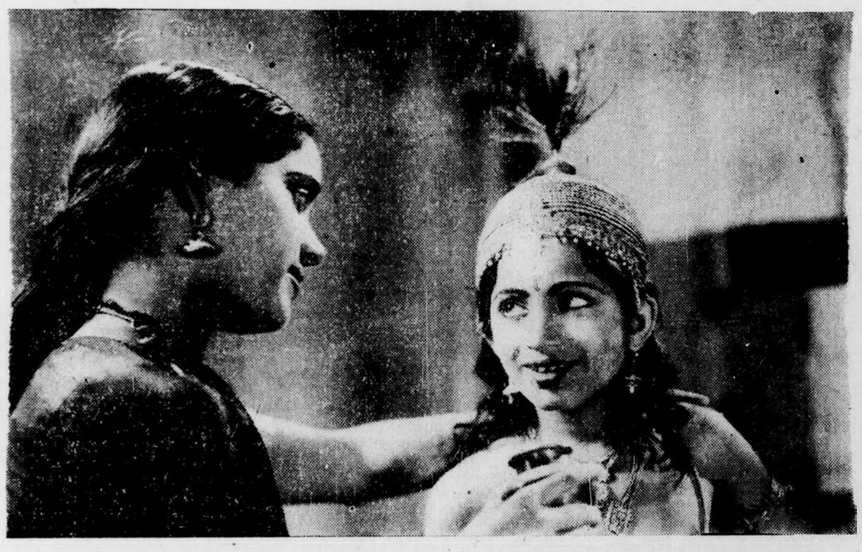
Calcutta Journalists See "Dharti Mata"

From Calcutta comes the report that a group of journalists saw some of the important shots of "New Theatres" new film "Dharti Mata" (Motherland) and expressed admiration for the theme as well as the treatment of the picture which so far as they could judge from the parts shown to them, promises to be an outstanding contribution to the Indian screen.

The picture will shortly be released in Bombay at Minerva Talkies through Calcutta Film Exchange.

MUBARAK and DURGA KHOTE: As they appear in "Soungadi," the Marathi picture, which has been a popular draw at Majestic and is due to be withdrawn this week.

SHANTA APTE as RADHA and RAM MARATHEY as KRISHNA in Prabhat's "GOPAL KRISHNA" to be released to-morrow at CENTRAL.



Cult Of Synthetic Beauty Comes To Indian Screen

(BY A. V. PANDIT)

Whenever any industry flourishes some other small industries also grow along with it. A careful analysis of the enormous industry which has sprung up in the wake of women's quest for beauty' at once suggests the recognition of the speedy growth of the film industry, under the banner of which so many 'lovelies' are produced every day out of the most ordinary stuff.

Women desire to look lovelier at least to the eyes of the contemporary man) than nature made her. This is particularly true of the film artistes who are required to be much more beautiful than they actually are. The film factories are, of course, mainly responsible for the world cult of synthetic beauty. There they have to groom, paint and pose the women they have heavily invested in, until those women can look a little smarter, prettier, better proportioned, more graceful and generally more seductive, than even the most beautiful women normally appear in real life. It is an elaborate and expensive process, but it pays!

Is This Painted Age?

How are these miracles achieved? By the process in the beauty laboratories, where the artistes are scientifically studied with an eye to achieving the best effects, the women go into the film-studios like raw materials and after being treated by the skilled beauty experts, emerge elegant, streamlined, graceful and highly finished. She becomes, in short, a "lovely"—the supreme product of the beauty business, to be used in a film as an 'artiste'.

It sounds as if one had better call this the Painted Age rather than the age of 'lovelies'. But the term is inept, for the desire to beautify dates back to the cave and the trea, and cosmetics are older than the pyramids. A green line drawn under the eyes was one of the Egyptian women's subtle beauty marks. Cleopatra probably shadowed her upper eyelids even more heavily than Mae West does hers. Chinese ladies from time immemorial have painted the face, and cultivated finger nails longer and even more gaily coloured than those of our most sensational 'elegantes' display. Old India knew plastic surgery and the rich fashionable ladies in ancient Persia spent two-thirds of their time anointing themselves with oils, grease and pigments. Both Greece and Rome pursued beauty culture when they settled down to the fine arts of living and loafing. Lucian tells us that Roman ladies squandered fortunes on Arabian unguents, and spent hours at the baths being beautified by the slaves. Athens and Rome had buildings devoted to mud or clay treatment. But the whole business in the old was costly and confined to the few. Moreover, the technique was crude, the cosmetics were coarse and few, the ideas were amateurish, and the taste was inferior, and the general effects could not have been comparable to those achieved to-day.

Symbolic Of the Age

Psychologists and cynics may interpolate that the beauty business is nothing more or less than the sex appeal business. But that is, by the way; and I am anyway in no mood to start an investigation into the beauty business in the light of Freudian theories. It is, however, relevant

(Continued on Page 14, Col. 5).

HOLLYWOOD PAYS PRICE OF BEAUTY

A million dollars will be spent by Hollywood studios on beauty treatment and cosmetics, during 1938.

Three tons—4,800 pounds, to be exact—will be used by Hollywood film actresses during the year.

The film city will use 51,840 tubes of grease paint and 3,650 cartons of eye-shadow.

Is India following in the footsteps of Hollywood?

THE BEAUTY-MAKER!
Max Factor, Hollywood's most famous "Beauty-Manufacturer," seen here telling Gloria Stuart how to look more attractive.

These Stars Are Popular

Those who believe that India has no stars will do well to see the current popular Indian films in the city. Most of these, it will be found have achieved popularity owing to the association of some stars' names with them. In some cases the talented artistes have, by sheer histrionic skill, overcome the handicap of mediocre story or indifferent direction.

Chandramohan.

The young man who achieved fame overnight in "Amritamanthan" and later in "Dharmatma" and "Amar Jyoti" is the mainstay of Huns' picture "Jwala" (Opera House). Vinayak's efficient direction helps him, no doubt, but the fair success which the picture has enjoyed is directly traceable to the impressive characterization of Chandramohan. Is it not a wonder that a film which dared to eschew cheap "entertainment" ingredients like comic punches and futile dances has yet won favour with the public?

Devika Rani

Acknowledged to be India's finest film actress, Devika Rani has saved many a picture. The characterization of "Nirmala" (Roxy), particularly in the later sequences, was a challenge to the histrionic ability of the best of artistes. She makes of it an opportunity to reach greater heights of dramatic achievement. Who shall deny that the success of Bombay Talkies' "Nirmala" is very largely due to her?

Durga Khote.

"Soungadi" (Majestic) has neither a very original story, nor is it technically perfect. But the veteran artiste, Durga Khote, lends to it dramatic vitality by her fine performance. No longer a "glamour girl," she has gained in that mature, unsophisticated charm which well suits her characterization of the Indian woman, the ideal "Soungadi." Of this picture it may truly be said that it would not have been even a moderate success without Durga Khote—and Mubarak (who almost steals the picture from her).

Motilal & Sabita Devi.

Take them away and "300 Days and After" remains a moderately amusing but inconsequential comedy—a two to three weeks' picture. It is Sabita Devi's charming personality and her newly discovered talent for comedy coupled with Motilal's easy, convincing and throughout likable portrayal of the principal role that made this film the great success that it is.

GUL BADAN:
A promising child artiste, who makes a debut in Bombay Talkies' "Nirmala."

'Chandidas' & "President"

Pending the release of "Dharti Mata" Minerva Talkies are screening some of the old favourites among New Theatres' films. This week "Chandidas," starring Saigal and Uma, is to be seen. It will be recalled that this was the picture which brought together these two popular artistes and is regarded, even to this day, as one of the finest musicals ever produced in India. The "Prem Nagar mai banaungi ghar main" duet, sung by Uma and Saigal, set the fashion in duets in Indian films and proved a record-breaking gramophone record!

Next week, we understand, Minerva will be showing "The President", the fine film which recently won nation-wide popularity.

Both these pictures were directed by that clever Director, Nitin Bose, and it is in the fitness of things that they must herald the release of Nitin Bose's latest and perhaps best effort "Dharti Mata".

Tamil Talkie At Broadway

"Bhakta Tulsidas", the Tamil film, was shown at Broadway (Dadar) on Sunday morning and was seen by an appreciative audience of South Indians. The picture depicts the life of the famous Saint Tulsidas. M. K. Radha appears in the title role while K. S. Sabita Devi plays the wife of the Saint.

The picture will be repeated at the same theatre on next Sunday morning.

Bombay Film Diary

CENTRAL: From to-morrow: "Gopal Krishna", Prabhat's much-awaited mythological picture starring Shanta Apte, Ram Marathey and Parasram.

EDWARD: "Lutaru Lalna". Wadia thriller, featuring Nadia and Sarita. Also showing Haripura Congress topical.

KRISHNA: "Himalaya ki Beti". Featuring Enakshi Rama Rao, Maya Chatterjee, Professor Ramanand. Superb scenes of Kashmir used as background for story. (Fifth Week).

LAMINGTON: "Lutaru Lalna". Wadia's thriller, featuring Nadia and Sarita. Also showing Haripura Congress topical. (Seventh Week.)

MAJESTIC: "Soungadi", starring Durga Khote and Mubarak. Excellent performance by stars. May be recommended to Marathi-knowing filmgoers. (Fifth Week.) From Saturday May 7, "Dhruva Kumar."

MINERVA: "Chandidas". New theatres famous film, starring Saigal and Uma. Outstanding revival of the week.

PLAZA: "Kanhopatra", featuring Leela. Good devotional songs. Third Week. (Revival).

OPERA HOUSE: "Jwala", Hun picture, starring Chandramohan (outstanding performance). Vinayak, Ratnaprabha, Ashalata. Good. May be recommended. (Fifth Week).

ROXY: "Nirmala", starring Devika Rani with Ashok Kumar Outstanding performance by Devika Rani. Excellent technique Must be seen. (Third Week).

WEST END: "300 Days and After", smart comedy drama by Sagar. Good work by Sabita Devi and Motilal. May be recommended. (Seventh Week).

Mid-Week Change At The Broadway

R. K. O. Radio's romantic drama, "Sea Devils" starring Victor McLaglen, Preston Foster and Ida Lupino, showing from Wednesday till Friday next at the Broadway, Kingsway, Khodadad Cirlcle Dadar.

McLaglen appears in the role of a hard-boiled Bo'suns Mate on the Coast Guard, who become greatly concerned when his daughter Ida Lupino, shows interest in Preston Foster, a happy-go-luck sailor who prides himself on being quite a ladies' man.

MAYA CHATTERJI: An educated young lady from Delhi, who appears for the first time on the screen in Bhavnani Production "Daughter of Himalayas" (Krishna).

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Swadeshi And Commercial Discrimination

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,— I was interested and pleased to read the United Press message regarding Working Committee's definition of Swadeshi and its implications in your issue of the 29th. The question of commercial discrimination and safeguards is of vital interest for the commercial independence of India. I may be permitted to recall here the opinions of two leading Indian businessmen like Sir Phiroz Sethna and Sir Chunilal Mehta, incidentally both being directors of the Bombay Steam.

The following is an exerpt from the debates on the Commercial discrimination report of the Federal Structure Committee, second session of the Indian Round Table Conference, on 27th November 1931.

"Sir Phiroz Sethna: Lord Chancellor, Mr Benthal commenced his speech yesterday with the observation that the subject with which we are dealing is supposed to be a very controversial one. If it is so it is our European friends who have made it controversial question because of the demand they have made, which demand has been backed up in several representations made by the Associated Chambers of Commerce, to the effect that certain statutory safeguards or guarantees should be provided in the new Constitution against discriminatory legislation.

The best answer to that from the Indian point of view is to be found in just one sentence in the rejoinder published in October 1929 by the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry. That sentence reads as follows:—

"There can be no self government in India if she is to be denied the power to devise and follow a national economic policy, including the right, if her interests require it, of making economic discrimination against non-national interests."

We take our stand on this— Sir Phiroz Sethna: So far back as 1916, when Sir William Clarke was Commerce Member of the Government of India, in the course of a speech supporting the appointing of the Industrial Commission he said: "The building up of industries where the capital, control and the management should be in the hands of Indians is the special object we all have in view." If that was the object in 1916, that object continues to exist to-day, there is greater need for it now, fifteen years later.

Similarly Sir Chunilal Mehta as President of the Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay, on 25th July 1931 said, 'inter alia', as under:—

"I might say that it is still more irritating to the Indian merchant who feels that under the present system in his own country non-Indians have enjoyed, and are enjoying unfair advantages and yet Sir. Hubert Carr and his coterie expect that not only would this country gladly accept loss of legitimate business and profits, but that she will swallow the degradation of India's status by agreeing beforehand to restrict her own powers, powers which are enjoyed and excercised in daily administration by other dominions. The talk of sympathy for India's aspirations towards Dominion status in such circumstances appear, to call it by no harsher terms, purely pil-sympathy. If, as I have said, powerful countries have felt the necessity to exercise discrimination against equally powerful countries still more is it necessary for a poor and weak country like India to have no obstacle put upon its discretion to use that power. This is not to say that India will thoughtlessly apply restrictions, for being and exporting country she has a great deal to fear from retaliation, and the history of the action taken by the various countries show that they carefully balanced the benefits after giving full weight to the capacity of the opponent to hit back. After all trade can only flourish in an atmosphere of goodwill, and in order that negotiations can take place on any question on an equitable basis it is essential that these negotiations should be amongst parties with equal powers. Otherwise, as Mahatma Gandhi has pointed out, "What is the equality of rights between giant and a dwarf? To talk of no discrimination between India's interests and English or European interests is to perpetuate helotage."—Yours, etc.,

"POLITICUS"

Borkar Contractor School For Muslim Boys

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—In the recently passed days of aggravated communal tension in the city of Bombay, not to mention other places, it is with very great delight that one can turn his eyes to the one sterling act of charity alone by a Hindu gentleman of Bombay.

Gajanand Swami Borker is a highly reputed astrologer of Dadar, hailing from Ratnagiri District. He is a Hindu by caste and is very religious. He is very charitably disposed and benevolent. He has already presented his native village with a magnificent Hindu temple and a school for Hindu children.

But I am here concerned only with his latest act of charitable benevolence. He has built a school and has presented it to 'the Muslim community for their exclusive use of their Muslim children.' This single act original benevolence shaping as it does as an act of love and courtesy by one community to another far outshines any other charity inasmuch as, it bears the approval of mankind.

His acts of benevolence of this kind, translated into *practical gifts of visible charity standing for prosperity to see and emulate* that we want. I am really proud to write this letter to bring before the public at this juncture such form of charity.

Will members of the Hindu Community and vice versa follow Mr. Gajanand Borkar's example and thus cement Hindu Muslim unity by creating visible monuments of inter communal mutual brotherly love.—Yours etc.,

RADHA
Cartoonist.

Bombay, April 28.

Rural Medical Relief

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—I wish to draw the attention of the Bombay Ministry to the following situation, which ought to be remedied soon:

There are Government dispensaries in every taluka in the Kanara District in each taluka town. But the area covered by each taluka is not less than radius of 10 to 25 miles Each dispensary is in charge of a L. C. P. S. doctor, who gets a start of Rs. 60 rising upto Rs. 200. He gets free quarters. He is also allowed private practice charges rupee one for each visit within the town. So far there can be no grievance

But the dispensary is not meant only for the town but for the whole Taluka. Medical relief to villagers is an important factor to which the Government must pay better attention than in the good old days. There are only four beds in each taluka dispensary and they are meant only for the Government servants, generally from the Forest, Abkari and police departments. The villagers find no room there, except in exceptional cases. So the only way left open is to take the doctor to the village whenever there are serious cases But the cost of such visits by doctors is very exhorbitant. The doctors on an average charge not less than rupee one per mile. If the patient is in a village ten miles away from the hospital, he has to pay not less than Rs. 10 as medical fees in addition to convevance charges. You can therefore realise how costly it is to take a doctor in villages. The doctor, who thus gets his monthly pay, who has free quarters and stock of medicines supplied by Government makes this an extra source of income.

Thus it is impossible both for the poor or the middle class to requisition a doctor in remote villages. As a result medical aid is not availed of in many cases and the patients either succumb or unnecessarily linger.

Now the Ministers have set a good example by fixing their own monthly pay at Rs. 500. They are trying to stop the system of 'Bakshis' in all departments. It is therefore high time that this relic of good old days should also disappear soon. At a time when doctors were very few, this scale had come into practice. But day by day poverty is increasing, there is depression everywhere. Even the legal fees of pleaders are reduced from five per cent. to three, but the scale of medical fees is still the same. I can quote facts and figures and even some suits filed in Karwar Court, wherein this heartless scale has been exposed.

As this was the prevailing scale, the private, practitioners have followed the same scale. But when compared to the doctors in Government service, their position is weaker. The Doctor in charge of the Government dispensary has at his disposal free supply of medicines, free quarters, free establishment and above all his fixed monthly pay. Hence there can be no justification for the high scale of fees in the case of doctors in service of the Government.

It is therefore high time that Dr. Gilder should handle this subject which may be casually affecting villagers in other districts.

I wish him to enquire how several villagers have been abandoned by the villagers and they have been now turned into forest area because the villagers could get no relief to fight even the malarial fever. The poor villagers therefore feels it better to give up the village lands and turn into a cooly in the town, because there he can have all amen of medical aid at cheap cost. So if the population in village should increase and tiller of the soil should thrive in the villagers, it is highly essential that medical aid should be available to him at cheap cost.

The policy of the Government has been to recover nominal charges for the medicines, that are given out in such dispensaries. Likewise is it not the sacred duty of the Government to enable the poor ryot in villages to get medical relief at a nominal cost? Will Dr. Gilder try to tackle this problem?

My suggestion is that dispensaries should be opened for every central village which can command relief to 5 to 10 thousand population. We find such dispensaries in south Canara, in the Madras Presidency. But our Presidency still lags behind in granting such relief to the villagers and it is high time that the Government should enable the villager to feel that he can obtain medical aid whenever necessary at cheap cost.—Yours etc.,

B. S. M.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Burhanpur Protest

L. "VIJAY KUMAR" (Akola)

Protest against the resolution passed by the Burhanpur Municipal Committee prohibiting its employees from taking active part in any political movement, as being anomalous and reactionary.

Congratulations

S. V. RAMAN congratulates Mr Kamath upon the courage of conviction he has shown in resigning from the I. C. S.

Manmad Railway Bridge

THE PRESIDENT of the Nandgaon Taluka Congress Committee requests the railway authorities to extend the overbridge of the station on both sides so as to connect the town and the railway colony where the Hospital is situated in order to obviate the great inconvenience caused to the public at present.

Matric Algebra Paper

N. S. A. in reference to question 11 B in the matriculation Algebra paper observes, "The only possible interpretation of the data is contrary to all the existing conventions in mathematics. Surely this is a serious lapse on the part of the paper-setters and is bound to affect the interests of the examinees. Will the authorities look into the matter?"

Bombay Riots

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—All of us in these parts are proud of the Bombay Minister, who has taken strong, quick and brave action against the recent attempts to bring about a serious communal riot.

The Bombay Government should pursue this matter deeply and find out the persons, who are behind this movement What the Government should do is to give pardon to those accused, who would completely without any reserve, whatsoever disclose the secret power, behind such riots The C. I. D. must be employed without any reserve. A number of murders and grievous hurts have been caused and the main idea of the Government should be to expose those, who are behind the scene and get them punished with the extreme penalty, which is possible in the circumstances.—Yours etc.

S. R. NARAYANA AYYAR.

A Congress Compendium

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—May I suggest that as the period of Pandit Jawaharlal's Presidency of the Congress covered one of the most interesting phases of Congress history, a small volume might be published giving a fairly detailed account of all the important events, policies, and acts of Congress and its president, during the last three years. Such a book would be invaluable to serious students, the Parliamentary Board activities alone being a most important matter. At present no such concise account and analysis comes out, although it is usual in other countries. Blue books and statistical reports are not read by public, and it is really difficult to obtain a birds-eye-view of Congress work unless one goes to the length of collecting thousands of old newspapers. I think each presidency of Congress should be surveyed in a volume written by the ex-president himself.—Yours, etc.,

S. R. SHROFF.

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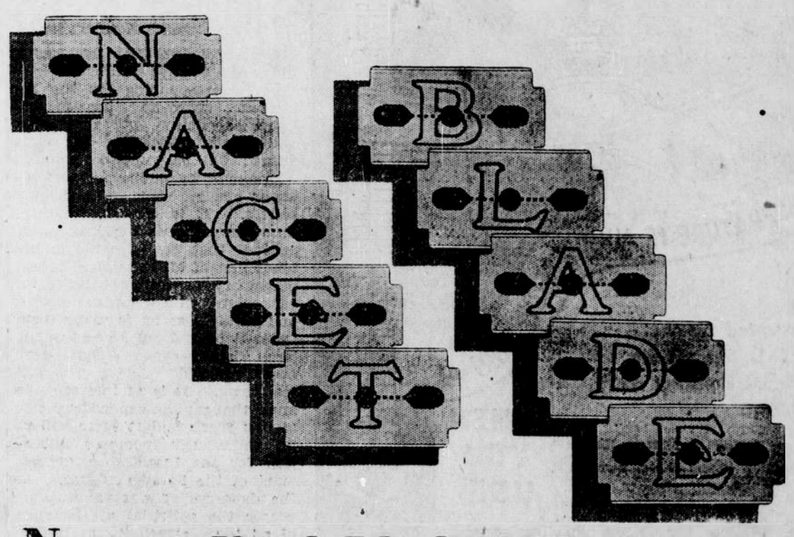

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TONGA STRIKERS HOLD DEMONSTRATION

(From Our Correspondent)

AJMER, May 2.

All the local tongawalas and gadhewalas, who have been on strike for the last four days against the harassments of the S.P.C.A. and the Police Departments arranged a large procession yesterday morning, when hundred of strikers with their animals walked through the main bazars of the city, crying out slogans against the S.P.C.A. and the Motor Out-Agency.

Prominent Congressmen led the procession and Messrs Balkrishna Garg, Abdussakur and S. Bhaktanand addressed the public at various places.

Several local organisations and merchants have urged the competent authorities to intervene and fulfil the just and reasonable demand of the strikers.

The strikers are firm in their determination and the merchants of the bazar intend to join them in the strike if a compromise is not arriving at between the authorities and the strikers soon.

BIRTHDAY BOONS TO SAYLA SUBJECTS

(From A Correspondent)

SAYLA, May 2.

On his 48th birthday, the first after coronation of the Thakore Saheb of Sayla, a special durbar was held this morning when 4 addresses were presented by the State and Rajkot subjects.

In reply the Thakore Saheb announced that Rs two and a half lakhs worth of debts owned by State farmers and bhayats were remitted other beneficent measures were also referred to.

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OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from Page 6.)

being announced that this was a very conservative estimate and that corresponding to the increased speed-up considerably larger expenditure will have to be undertaken. Whether the sums needed will be raised through taxation or by additional borrowing is one of the Chancellor's secrets. It is certain, however, from various hints that have been dropped that Sir John Simon intends first of all to tighten up the machinery of revenue collection particularly with regard to income and surtaxes so as to make them water-tight and put an end to the large scale evasions that have been practiced during the last few years. It is of interest to know that on the expenditure side of this year's budget there will be an enormously increased allocation for the Intelligence Department of the Foreign Office. As the danger of war approaches nearer the activities of the spies of all the principal militaristic countries are also increasing and larger and larger sums are being everywhere devoted for this purpose.

German Maid Servants

In this country the presence of a very large number of German and Austrian domestic servants is causing considerable anxiety. Allegations have been made in the House of Commons that these foreigners, who are mostly women, are sent to this country after being put through a course of intensive training during which they are taught how to spend their time in this country in a manner that would be most helpful to the military and industrial departments of the German State. Over 40,000 German and Austrian residents are domiciled in Great Britain and since the Nazi regime requires every one of them to be attached to the Nazi party and take instructions from the local party leader, some anxiety is being expressed by members of Parliament and others that such a large force of trained foreigners might prove to be a serious danger to the safety of this country. There can be no denying that many of these foreign maids and cooks are employed in centres like Aldershot where many high officials of the British Army are stationed and it is reliably stated that they make a habit of noting down everything that goes on in the household and every conversation that they overhear amongst the members of the family.

May Day

Since the First of May falls this year on a Sunday there will be the largest May Day demonstration in London that has ever been seen in this country. Hitherto the Labour Party has insisted on holding its demonstration on the Sunday following the First of May, while the Communists and other working class parties have held theirs on the first of the month whatever day of the week it happened to be. There has therefore been a certain dispersal of the forces that would come out to join in the demonstration but since the First of May this year falls on a Sunday the Labour Party has no excuse for putting off its demonstration and will have to join with the other parties. An enforced Popular Front is bound to be witnessed Sunday week in Hyde Park, and as last year a large Indian and Ceylonese contingent accompanied with banners and flags will participate in the demonstration. At the offices of the India League in Strand a number of Indian students—men and women—are at present busy at work preparing the banners, and Congress flags that will be carried by the Indian and Ceylonese contingent on the 1st of May. Slogans such as "Down With Imperialism", "Down with Federation," "India Stands for Complete Independence" "No Truck With Chamberlain Government." "India Supports Spain's fight for National Independence," "India Boycott Japanese Goods," "India Condemns and Repudiates Mussolini's conquest of Abyssinia," etc., etc., will be shouted by the Indian contingent as it marches from the Thames Embankment to Hyde Park.

Mr. F. J Varley, who retired from the I.C.S. in 1916 after several years' service in the Bombay Presidency, has been elected to an honorary Fellowship at Oriel College, Oxford. Mr. Varley was an Open Scholar of Oriel 1891-94.

Dismissal Of Factory Workers

Questions In Assembly

"Government have no reason to doubt that cases in which workers in public and private Industrial concerns are dismissed, discharged or otherwise punished by the employers without assigning any reasons, do occur" said Mr. B. G. Kher. Prime Minister in reply to a question by Mr. S. H. Jabhvala in the Bombay Legislative Assembly on Tuesday.

The Prime Minister added "But where rules or standing orders provide for a period of notice being given on either side to terminate the contract of employment the law does not require any reasons to be given, when the contract is in fact terminated. Under the Payment of Wages Act 1936, any employee who is fined must be told the reason therefor and be given an opportunity of showing cause why the fine should not be inflicted"

Government were not aware, continued Mr. Kher, that the workers were generally dismissed or discharged after a month's notice. The period of notice depended upon rules or standing orders, custom, etc. In the case of Bombay Mills for example for the period of notice was 14 days.

Q: Do Government intend to take any steps to improve the lot of the workers in these matters?

A: Question relating to notice and kindred grievances will no doubt be taken up with a view to awards and agreements being registered when the proposed Trade Disputes and Conciliation legislation is passed into law.

Replying to Rao Bahadur G. K. Chitale, Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister made a statement regarding the number of European officers under the Government of Bombay since 1st April, 1920 in the various Departments. He said that there were in the Indian Civil Service 150 European officers on 1st April 1920, 108 on 1st April 1928 and 62 on 1st April 1937. The last figure included the officers serving in Sindh. On these three dates respectively there were in the Indian Police Service 69 officers, 62 officers and 55 officers (including officers serving in Sindh).

In the Indian Medical Service there were 28 officers, 18 and 16 respectively. In the Indian Educational Service there were 39, 21 and 7 respectively. The Prime Minister also gave a list of Europeans in the various other Departments of Government. The total number of Europeans in the Government of Bombay in the Higher services were 477 on the 1st of April 1920, 404 on 1st April 1928 and 230 on April 1st, 1937.

ABOLISH LICENTIATES' COURSE ALTOGETHER

Genera Secretary A.I.M.L Association, Bombay, writes:—

A monster petition with signatures of some of the influential members of the Medical Profession, members of the various branches of the All India Medical Licentiate's Association and that of the various other Medical bodies in the Bombay Presidency has been submitted to the Hon. Minister of Health. Dr. Gilder The petition runs as follows:—

"We the members of the Medical Profession of this Presidency have learnt with great alarm that the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Bombay is contemplating to extend the course of studies of Licentiates to 4-1/2 years after a pre-medical I. Sc., course as against the 5 years' course after I.Sc., prescribed by the Bombay University for the M.B.B.S.

"We feel that the proposal of the College if carried through, will perpetuate the existing differences amongst the members of our noble fraternity. The Ministers Conference held in Madras last X'Mas which was attended by your goodself, we are glad to learn, has unanimously resolved "the adoption of one uniform standard of Medical Education throughout India consistent with the special circumstances prevailing in each province and without lowering the Standard of University Education" and as such, we firmly believe that you will not, as the representative of the Indian National Congress, and as the Head of the Medical Department of our Province, countenance any such disastrous move on the part of the College.

"We, therefore, fervently appeal to you to nip the proposal in the bud and instead, abolish the present Licentiates' Course altogether and take steps to raise the Standard of Education in the Medical Schools to that of the University.

Congress M. L. A. Fined Rs. 50 For Contempt Of Court

ALLAHABAD, May 3.

The High Court Bench consisting of Justices Ahmed and Harris sentenced Dr. Bishwanath Mukherji, M.L.A., (Congress) of Gorakhpur for contempt of court.

Dr. Mukherji had written two letters to the Tehsildar of Basgaon before whom a criminal case was pending.

In the first letter he requested the Tehsildar to hold a thorough enquiry into the case and then do the needful. In the second letter he wrote "We (presumably meaning local Kisan Sabha of which Dr. Mukherji is the President) have held enquiry into this case. We want to compare this with the enquiry, you will hold and thereby, get it verified."

Their Lordships held both these letters constituted interference with the course of justice. The second letter was a "veiled threat" to the Tehsildar to be careful that he did not arrive at a contrary conclusion. Mr. Vishwanath Mukherji expressed regret. In writing to the court he said he had not realised the gravity of his action when he wrote those letters.

Their Lordships fined him Rs. 50 in default two weeks' imprisonment.

In another similar case also Mukherji was fined Rs. 50.

In the course of the judgment their Lordships observed "a large number of communications had been addressed to the courts in this province during the last month by persons on behalf of the parties in both cases. Two cases, which we decided, are first of this class. Having regard to the attitude adopted by Dr. Mukherji we felt able to take a lenient view of these offences. We trust, however, that leniency will not be abused.

"This court will not tolerate any attempt to bring pressure upon the judicial officer, particularly junior judicial officers, who are not in a position to defend themselves."

Released Political Gets 10 Years' R. I.

MYMENSINGH, (By Mail).

Being unanimously found guilty of abducting in order to commit murder, accused Suresh Chandra Saha has been sentenced to hard labour for ten years, by Mr. S. K. Haldar, Additional Sessions Judge. He was also charged under Section 201 I. P. C. for causing disappearance of evidence of offence, along with his co-accused, Tyeb Hossain and both were acquitted of that charge.

It was alleged that Suresh was convicted and sentenced to 2 years' R. I., in the Hilachia dacoity case, a political case, in which the deceased was an approver. Two years ago Suresh was released and since then picked up an intimacy with the deceased Radhika Saha and his family. On the night of occurrence Suresh requested Radhika to accompany him to Harishabha, but both went to the house of Tayeb Hossain. Later Radhika was stabbed to death and his dead body was found on the bank of a pond, where the accused persons left it.

The defence was that the accused was a man of no character, and was murdered by unknown persons. The accused were prosecuted as a result of party feelings in the village.

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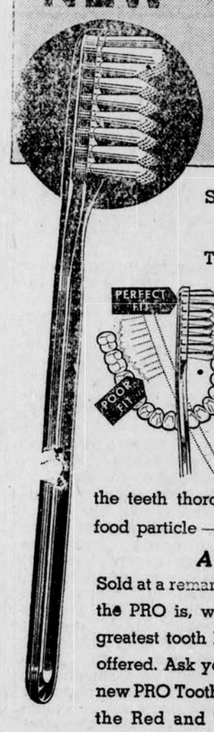

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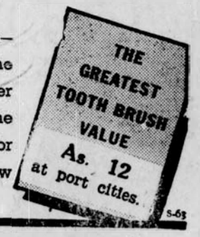

S-63

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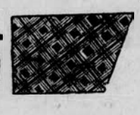

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BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay, May 2.

Receipts from 1st Sept. 1937 to 28th April 1938		1,970,832
Same time previous season		2,563,710
Exports from 1st Sept. 1937 to 28th April 1938	1937	1936
United Kingdom	31,475	64,591
Continent	175,109	301,161
China	74,267	11,600
Japan	425,824	1,082,335
Coast Ports	48,473	23,736
U. S. A.	—	6,685
	755,148	1,490,108
Total exports by rail 1st Sept. 1937 to 28th April 1938		270,282
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. 1937 to 28th April 1938		732,627
Sam period last year		492,286
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 28th April 1938		1,153,963
Same time last year		1,188,952

KARACHI STATISTICS.

Total receipts from Up-Country from 1st Sept. 1937 to 21st April 1938	1,370,635
Same time previous season	2,100,802
Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept. 1937 to 14th April 1938	865,494
Same time previous year	1,423,400

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Liverpool, May 3

No Precipitation. Much warmer in entire Belt. Forecast: Entire Belt partly cloudy.
PHILLIP. 3-5-38

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 30th April	8,226
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	1,993,323
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,584,642
Decrease	593,829

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
July 114 Oct. 130 Dec. 136 Jan. 139 March 143 at Cross Rate 4.98 13/16.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1938 159—Liverpool May 1938 4.62 Rs. 42 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A. 1938 161/8—Liverpool July 4.72 Rs. 44 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1939 172/10—Liverpool May 1939 4.99 Rs. 44 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach J/A. 1938 161/8—New York July 8.67 Rs. 31 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.98 13/16.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1939 172/10—New York March 8.84 Rs. 24 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.98 13/16.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay May 2.

Broach A/M. 1938 op 160 3/4; highest 161 1/2; lowest 160 5/8; closing 160 5/8.
naked Jun/Aug. sellers 25
lowest 163 1/4, closing 163 1/4.
Broach A/M. 1939 op 174 3/8; highest 175 1/2; lowest 174 3/8; closing 174 3/8
Oomra May op. 143 7/8; highest 144 1/4; lowest 143 7/8; closing 143 1/2
Oomra July op 146 1/4; highest 146 3/4; lowest 145 7/8; closing 145 7/8
Oomra D/Jan. op 156; highest 156; lowest 155; closing 155.
Bengal May op. 120 3/4; highest 120 3/4; lowest 120; closing 120.
Bengal July op. 122 1/2; highest 122 3/4; lowest 122 1/4; closing 122 1/4.
Bengal D/Jan. op 130 1/4; highest 130 1/2; lowest 130 1/4; closing 130 1/4
T/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. (21-5-38) Rs. 4 1/4
T/Mandi for Broach J/Aug. (24-6-38) Rs. 8
T/Mandi for Broach A/May 1938 (24-3-39) Rs 25

Tenders:	Broach	Oomra	Bengal
2-5-1938	1,050	300	1,600
Total to date	1,950	300	1,600

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, May 3.

July	53.00
August	53.20

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, May 3.

May	219.50—50
August	208.50
September	208.40—130
November	208.70—120

Produce Receipts

Bombay, May 3.

Wheat	7,101 cwts.
Linseed	26,336 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	811 cwts.
Gingellyseed	120 cwts
Poppyseed	54 cwts
Groundnuts	5,968 cwts.
Castorseed	1,751 cwts.
Rice	2,405 cwts.
Myrabollams	1,121 cwts.
Cottonseed	12,942 cwts.
Mowrajeed	30 cwts.
Gram	1,091 cwts.
Joowar	204 cwts.
Maize	36 cwts.
Barley	388 cwts.
Bajree	316 cwts.
Indian Sugar	4,342 cwts.

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BRITISH IRON AND STEEL INDUSTRY

New Business Small And Stocks Accumulate

The monthly review of the Barclays Bank State:—

Quelt conditions have continued to rule in the markets for iron and steel products, although products generally have been actively employed and there has been little evidence of any falling off in deliveries. Many consumers have covered their requirements for some time ahead and appear to be reluctant to enter into further contracts. As was generally anticipated, the Import Duties Advisory Committee announced during the month that they did not propose to make any recommendation for the continuance of the existing reduced rates of Customs duties on imports of certain iron and steel products after 31st March, the date fixed for the expiry of the provisions of the Treasury Orders under which the reductions were made. The Order of March, 1937, adding pig iron to the free list had no date of expiry, but, early in March, the Import Duties Advisory Committee received an application for the removal of pig iron from the free list and the imposition of an additional import duty. The application, which is now under consideration, did not cover certain special grades of the metal. In anticipation of the reversion of the British import duties to their former levels, foreign suppliers have accelerated their deliveries of iron and steel and, as a result, there has been congestion in several directions. New business in pig iron has been small and stocks have accumulated both at blast furnaces and at consumers' works. It is thought, however, that the surplus will be quickly absorbed. Supples of semi-finished steel have also been very large. The demand for the products of the finisher steel department of the industry has remained substantial. At the end of February, there were 124 furnaces in blast, compared with 130 at the close of January, and the output of pig iron during the month amounted to 693,300 tons, against 761,100 tons in January, 1938 and 603,700 tons in February, 1937. Although the latest figure shows a reduction compared with the preceding months, the average daily rate of output was greater. The production of steel ingots and castings during February was also very large, totalling 1,057600 tons, which is the highest figure ever recorded in February throughout the history of the industry and compares with 1,081,400 tons in January and 995,900 tons in the corresponding month last year. Exports of iron and steel and manufactures thereof during February were smaller than in January, but, compared with Fbrruary 1937, while their volume was less by 22 per cent., their value was 6 per cent. higher.

ARTIFICIAL SILK INDUSTRY

Bright Future Assured

(BY X-Y-Z.)

The question of establishing artificial silk industry in India has been engaging the attention of commercial public for a long time. The possibilities of producing artificial silk may be considered from various aspects; the prospects of the industry, suitability of climate, extent of capital required, availability of raw materials and labour and the like and the conclusions arrived at may be summerised as follows:—

1. India is importing rayon yarn and goods to the extent of four crores of rupees every year. This is a sum which it will be worthwhile for the Indian textile industry to endeavour to retain in the country by producing artificial silk in the country itself.

2. The Indian climate would not militate against the progress of this industry, as climate plays very little part in the processes connected there with.

3. Capital would be available in plenty if the profitable nature of the industry were demonstrated.

4. A cheap and abundant supply of skilled and unskilled labour as well as cheap supply of electricity due to Hydro Electric system is available.

5. The raw materials required for the industry in short staple cotton and cotton waste, the cellulose content of which is 85 per cent. is available in plenty at cheaper rate.

6. With a capital of one crore of rupees and a production capacity of 4,400 lbs. of artificial silk per day a net profit of 10 per cent can be expected even from the very first year of its working.

From the imperial stand-point too, this is an industry of considerable importance. The experiments conducted by the imperial council of Agricultural Rssearch, the Indian Research Bureau and the Indian Central Cotton Committee seem to show that the manufacture of artificial silk is an industry in no way unsuited to Indian conditions.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, May 3.

GOVT. SECURITIES.

3 1/2 per cent Paper	98/9
4 per cent 1960-70	114/8
5 per cent 1945-55	118/4

BANKS.

Baroda	111
Bank of Hindusthan	34/8
Central	30/8
Imperial Bank F.P.	1550
Imperial Bank P.P.	380
India Bank	39
Indian Overseas Bank	49/8
Reserve Bank	117/8
Union Bank	

TEXTILES.

Ambica	1440
Arun	400
Arvind	1160
Asok	395
B. Dyeing	810
Buckingham and Carnatics	186
Century	231/4
Central India	230
Colaba	145
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	300
Elgin	212
Gokak	147/8
Indore	50
Jubilee	223/12
Kohinoor	250
Laxmi Cotton	475
Mysore	95
Marsden	111/14
Morarji	1030
New Great	207/8
Raipur	705
Rajnagar	335
Simplex	74/6
Swadeshi	196/4
Sajjan	97/8
Vishnu	1270
Madhusudan	200
Khatau	105

HYDRO ELECTRIC.

Andhra Valley Ord	1420
Tata Hydro Ord.	148/2
Tata Power Ord.	140

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad Electrics	133/12
Bombay Suburban	160
Bombay Tram.	126/4
Surat	167/8
Ajmer	12/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	300
Associated Cements	116/12
Belapur	145
Bombay Burma New	177/8
Bombay Burma Old	515
Bombay Steam	220
Bombay Telephone	91/4
Burma Corporation	6/8
Br. B. Petrol	3/5
Dalmia Cement	8/6
Indian Bleaching	131/4
Industrial Investment Tr.	40
Indian Radio Ord.	425
Indian Radio Defd	502/8
Indian Copper	2/5
Indian Iron	28/10
Mysore Sugar	23
Port Canning	680
Premier Construction	61/12
Scindia Steam	18
Shivrajpur	42
Tata Oil	27/8
Tata Steel Ordy.	226
Tata Steel Defd.	955

JUTES.

Birla Jute	15/8
Howrah	40/4
Hukumchand	5
Kamarhatty	390
Kankanarrah	296/8
Lawrence	390
Reliance	55

JUTE SHARES FLUCTUATE BOTH WAYS

Calcutta, April 29

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co. have issued the following report:—

Teh outstanding feature of the week under review was the announcement of the British Budget and its effect upon prices on the London Stock Exchange. In view of the rearmament programme both direct and indirect taxations have been increased. Under the circumstances it was quite natural that the markets in India were slow to show any improvement in prices. As a matter of fact there is very little trade demand. In some quarters a fair amount of speculative exchange business is being undertaken at a rather less than 1s. 6d. This exchange weakness has given rise to a brighter sentiment on all the commodity markets. The Jute section in view of a definite break down of negotiations for any new working agreement exhibited nervousness and prices all round were marked down by 10 to 20 points in investment issues. Indian Iron and Steel remained steady. There was hardly any feature of interest in the miscellaneous section.

JUTE

The speculative counter Howrah on bazar rumours of progress of settlement talks fluctuated both ways. At one time the price was marked down to 38/2 but at the close of the period under review some reports about fresh hopes of settlement pulled it up to 41/4. The up and down trend of prices has nothing to do with the actual position of the Jute industry. At present all is dark and it remains to be seen if the materialising of the new working agreement brings any solace. Barring a few recalcitrants, the overwhelming majority is in favour of a settlement. Turning to the actual trading we have to record recessions in prices in all the leading counters. Kamarhatty were quoted at 395, Kanknarrah at 295, Anglo-India at 257, Auckland at 140, Standard at 220, Naihati at 266, Lansdowne at 127, National at 19, Clive at 19/4, Empire at 19/8, Reliance at 54/8, Nuddea at 29/12, Hukumchand at 5/4, Birla at 15/4, Agarpara at 14, Bally and Barnagore were respectively done at 150 and 106. Budge Budge were priced at 216.

Dividend: Howrah -/12/-, Reliance -/14/-; Anglo India 2/8.

Cotton: This section was almost featureless. Kesoram were quoted at 6/10, Elgin done at 121.

Coal: A restricted business was concluded in this section as there was hardly any buying inquiry. Bengal were priced at 300, Equitable at 34/12, Burrakur at 13 c.d. Bokaro Ramgarh at 15/12, Mundulpore at 7/14; New Beerbhoom at 17/4, Raneegunj at 30/12, Amalgamated changed hands at 23, Union at 20/8.

MISCELLANEOUS

Indian Iron and Steel improving to 29,3 receded to 28/10 at the close. Steel Corporation of Bengal were good at 5/6 and the Preference at 77. Indian Galvanizing were recorded at 17/8, Indian Standard Wagon at 41, Kumardhubi Eng ord were taken at 2/10. In mings Burma Corporation were a steady feature at 6/9, Consolidated Tin at 4/14, Indian Copper at 2/6, Rhodesian Copper at 1/11, Tavoy Tin at 1/7, B. I. C. ordinary were easy at 3/2, Dunlop Rubber ord were marked at 13/4, B. B. Petroleum at 3/4, British Ceylon Corporation at 5/4, In Sugar section Carew were priced at 10/12, Buland at 10, Murree Brewery at 12, Cawnpore Sugar at 16/4, Bengal Telephone ord done at 18/4, Preference at 14, Reserve Bank were an improving market business being done upto 116.

STANDARD ALL-INDIA CONTRACTS

Wheat, Linseed And Groundnuts

An informal meeting presided over by Sir Bryce Burt, Vice-Chairman, Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, was held at Delhi on Monday 4th April between the Central Marketing Staff and representatives of certain grain and seeds trade associations and Chambers of Commerce. The main purpose was to arrive at a final decision in regard to the terms and conditions of standard All-India contracts for wheat, linseed and groundnuts with the object of their adoption by the Trade as early as practicable. This objective was achieved in so far as wheat and linseed were concerned and the meeting agreed that all "futures" and delivery contracts made henceforward in respect of May 1939, and subsequent deliveries, should conform to the All-India standard contracts for these two commodities. The next step is for the many Chambers of Commerce and Grain Trade Associations to amend their byelaws and rules of trading accordingly.

NON-RECIPROCAL

In a number of instances the contracts at present in use by the trade are of a non-reciprocal nature whereby the seller receives no premium should be tender goods superior to the basis i.e. containing a lower proportion of foreign matter and impurities. The decisions arrived at represent a noteworthy advance on the present position inasmuch as a system of mutual allowances now attaches to a number of factors, as for example, dirt and barley, and other food grains in the wheat contract. Thus the grower is given some incentive to market his produce in a cleaner state.

The following is a summary of the more important conditions agreed upon.

WHEAT

Dirt: The basis of the contract is 1 1/2 per cent mutual i.e. allowances at full value to be paid by the buyer for wheat containing less than 1 1/2 per cent dirt. Between 1 1/2 per cent and 3 per cent deductions to be made for dirt at full value, between 3 per cent and 5 per cent deductions to be made at full value and in addition, a cleaning charge to be paid by the seller at Rs. 3 per 100 bags. (This does not preclude the seller from cleaning the goods at his own cost by mutual arrangement) Buyer's option to reject if the proportion of dirt found exceeds 5 per cent.

BARLEY

Basis 2 per cent mutual at half value. Assuming the goods to contain only 1 per cent barley the buyer would make an allowance to the seller of 1/2 per cent which is half of the difference between the actual proportion of barley found and the basis. Between 2 and 6 per cent deductions to be made at half value, between 6 per cent and 10 per cent at full value and if the proportion of barley is found to exceed 10 per cent the buyer has the option to reject.

Damaged wheat: Basis 1 per cent free, between 1 per cent and 2 per cent deductions to be made at half value, and between 2 per cent and 3 per cent at full value with buyer's option to reject over 3 per cent.

Slightly damaged wheat: Basis 2 per cent free, between 2 per cent and 4 per cent deductions to be made at one fourth value, and between 4 per cent and 6 per cent at half value. Over 6 per cent rejection at buyer's option.

Shrivelled wheat: Basis 1 per cent free, between 1 per cent and 4 per cent deductions to be made at one fourth value, between 4 per cent and 6 per cent at half value and over 6 per cent rejection at buyer's option.

WEEVILLED

During the months of April and May there is no free tolerance, the presence of any weevilled grain whatsoever in new crop wheat entitling the buyer to reject. During June, there is no free tolerance, any proportion of weevilled up to 1/4 per cent being treated as valueless, with a rejection limit over 1/4 per cent. As regards July also there is no free tolerance. Up to 1/4 per cent weevilled may be accepted and paid for at the rate of three fourths the value of sound wheat (i.e. deductions to be made by buyer at one fourth value), between 1/4 per cent and 1/2 per cent being treated as valueless, with a rejection limit of over 1/2 per cent. In August the tolerance is 1/2 per cent free, between 1/2 per cent and 1 per cent being paid for by the buyer at three fourths the value of sound wheat. Above 1 per cent the buyer has the option to reject. During September there is a free tolerance of 1 per cent, between 1 per cent and 2 per cent deductions being made at one fourth value, with rejection, at buyer's option, should the proportion of weevilled grains exceed 2 per cent. The free tolerance for October is 1 1/4 per cent, between 1 1/4 per cent and 3 per cent deductions being made at one fourth value with rejection over 2 per cent. During November the free tolerance is 1 1/2 per cent, between 1 1/2 per cent and 4 per cent deductions being made at one fourth value with rejection over 4 per cent. During December and January the free tolerance is 1 1/2 per cent. Between 1 1/2 per cent and 4 per cent weevilled wheat is paid for at three fourths the value of sound wheat and over 4 per cent to 5 per cent at half value. The rejection limit operates over 5 per cent. As regards February and March, the free tolerance is 2 per cent. Between 2 per cent and 4 per cent deductions are made at one fourth value and between 4 per cent and 6 per cent at three fourths the value of sound wheat. Should weevilled grain content exceed 6 per cent the buyer has the option to reject.

Red wheat in white: Basis 20 per cent free non-mutual with a allowance to buyer at 1/2 pie per maund for each 1 per cent over the basis.

(To be continued.)

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when they're washed at home
with SUNLIGHT SOAP

Lakhs of householders all over India are saving money and getting better results by having their clothes washed at home with Sunlight Soap. Clothes washed with Sunlight last longer because Sunlight gets out the dirt without the need for beating and rubbing which ruins fabrics. Sunlight Soap is very thorough; but it is safe for washing all your clothes, because it is made only from pure vegetable oils, and contains no harmful ingredients whatever. Have your clothes washed at home, and make sure they're washed with Sunlight. India's most popular soap.

Use Sunlight Soap for the *daily* wash too! Garments that must be washed every day are kept fresh and fragrant when Sunlight is used. A good soaping, a squeeze through the rich suds, a thorough rinse, and your garments are spotlessly clean. Wash the Sunlight way every day.

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SUNLIGHT SOAP

INDIA'S *most popular soap—made in* INDIA
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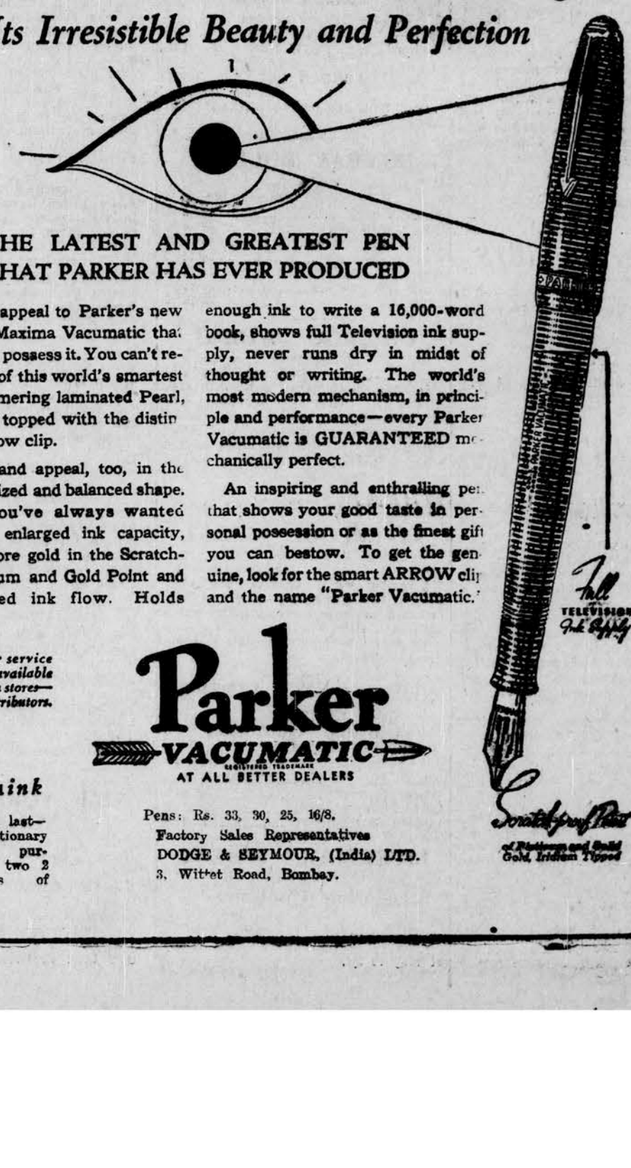
Flashes to the Inward Eye
Its Irresistible Beauty and Perfection



THE LATEST AND GREATEST PEN
THAT PARKER HAS EVER PRODUCED

There's eye appeal to Parker's new Major and Maxima Vacumatic that urges you to possess it. You can't resist the lure of this world's smartest style—shimmering laminated Pearl, rich in gold, topped with the distinguished Arrow clip.

There's hand appeal, too, in the new slenderized and balanced shape. The pen you've always wanted with 102% enlarged ink capacity, one-third more gold in the Scratch-proof Platinum and Gold Point and self-governed ink flow. Holds enough ink to write a 16,000-word book, shows full Television ink supply, never runs dry in midst of thought or writing. The world's most modern mechanism, in principle and performance—every Parker Vacumatic is GUARANTEED mechanically perfect.

An inspiring and enthralling pen that shows your good taste in personal possession or as the finest gift you can bestow. To get the genuine, look for the smart ARROW clip and the name "Parker Vacumatic."

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Pens: Rs. 33, 30, 25, 16/8.
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Full TELEVISION Ink Supply

Scratch-proof Point of Platinum and Gold, Iridium Tipped

70-44

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON TWO POINTS DOWN

Irregular Trend In Franc

WHEAT EASY

BOMBAY, May 3

NEW YORK COTTON

Cotton market was clouded by several bearish factors chief of which were favourable weather reports, weakness abroad and absence of demand. After opening lower prices further declined on lower Liverpool cables and scattered selling.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Lower overseas cables induced scattered selling and realising. Poor demand for actuals created further disappointment and prices ruled easy.

BOMBAY BULLION

Silver opened quiet and steady but prices eased on realising with buyers keeping aloof in absence of any foreign stimulating cables.

Gold opened quiet and was devoid of interest with narrow movements in dollar restraining operations.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1938

New York, May 3

Previous closing	8.67
To-day's opening	8.55
Difference	—11
To-day's closing	8.65
Difference	—02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1938

Liverpool, May 3

Previous closing	4.73
To-day's opening	4.71
Difference	—02
To-day's closing	4.66
Difference	—07

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs. 159
July August	Rs. 161-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 3

New York cotton was clouded by several bearish factors chief of which were favourable weather reports and weakness abroad coupled with absence of demand.

Trading in July began at 8.56 i.e. eleven points lower than last closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and scattered selling and July liquidation with Liverpool again selling on differences, but thereafter prices rallied on some trade price fixing and covering with price rallying to 8.59.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 3

The following were the opening ranges:—

July (8.71/8.70) 8.57/8.56
October (8.78/8.76) 8.66/8.64
December (8.81/8.80) 8.68/8.67

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 3

July (4.73) 4.64
October (4.85) 4.77
July (6.52) 6.39
November (6.71) 6.59

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 3

Trading in Broach commenced at Rs. 160/12. The market early declined on scattered selling but soon after some improvement followed on covering purchases and local buying otherwise operations were colourless. Closed quiet at Rs. 160/4.

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 3

The rates at 2-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 3/4
India: Pekoe higher (1-7 1/4) 1-4 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-1 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9 1/2) 1-9 1/2

JUTE

First marks C.I.F. Continent New Crop (£17 1/2 paid and buyers) £17 1/2 paid
Dunlop April (£20) £20
Lightning April (£19) £19

RUBBER

Spot (5 7/16 value) 5 9/16 buyers
Forward July September (5 9/16 paid and sellers) 5 11/16 paid and value

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April May (£11 11/16 May June sellers) £11 5/6 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April (£13 1/16 May sellers) £12 15/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata April (£12 May sellers) £12 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal May (£10 7/16 June sellers) £10 3/8 sellers

METALS

LONDON METALS

London, May 3

Tin (£156 buyers £155 1/2 sellers. Weak) £153 1/4 buyers £153 3/8 sellers. Easy.
Lead (£14 11/16 buyers £14 3/4 sellers. Easier) £14 7/16 buyers £14 1/2 sellers. Easy
Electrolytic Copper (£42 1/2 to £43 1/2) £42 1/4 to £43 1/4
Iron (112) 112

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. New York On London

New York, May 3

Previous closing	4.98 13/16
To-day's opening	4.98 13/16
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.98 3/4

T. T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, May 3

Previous closing	4.98.68
To-day's opening	4.98.81
To-day's closing	4.98.81

FRANC RATE

London, May 3

Previous closing	162.81
To-day's opening	162.75
To-day's closing	164.93

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 3

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.98.81 and then improved to 4.98.87 with rate subsequently showing easier trend.

Franc opened at 162.75 and then slightly weakened to 163.50 on scattered support.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/32
Paris on Bombay (12.173) 12.361
New York on Bombay (37.35) 37.33
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/4) 0.93 1/4
London on Milan (94.77) 94.82
London on Shanghai (1-0 7/8 nominal)
1-0 3/4 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (3/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.
4 months (9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.
6 months (5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent

BULLION

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, May 3

"India sold. Speculators small buyers. Market is steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, May 3

Spot	(18 11/16d.)	18 5/8d.
Forward	(18 1/2d.)	18 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 3

Gold Bars fine per ounce (£6-19-6 1/2) £6-19-6

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 3

Silver ready	49	6	0
Silver Vaisnakh	49	4	0
Silver Jeth	49	2	0
Gold ready	34	14	0
Gold Vaisnakh	34	14	0
Gold Jeth	34	13	0
Sovereign	22	10	9

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 3

Chicago wheat opened quiet with May at 0.78 3/4. Prices after remaining quiet displayed some steadiness on scattered local support influenced by better outside markets with rate rising to 0.79 1/8.

WHEAT

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 3

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with May at 79 5/8 and July at 79 1/4. Prices eased on lower overseas cables which induced scattered selling and realising with poor demand for actuals creating disappointment.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, May 3

Wheat May	4 6 9
Wheat September	4 6 9
Linseed May	7 9 3
Linseed September	7 9 0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, May 3

Liverpool wheat market closed to-day at May 79 3/4.

3½ P. C. GOVT PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 3

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed finally at Rs. 98-8-6.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, May 3

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £93.

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Friday April 22	£93 1/2
Monday April 25	£93 1/2
Tuesday April 26	£93 1/2
Wednesday April 27	£93
Thursday April 28	£93
Friday April 29	£93 1/4
Monday May 2	£93

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 3
2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£100 1/4) £100 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£93) £93
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£115 3/4 ex div) £115 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-68 (£109) £109 1/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/4) £112 1/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-79 (£107 1/2) £107 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 5/8) £74 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£101 7/8) £102 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 1/4) £106 1/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£112 3/4) £113
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/4) £101 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£111) £111 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 3

London Stock Exchange was generally quiet owing to lack of fresh developments.

Giltedged securities ruled quietly steady. Three and half per cent quoted at £93 i.e. unchanged from previous close.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (14) 13-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (58) 58-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/6) dol 4 1/8
Elec Music Industry (13-10 1/2) 13-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (31-10 1/2) 31-6
Imperial Chemical (31-10 1/2) 31-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (64-1 1/2) 64-1 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£31) £32 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (29-6) 29-6
Unilever Ordinary (36-10 1/2) 36-4 1/2
Ford Motors (18-3) 18-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£60 1/2) £60 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (105-7 1/2) 105-7 1/2
Carreas A (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (136-3) 136-3
P and O S N Company Deferred (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Distillers (95-6) 95-0
Bredfords Dyers (4-3) 4-3
British Celanese (3-0) 3-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (40-3) 39-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (40-0)40-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-1 1/2) 4-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (23-3) 22-9
Inter Nickels (dol 44) dol 45
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (43-9) 43-9
Tata Steel Debenture (£104) £104

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (41-3) 41-3
Empire of India (28-9) 28-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-6) 25-0
Gule Kelampong (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (24-6) 24-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (38-9) 38-9
Burma Corporation (9-9) 9-9
Rio Tintos (£15) £15
East Rand Porprietors (58-9) 58-9
Rand Mines (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 7/8) £15 7/8
Associated Leaseholds (83-9) 83-9
Trinidad Leaseholds (96-3) 96-3
Sub Nigel (£10 1/8) £10 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (27-6) 26-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 7/8) £7 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (25-7 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Anglo Iranian (80-0) 80-7 1/2
Burma Oil (117-6) 117-6
Mexican Eagle (4-6) 4-6
Shell Transport (83-9) 83-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£35 1/8) £35 5/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£56) £54 1/2
London Midland and Scott. Ordinary (£2[illegible] 3/4) £21
London North Eastern Def. (£3 3/8) £3 3/8
Southern Def (£20 5/8) £20 3/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£128 1/2) £128
London Transport 'C' (£78 3/4) £78 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 3

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

U S Steel Common New Stock (dol 41 3/4) dol 41 3/4
General Motors (dol 28 7/8) dol 29
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 25 1/2) dol 25 7/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 95) dol 95

UNEMPLOYMENT IN BIHAR

Govt. Appoint Board For Year

PATNA, (By Mail).

The following press-note has been issued by the Information Officer, Government of Bihar:—

The Government of Bihar have decided to constitute an Employment Board composed of the members named below for a period of one year in the first instance to advise and help the Employment Bureau attached to the Department of Industries in finding employment for educated young men belonging to the Province and to consider and advise Government on schemes and proposals and any other measures necessary for relieving unemployment.

Chairman: The Hon'ble Minister in charge of Education and Development (including Employment)

Vice-Chairman: The Director of Industries, Bihar.

Secretary: Officer-in-charge of the Bureau.

Members: The Director of Public Instruction, Bihar.

Mr. A. M. Hayman, Representative of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Jamshedpur.

Mr. Kundan Lal Agarwala, Representative of the Rohtas Industries Ltd., Dalmia Nagar.

Mr. Parasnath Sinha, Representative of the Sugar Industries.

Divisional Superintendent, E.I.R., Dinapore, Representative of the Railways running through the Province of Bihar

Mr. P. S. Keelan, Representative of Mining Industry.

Messrs. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, Muhammad Shafi, Vindhyeshwari Prashad Varma, Rajeshvar Prashad Narayan Sinha, M.L.A.s; Rai Bahadur Satis Chandra Sinha and Mr. Saiyid Mobarak Ali, Members of the Legislative Council.

Two representatives of the Unemployment Association to be nominated by the Association.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

Jutes Rule Easier

CALCUTTA, May 3

Jutes generally ruled easier in the speculative counter. Howrahs after opening steady at 40/2 dropped down to 39/6 on heavy selling pressure and finally closed at 39/10. Coals were featureless with exception of a few scattered deals. Teas: The undertone continued steady but business was almost neglected. In miscellaneous apart from the usual dealings in its chief leader Indian Irons at more or less easier prices there is practically nothing interesting which calls for any special comments. Government securities quiet but steady. Following are the closing quotations

Securities: Three per cent loan 1951/54 103/2 small lot; three and half per cent Government paper 98/7, two and three quarters per cent 1948/52 100/8; four per cent loan 1943 108/5.

Banks: Central Bank 31/8; Karnani Industrial Bank 3/14; Reserve Bank 116/8.

Railways: Ahmadpur Katwa 89; Bankura Damoodar 89/12; Kalighat Falta 90; Sara Serajganj 102 ct.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textile 3/14.

Coals: Bengal Giridih 1/15; Bhulanbararee 8/8; Central Kurkend 11/4; Churulia 1/4; Dioli 5/13; East Indian 23/4; New Beerbhoom 17/4; New Manbhoom 22/2; Barnagore 106 small lot; Bally 141; Champdany 131/8; Chitavalsah 9/8; Clive 19/10; Hukumchand pref 89 small lots; Kamarhatty 315; Kanknarrah 293/1 small lot; Orient 1/7; Burma Corpn 6/8; Indian Copper 2/5 cum div; Rhodesia Copper 1/13; Dalmia Cement ordy 8/15; do defd 2/11; Bengal Aerating Gas 50/8; Bengal Telephone ordy 18/1; do pref 14/2; Hukumchand Steel defd 1/14; Indian Iron and Steel 28/9; Steel Corpn ordy 5/10; do pref 78; Burma Petrol pref 125.

Miscellaneous: Dunlop Rubber first pref 123/1; Indian Rubber Manfg 21/4 small lot; Rohtas Industries ord 20/12; Indo Burma Petrol pref 125; British Burma Petrol 3/4; Assam Saws annas 15; India General Navgn ord 100; Balrampore 3/4; Murree Brewery 11/1 small lot.

Debentures: Three and quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 103/2; five and quarter per cent 1938/50 Rohtas Industries 100/1; five and half per cent 1932/62 Calcutta Municipal 127.—A. P.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. One Crore Fifty lacs of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 3rd May 1938. Total amount offered was Rs. 3,15,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-10-3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-10-0 allotted approximately 55 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,50,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1-7-7 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 1,00,00,000 of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 10th May 1938. Successful tenderers should make payment on Thursday, the 12th May 1938. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 29th April 1938, Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,90,25,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

REPRESSION IN MYSORE

(Continued from page 6)

ported, and as we read now 32 have been killed in the police firing and 48 wounded. God knows what else is in store for Mysore!!!

Mysore Government seems to forget the causes that led to the awakening in their own State. They forget that the present movement in their State is built on solid foundation. The rock on which the Mysore Congress stands to-day is so firm that it cannot be shaken by any one, however mighty he may be. World forces have helped the organizers in moulding the materials they have used in building this solid foundation. It is evident, therefore, that they have not judged the strength of the organization and the determination of organizers against whom they are using the repressive measures. It is not possible for them even though they may use all weapons that they possess to stop the onward march of determined people. The more the repression on the part of the Government the more shall be the resistance.

Part of Karnatak.

Mysore is a part of greater Karnataka—nay—it is Karnataka itself. As such the duty of those who live in British Karnataka is quite clear. The people of Mysore are our kith and kin. We cannot forsake them in their hour of need. We must sink and swim with them. The salvation of Karnataka lies in it.

Moreover, British Karnataka cannot afford to forget the help that has been rendered to them by Mysoreans during the two Satwagraha campaigns. We must be grateful to Mysore for having given us men, money and material. How can these facts be forgotten? They did all this not with the intention of reaping any fruit for themselves but with the pure idea of helping us in our fight for Swaraj. Even now they are telling us that they need no help from outside their State and that they, relying upon their own strength, would carry on their fight to a successful finish.

However, it is for us to think and act. If the present repression continues in the same manner then it shall be the bounden duty of British Karnatakis to help the Mysoreans to fight their battle.

The British Indians know that as an organization the Congress cannot take any steps. It cannot, as per the decision arrived at Haripura, take part in any movement of a political nature in any State. But the same resolution permits individual Congressmen to enter the States and take part in Political activities also. As such any British Karnataki can, on his own responsibility, enter the State of Mysore and help his brethren there in achieving their goal. If individual Congressmen decide not to sit quiet, and make up their mind to walk straight to the heart of Mysore, what will be the fate of the State?

Beware!

Let the Mysore Government consider all this and act. Let it not even for a moment think that the help that is likely to be given to them by the Imperial Government is going to materially affect the situation. It may be easy for them to crush a multitude of men but it shall be impossible for them to get rid of an idea that catches the minds of the populace. It spreads and spreads quickly in every direction. The circumstances in the country and the world are changing fast. How then can Mysore lag behind? And if the Government of Mysore does not keep pace with it, it will only meet with a crushing defeat.

CULT OF BEAUTY

(Continued from Page 10).

to probe the driving force behind the dazzling creation of an age of 'lovelies'. Different people may put different meanings to it. But for the purpose of this essay, however, I define it as meaning "Synthetic beauty". Some persons may regard synthetic beauty as unaesthetic. But then I have the same strange feeling which strikes me as being ultra natural. Everyone to his taste. For me synthetic beauties relieve and enliven the grim landscape of this sanguinary age. They are at one with its mechanical and scientific spirit. They are identified with the vast phenomenon of the business and mass production. In short, I like them; and for their arch type, Garbo, she strikes me as by far more significant than Epstein or Einstein, Ramsay or Roosevelt, Fuhrer or Ford.

In this era of commercialisation of everything is counted on its economic value and the beauty business is no exception. All human needs and desires, legitimate and illegitimate have been commercialised. The commercial exploitation of women's yearning for beauty is only relatively new because men were slow to perceive the illimitable and stable market until the vogue of film-making started. Formerly masses of women had to be persuaded to accept a mode and manner which they had always supposed was either shameless or the privilege of the rich and exalted. But the requirements of the films and the taste created by the films have necessitated the compulsory adoption of beauty methods to all its artistes and, through them, by all women who patronize the movies. And who doesn't?

To see some of the recent Indian films makes one wonder if the cult of synthetic beauty is making its appearance in India, too!

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, May 3

P and O S N ss Jeypore of 3209 reg tons Captain Fahier arrived from Karachi with cottons, iron and general cargo.

K Nixon ss City of Durban of 3671 reg tons, Captain R Walmsey arrived from Manchester via Port Said with general cargo

SAILED

B I S N ss Gambada of 3252 reg tons Captain G H Johnson sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N ss Hatimura of 4158 reg tons, Captain N W West sailed for Rangoon via Mangalore and Colombo with local cargo.

B I S N ss Chyebassa of 4022 reg tons, Captain W Dewherst sailed for Calcutta with local cargo.

Anchor Line ss Castalia of 4171 reg tons, Captain R Hutchinson sailed for Navlakhi Bedi Bunder and Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 3-5-38.

S S Kunshima Maru (N Y K) for China Japan Ports.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, May 3

2 Jeypore 3209 Japan 7-5 M M
5 City of Durban 3672 N F, N F, K Nixon

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Chyebassa 4022 Calcutta 3-5 M M
3 Bankura 1896 Persian Gulf 4-5 M M
4 Varela 1926 Busra 5-5 M M
9 Gambada 3252 Karachi 3-5 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Goalpara 3216 Calcutta 3-5 M M
M Barpeta 1892 N F, 11-5 M M
K Rizwani 3306 N F, N F, T Morrison
N/O Jalamohan 3146 N F, N F, Scindia S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Comorin 5-5-38 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 12-5-38 P and O S N
Maloja 19-5-38 P and O S N
Rajputana 26-5-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 2-6-38 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Castalia 27-4-38 Anchor Line
City of Benares 11-5-38 K Nixon
Clan Macinnes 6-5-38 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG.

Reichenfels 4-5-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Djambi 9-5-38 Volkart Bros.
Pres Adams 8-5-38 F F Campbell

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 17-5-38 L Triestino
Tergestea 10-5-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Marin Sanudo 9-5-38 L Triestino
Laconia 3-5-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Victoria 28-4-38 L Triestino
Bhutan 8-5-38 P and O S N
Conte Verde 19-5-38 L Triestino
Toyooka Maru 16-5-38 N Y Kaisha
Tango Maru 30-5-38 N Y Kaisha
Corfu 28-5-38 P and O S N
Kifuku Maru 10-5-38 O S Kaisha
Italy 25-5-38 O S Kaisha
Kidderpore 7-5-38 P and O

FROM BASRA

Vasna 7-5-38 M M
Bamora 5-5-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Strathaird 7-5-38 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 14-5-38 M M
Kenya 21-4-38 M M

FROM RANGOON

Nirpura 4-5-38 M M
Garmula 4-5-38 M M
Jalamani 3-5-38 Sc. S N
Gurna 7-5-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 5-5-38 M M
Kunishima Maru 3-5-38 N Y Kaisha
Nalgora 3-5-38 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathaird 7-5-38 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 14-5-38 P and O S N
Nalgora 11-5-38 M M
Mooltan 21-5-38 P and O S N
Corfu 28-5-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 2-6-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury 11-5-38 K Nixon
Britannia 27-5-38 Anchor Line
Castalia 13-5-38 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Adams 9-5-38 F F Campbell
Pres Van Buren 13-5-38 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 19-5-38 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 28-4-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Koyama Maru 1-5-38 N Y Kaisha
Conte Rosso 17-5-38 L Triestino
Rajputana 26-5-38 P and O
Taijin Maru 8-5-38 O S Kaisha
Kunishima Maru 6-5-38 N Y Kaisha
Naldera 9-6-38 P and O S N
Keifuku Maru 25-5-38 O S Kaisha
Victoria 30-5-38 L Triestino

FOR SYDNEY

Comorin 5-5-38 P and O S N
Maloja 19-5-38 P and O S N

FOR SAIGON

Laconia 5-5-38 L Triestino

FOR BASRA

Barpeta 11-5-38 M M
Varela 5-5-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 11-5-38 M M
Takliwa 25-5-38 M M

FOR CALCUTTA

Chyebassa 3-5-38 M M

FOR KARACHI

Reichenfels 8-5-38 L Edward
Vita 7-5-38 M M

B. P. I. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Stratheden 30-4-38
S S Varela 2-5-38
S S Goalpara 2-5-38
S S Bankura 2-5-38
S S Gambada 3-5-38
S S Netravati 2-5-38
S S Sonavati 2-5-38
S S Rizwani 2-5-38

EXPORTS

City of Durban for Piracus: 4926 bags linseed Ralli Bros

For Manchester: 500 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 250 bales cotton raw A Podar; 250 bales cotton raw A Khimji; 375 bales cotton raw B Mawji; 5835 bags linseed K Devchand; 437 bales cotton raw N Rajaram.

For Liverpool: 54 bags kang B Balwant; 253 bags lentil B Balwant; 62 bags groundnuts B Balwant.

S S Castalia for Liverpool: 20 bales cotton waste G M Vyas.

For Manchester: 75 bales cotton fly Sapt Textile Products Ltd.

For Marseilles: 25 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 28 bales cotton waste T Laxmidas.

S S Nizam for New York: 100 bags sandalwood S Nowroji.

For Philadelphia: 75 bales wool raw C Lister; 35 bales wool raw D Abraham; 77 bales goat skins D Abraham.

S S Jeypore for Osaka: 500 bales cotton raw N Nagshi; 500 bales cotton raw J Dossa; 100 bales cotton raw Langley.

For Kobe: 978 bales cotton raw N Nagshi; 500 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo; 600 bales cotton raw G Dossa; 400 bales cotton raw S R Tulshan.

S S Kunishima Maru for Yokohama: 250 tons iron scrap Ali Bros.

For Kobe: 800 bales cotton raw N Nissho; 1000 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha; 400 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading.

For Osaka: 1000 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha; 1500 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading.

IMPORTS

S S Victoria Agents L Triestino from Shanghai: 6 cases silk and art silk piecegoods.

From Manila: 162 coils rope.

S S Bankura Agents M M and Co from Basra: 89 bags beans.

From Bushire: 190 bags roots; 11 bags attari; 619 bags poppyseeds; 176 bags c seed; 1147 bags almonds.

From Bahrein: 3 tons gold.

From B Abbas: 45 bundles m roots; 17 bags castorseeds; 30 bags gum.

From Muscat: 1430 bags dates; 177 bags sardines; 33 bundles fish; 1 bundle specie.

From Koweit: 17 bundles species.

From Karachi: 20 bags prowns; 9 bundles fish manum; 7 bags salted fish.

From Porebunder: 23 bales c p goods.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 3-5-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .003 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.9 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.8 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 90.7 degrees 0.7 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 78.5 degrees 0.7 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 75 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 84 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 17 miles per hour.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 3-5-38

A. 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 87.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.97 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.75 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

NO SPURT IN TRAIN ROBBERIES

Bihar Govt. Dispels Misapprehensions

PATNA, May 3.

The attention of the Government of Bihar has been drawn to a somewhat misleading article which recently appeared in the Press, in which it was alleged that there has been a spurt of train robberies in Bihar and the United Provinces during the last few days, states a Press Note.

The article went on to suggest that the public were justified in considering that night travel was unsafe that culprits escaped scot-free and that police measures for the protection of the public were insufficient.

The Government desire to make it known that there were only two train robberies in the Province of Bihar during the last six months. Both the cases have been detected and the accused are on trial. One of these cases occurred on February 28 on the B. N. Railway near Sitamarhi, and the other on March 19 on the E. I. Railway near Bhagalpore. There was no similarity in these cases and the train robbery, which recently occurred in the United Provinces. Parties of Police are detailed on various sections at irregular intervals, and travel on different trains is being selected every day. This secures an element of surprise as criminals are not aware of the trains by which the police may be travelling.—A. P.

Liverpool Selling In New York Cotton Market

POOR OFFTAKE AND PRICES DECLINE

Buying Incentive Lacking

Bombay, May 3.

The lower Stock market did not help cotton where Liverpool selling on differences was an important contributant in the decline. The market opened steady but declined on Liverpool Cables, Commission house liquidation and local selling with the offtake poor apart from trade price fixing at limits. Spot demand was discouraged on buying of near months and resulted in considerable July liquidation and exchanging. Southern offering were light and while buying incentive was lacking, traders were cautious on the short side. Finally local selling appeared and the market was quiet.

At the opening July was quoted 7 points down at 8.71 and prices improved one point 8.72 which was the highest level. Later on increased selling prices declined and July was quoted 8.67 which was the lowest level. The market finally closed at a net decline of 11 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices declined 11 points at 8.67c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy on increased selling and closed at a decline of 11 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 11 points at 8.81c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with July 4.75. The market was dull on lack of speculative incentive. Local support absorbed May liquidation. Later on straddle buying against New York met professional liquidation and the market closed at a decline of one to three points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed one to three ton prices closed one point down at points. Middling American spot cot- 4.77d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet. Giza futures closed 16 to 8 points down. Uppers futures lost 3 to 6 points. Spot Sakels declined 16 points at 7.72d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was irregular and Sakeis futures closed 19 points up to 2 points down while Ashmouni futures closed 8 to 3 points down.

Messrs. Rathi and Co., in their weekly report state:—

President Roosevelt continually endeavours to prevent such a state of things taking place in U. S. A., but he does not seem to succeed in that. There must be some defect in judging power of President Roosevelt however clever he may otherwise be. What awe and power his mere utterances commanded in the years 1933-34 are not to be found to-day even in his actions.

POVERTY INCREASES

Under such circumstances poverty is increasing in the world, and the efforts which are being made to remove it being only superficious do not succeed. Consequently as time passes purchasing power of the people is decreasing and in absence of demand the prices are also declining. In other words bad time is getting out in a worse form.

Political games are being played like a game of chess. The future depends on who will be caught in this game and who comes out and where. It is not possible to attain true peace as the main basis is clouded with distrust and selfishness.

POLITICAL SITUATION

The otherwise clear political situation of India also seems to be getting clouded. The changing economic developments are causing more anxiety. The problem of Rupee Exchange has begun to present a difficulty in the political situation of the country. The Government has undertaken to maintain Rupee exchange at 1s. 6d. In future when history is written it will be known that this policy of Sir Basil Blackett has done more harm to Britain than benefit. But the situation created since 1931 under which gold is being continuously exported from India has greatly helped in this historical fact being not recorded for so long. To-day the flow has ceased. Owing to low prices for commodities, who value of export trade declined side by side. Export has also dwindled. In addition to this the Share cotton and other markets have remitted to foreign countries about 20 to 25 crores of Rupees to meet the losses and so there has been dearth in exchange. And over and above this every year nearly 40 to 45 crores of rupees have to be sent to England to meet expenses incurred in England on India's account. The difficulty which arises is owing to this reason. As there is no possibility of this difficulty being removed in the near future, the belief that the exchange of Is. 6d. will be changed is increasing. Apparently the Reserve Bank and the Government of India have ample means to combat this difficulty, but there is possibility of fresh difficulties arising in trying these means. For instance if they begin to sell Sterling securities, the circulation of currency notes here will have to be curtailed. If gold is exported, it will impair confidence here. After this only one remedy remains and that is that either the Government of India should issue a Sterling Loan or to take credit from British Government.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. July Highest (10-2 a.m.)	8.72—06
N. Y. July Lowest (11-21 a.m.)	8.67—11
Liverpool July Highest	4.76+02
Liverpool July Lowest	4.72

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—

Cotton Liverpool selling on differences favourable weather easier securities depressed hedge selling light trade demand slow.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Market would have been better but for continued "bull" liquidation in May delivery. Small tender has a favourable effect. Weather reports are more favourable.

Liverpool.—Unexpectedly small tender on May caused some short covering of nears. Expect July to be a weak position later. Cannot see much advance unless crop news becomes bad.

New York.—Market declined with Liverpool on foreign selling and hedge selling with outside markets easier.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled:

Probable full season World consumption American 11,200 to 11,400; foreign 15,500 to 15,700 crop overcoming previous delay. Mill trends adverse America and abroad, Commodity prices and domestic business new lows for recession.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their New York friends:—

'Market affected unfavourably by tendency to reduce estimate of consumption and failure of general business situation to improve. Indifferent demand.'

'Foreign growth hedge sales continue. Outside interest is small. Limited trade demand.'

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 2.

July	8.67—11
October	8.75—11
December	8.77—09
January	8.78—11
March	8.84—10
Middling Spot	8.67—11

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 2.

May	8.72—11
July	8.78—11
October	8.86—11
Middling Spot	8.81—11
11 a.m. Ranges.—	
July	8.70/8.70
October	8.77/8.76
December	8.77/8.77
Noon Call.—	
July	8.68
October	8.76

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, May 2.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. Ports	6,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's exports to the Continent	7,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	4,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, May 2.

May	4.63—01
June	4.68—01
July	4.73—01
August	4.76—02
September	4.80—02
October	4.85—02
November	4.87—02
December	4.98—03
January	4.91—03
February	4.93—03
March	4.96—02
Middling Spot	4.77—01
10-12 a.m. quotations.—	
July	4.76
October	4.88

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 2.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£79 3/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£93
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£112 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£74 5/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£101 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£112 7/8
Victory Bonds	£111 1/8
Chartered Bank of India A. and China	£12 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£92
National Bank of India	£39
P and O Banking Corporation	£9 5/8

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, May 2.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels	unquoted
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels	37/4 1/2
Wheat South Australian parcels May sellers	33

LONDON RUBBER

London, May 2.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers	5 9/16

LINSEED OIL

London, May 2.

Linseed oil London per cwt. naked May sellers	25
Linseed oil London per cwt. Broach J/A. op 163 1/2; highest	164

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 2

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.98.68
Paris	162.81
Berlin	12.40 1/4
Madrid	80.00
Montreal	5.9i 5/16
Amsterdam	8.95
Brussels	29.80
Milan	94.80
Berne	21.68 1/4
Prague	unchgd

LONDON SEEDS.

London, May 2.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton May sellers	£12/0/0
Linseed Calcutt London c.i.f. ton May paid	£13/0/0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton May sellers	£13/0/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull cont. c.i.f. ton May/June sellers	£11/13/9
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton May/June sellers	£11/13/9

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 3.

Following a decline of 11 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 161 for Broach J/A. delivery and declined to Rs. 160/14 on scattered selling. At this level there was some covering and prices rallied to Rs. 161/6 but in the absence of any important business the market was dull and featureless.

The Liverpool market was due to open one point down but it opened 4 points lower which induced selling in the local market and Broach J/A delivery declined to Rs. 160/12. Later on Liverpool was 8 points down and prices in the local market declined to Rs. 160. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F M G—			
Broach A/M 1938	Rs.	157	2 0
Broach J/A 1938		159	0 0
Broach A/M 1939		170	14 0
Fine M. G.—			
Oomra May 1938		140	0 0
Oomra July 1938		142	8 0
Oomra D/J 1939		152	0 0
F G M G—			
Bengal May 1938		116	10 0
Bengal July 1938		119	2 0
Bengal D/J 1939		127	8 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, May 3

	Extra Sprâne	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	125	123	120	117	
Punjab	125	123	120	117	
Rajputana	125	123	120	117	
Oomra No. 3	150	147	144	141	
C P No. 1	162	159	156	153	
C P No. 2	155	152	149	146	
Broach No. 2		164	162	160	158
Punjab Ame		184	181	178	175
Surat		217	214	211	208
Rajpipla		210	207	204	201
Navsari		223	220	217	214

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

EASTERN: Partly cloudy.
CENTRAL: Partly cloudy.
WESTERN: Partly cloudy.

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, May 2.

SAKEL—	
May	12.38+19.
July	12.62+14.
ASHMOUNI—	
June	9.97— 8.
August	10.05— 6.
GIZA—	
May	12.18— 1.
July	12.30— 3.

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, May 3.

Bengal Superfine	125/26
Bengal Fine	122/23
Bengal F.G.	119/20
C. P.	151/56
C. P. 2	146/47
Arvi	148/49
Amraoti	141/43
Ellichpur	148/49
Berar	142/44
Khandesh	131/35
Jalna/Sailu	133/37
Burwah/Sanavad	146/47
Khandwa	146/48
Harda/Khirkiya	146/48
Mathia	121/26
Malkapur	137/41
Broach	160/62
Punjab 4 F.	175/78
Punjab 289F.	208/13
Sindh N.T.	193/98
Kampala	275/76
Jinja	266/8
Navsari	221/23
Jagadia/Ankleshwar	205/06

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, May 3

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	2 days. This year	Last year	
Khandesh	111	49,129	203,212
Central India	90	40,808	321,618
Barsi and Nagar	854	140,122	167,346
Hyderabad Gaorani	314	39,428	96,434
Berar	734	302,399	548,770
Central Provinces	870	66,196	111,452
Total Oomras	2,973	637,622	1,448,832
Dholera	1,135	77,562	83,842
N W Provinces		2,754	9,360
Rajputana	53	14,491	81,921
Sind Punjab	834	492,293	307,821
Broach	2,509	199,961	299,563
Coompta and Dharwar	123	26,495	39,257
Westerns Northerns	425	15,247	29,951
Cocoanada		13	140
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,822	7,924
American		173,044	10,556
Egyptian, African and Sudan	19	556,476	282,731
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		1,171	36
Total	8,068	1,996,891	2,636,934

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 28th April

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	475	206,584	372,437
Japan and China	2,405	500,091	1,093,935
Coast Ports	100	48,473	23,735
Up-country by Rail		270,252	197,760
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		23,215	17,851
Total	2,980	1,048,615	1,705,719

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, May 2.

GIZA—	
Spot	6.77—16.
May	6.28—16.
July	6.47—12.
Octobe	6.67— 8.
November	6.67— 8.
January 1939	6.74— 8.
March	6.81— 8.
UPPERS.—	
Spot	5.72— 8.
May	5.87— 3.
July	5.72— 3.
October	5.76— 6.
November	5.81— 4.
January 1939	5.86— 4.
March	5.91— 4.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, May 3.

Yesterday London gold prices closed unchanged at £6-19-6 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was 6 points lower at 162.8. Dollar-Sterling cross rate was 4.98 13/16. London silver prices advanced 1/8d. to 18 11/16d. India and speculators bought. Sellers were reserved. Late on there were buyers at fixed prices and sellers were holding aloof. New York spot silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents. Montreal silver futures were 30 points down to 50 points up. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1/0 3/4. The local market was quiet with scattered selling in silver but gold was steady with a slightly better enquiry.

GOLD

Ready		34	14 3
Vaishakh delivery		34	14 0
Vaishakh Teji-mandi		0	2 6
Jeth delivery		34	13 9
Jeth Teji-mandi		0	5 0

SILVER

Ready		49	5 0
Vaishakh delivery		49	3 0
Vaishakh Teji-mandi		0	12 0
Jeth delivery		49	11 0
Jeth Teji-mandi		1	0 0

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 2.

Spot	18 11/16
Forward	18 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London, May 2.

Gold Bar Fine per oz	£6-19-6 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, May 2.

May	40.40—30
July	42.40+30
September	42.20+50

New York Silver

New York, May 2.

	Prev.	To-day.
Spot	42 3/4	42 3/4c.

LONDON METALS

London, May 2.

Copper	£38 16 3
Lead	£14 15 0
Spelter	£12 16 3
Tin	£155 2 6

Bombay Metals

Bombay, May 3

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£38-10-0
Standard copper 3 months	£38-12-6
Electrolytic copper	£43-10-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 38-4-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 44-8-0

Tone: Irregular.

TRADING IN SHARES

The forward market will remain open for one hour only from Wednesday to Saturday and the market will remain closed on Monday.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, May 2.

June	£10-8-9.
July	£10-10-0.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, May 3

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	27	11	6
Highest	27	12	6
Lowest	27	8	6
Closing	27	9	3
Groundnuts Aug—			
Opening	29	0	6
Highest	29	0	6
Lowest	28	12	6
Closing	23	13	6
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	31	10	0
Highest	31	10	6
Lowest	31	9	0
Closing	31	10	0
Castorseeds Sept—			
Opening	32	2	0
Highest	32	4	0
Lowest	32	2	0
Closing	32	2	0
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening	17	13	0
Highest	17	13	0
Lowest	17	12	0
Closing	17	12	0
Cottonseeds Sept—			
Opening	18	11	6
Highest	18	11	6
Lowest	18	10	0
Closing	18	10	0

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, May 2.

May	80 1/2d.
July	79 7/8d.
October	77 7/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, May 2.

May	dol 0.78 7/8.
July	dol 0.77 5/8.
September	dol 0.78 5/8.

LONDON SUGAR

London, May 2.

August	4s 11 1/4d.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, May 3.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-2-0.
Shipment May-June Rs. 4-13-0.
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 4-13-0.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 4-13-6.
Kesar Rs 12-4-0.
Saraya Rs 12-0-0.
Java Spot F 7.00.

New York Sugar

New York, May 2.

July	1.95.
September	1.98.
January	1.93.

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, May 2.

Fair rio coffee No. 7 quality 6 1/8

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, May 3.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/57 100/8
3 per cent 1951/64 103/2
3 per cent 1941 102/13
3 per cent U P Bonds 98/12
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 98/10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/59 Loan 108/4
4 per cent 1942 Bonds 108/8
4 per cent 1960/70 114/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 119/8
3 per cent 1939/44 103/10
3 per cent 1939/43 107/2
5 1/2 per cent 1938/43 101/9

TAX FREE

3 per cent 1953/63 113
3 per cent 1955 125
5 per cent 1945/55 118/2
1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 101/4

Notes:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at 98/8. The business was very limited with 1/2 anna fluctuation.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, May 3.

BANK RATES—

T T J D 1/5 7/8

LONDON

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 to June 29/32 July/Dec.
Bank's buying T T 1/6
Bank's buying D D 1/6
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/16

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 268 7/8
Bank's buying T T 266 5/8

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,202
Bank's buying T T 1,232

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 1/2
Bank's buying T T 77 5/8

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 66 1/2

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 66 3/8

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 84 1/2

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 76

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 157 1/4

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 91 1/4

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.98.81 2nd instant.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 3rd instant.
Hongkong/London 1/2 15/16 3rd instant
Shanghai/London 1/0 3/4 3rd instant.
Java/London 8.94 3/4 3rd instant.
London/Paris 162.81 2nd instant.
London/Belgium 29.60 2nd instant.
London/Switzerland 21.68 1/4 2nd instant.
London/Berlin 12.40 1/4 2nd instant.
London/Stockholm 19.40 3/8 2nd instant.
London/New York 4.98.68 2nd instant
London/Amsterdam 8.96 2nd instant.
London/Italy 94.80 2nd instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Uncertain.
Gold £6-19-5 1/2 30th ulto.
Gold £6-19-6 1/2 2nd instant.
Silver London Ready 18 9/16 30th ulto
Silver London Readv 18 11/16 2nd instant.
Silver London Forward 18 3/8 30th ulto.
Silve. London Forward 18 1/2 2nd instant.
Silver New York Ready 42 30th ulto.
Silver New York Ready 43 2nd instant.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 30th ulto.
London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 2nd instant.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 30th ulto.
London Discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 2nd instant.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, May 2.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have received the following New York Stock Exchange quotations:—

	Dol.
Electric Power and Light	8
Electric Power and Light 7 per cent. Pfd.	28
Electric Bond Common	6
Electric Bond 5 per cent. Pfd.	44
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	21
Columbia Gas and Electric	6
United Corpn.	3
Northern S. Power A	9
American Tel. and Tel.	125-1/4
Western Union Telg.	20
Great North Pfd. Rly.	15
New York Central Rly.	11-3/4
Firestone Rubber	18
United S. Rubber	26
Amr. Can	83
Eaton Mfg.	12
Pullman	26
Bethelehem Steel	45
Ludlum Steel	16
Republic Steel	13
United S. Steel	42-1/4
Amr. Car Foundry	16
Anaconda Copper Mining	26
Int. Nickel of Canada	44
Chrysler Motors	39
General Motors	28-3/4
General Electric	31-1/2
Union Carbide	62-1/2
Consolidated Oil	8-1/2
Socony Oil	13
Chase Bank	29-1/4
National City Bank	23-1/4
Int. Tel. and Tel. 4-1/2 per cent.	84
Firestone 6 per cent. Pfd.	84

Further irregular improvement due.
Turnover 350,000 shares.
Steel operation 31 per cent.

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receip to date 2-5-38	7553000	6532000
Receipts yesterday 2-5-38	6000	10000
Exports to date 2-5-38	5294000	5036000
Stock at Ports 29-4-38	2307000	1314000
Stock at Interior Town 29-4-38	2286000	1313000
Stock at Liverpool 29-4-38	1255000	985000
Visible Supply 29-4-38	6786000	5309000
Quantity in sight 29-4-38	13020000	12297000
Quantity out of sight 29-4-38	9115000	11013000

PAY IN—MAY 8 PAY OUT—MAY 11

Scattered Long Liquidation In Share Bazar

DECLINE MEETS SHORT COVERING

Market Barely Steady

BOMBAY, May 3.

Yesterday the Wall Street market was quiet and under scattered selling U.S. Steel Shares declined dol. 5/8 and Anaconda Coppers closed dol. 3/8 down.

The local Share Bazar which was recently influenced favourably on the speech of the President of the Stock Exchange and again by the letter of a Director of Messrs. Tata Sons Ltd. regarding satisfactory demand for steel manufactured goods, seems to have discounted the effect. There was no follow up to-day on the buying side and during the early part of the session prices of Steel Shares declined under anxious selling. Later on there was short covering which arrested the decline and prices rallied. The action of the market was not impressive and the absence of professional support is telling.

The condition of our Steel industry is satisfactory but the market's position is discouraging and general sentiment continues shaky. All attempts to raise prices are meeting with premature collapses and the present low levels make new sellers cautious but buyers seem confident and to a greater extent have overbought in anticipation of higher dividends. Their purchases being at considerably higher prices, they have no nerves to increase their commitments and are now inclined to unload on higher prices with a view to save from further losses.

On the other hand Bears have easy times and seeing the market situation in their favour are not inclined to cover on a large scale. Some of the bears look for materially lower prices in the long run and they have been able to make large profits for the last few months.

The market seems to have settled down around present levels and day to day fluctuations have narrowed down. This is due to low levels and narrow trading. But the main question which puzzles operators is that whether the bottoms will be broken once more?

The answer rests on the ability of buyers and if they show strength and courage to hold on and support the market. The present state of the steel industry is satisfactory but this alone will not help unless it is helped by action. On the other hand Bears will make all attempts to depress prices and induce forced liquidation. Foreign markets are dull and uninspiring and at the moment circumstances favour Bear operators.

The market was barely steady to-day with a restricted turnover and closing quotations indicate small declines. Tata Steel Dfds. were placed at Rs. 970 and ordinary at Rs. 230 while cotton mill shares were quiet with Bombay Dyeings at Rs. 812/8.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, May 3.

100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 9)	366	14
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	812	8
100 CENTURY (Rs. 6)	232	8
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	231	4
100 COLABA (Rs. 4)	145	10
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	92	8
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	362	8
1 E. D. Sassoon Df. (nil	0-5-0	
100 Finlay (Rs. 3)	123	12
100 GOKAK (Rs. 1-8)	148	14
1,000 Hindustan	1,600	0
100 Indore	50	10
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	105	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 10)	252	8
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	477	8
250 Madras United	35	0
1,000 Morarji (Rs. 40)	1035	0
250 Model	49	4
50 MYSORE (Rs. 7)	120	0
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	210	0
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	42	8
100 PHOENIX (Rs. 10)	235	0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	70	0
1,000 Sholapur (Rs. 30)	1,910	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	75	0
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	197	8
100 Swan (Rs 2-8)	102	8
500 Vishnu (Rs 30)	1,320	0
1000 Western (Rs. 40)	802	8

BANKS.

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	111	0
250-50 Central (Rs. 12)	30	10
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1552	8
125-500 Im. Contry. (Rs. 7-8)	380	0
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	139	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-8)	117	4
5 Union (As. 4)	6	0 6

CEMENTS.

100 ASSOCIATED (Rs. 7-8)	117	0

INSURANCE.

100-500 Empire (Rs 14)	715	0
15-100 Jupiter (As 12)	13	12
20 Mercantile	54	8
15-75 New India (Rs 14)	37	10
200 Oriental	4,325	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	8

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahm. Old (Rs. 6-8)	135	0
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 40 plus 30)	1,421	4
10 Ajmer (As. 8)	12	10
50 BOM. TRAM (2-6)	126	0
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs. 6-8)	165	0
10 Broach (As. 5)	10	14
100 Karachi (4)	222	8
100 Poona (4)	206	4
100 Surat (Rs. 3)	168	2
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 4-8 plus 3)	148	12
1,000 TATA POWER (Rs. 37 plus 29)	1343	12

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	940	0
100 C. Province	102	0
100 Dh. Baramati	104	4
100 Gujarat	98	12
100 Mandra Bhon	99	0
100 Pachora Jamner	95	8
100 Sara Sirajgunj	100	12
500 Tapti Valley	713	12

MINING.

9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	6	8
8sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6)	2-5-0	
10 Indian Iron and Steel (Rs. 1-8)	28	10
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs 2)	42	8
30 TATA STEEL DFD. (Rs. 36-3-6))	970	0
75 TATA STEEL ORD (Rs. 19)	230	0

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	301	4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, May 3.

Bombay Dyeing (821/4) 810 812 810 812 815 813 815 812
Century (236/14) 236 235 232
Central India (226/4) 225 226 231 230 232 231
Kohinoor (253/12) 252 253 250 252
New Great (212/8) 210 211 212 210
Simplex (75/10) 73 74 75
Swadeshi (195) 193 194 200 198 197
Associated Cement (117) 117
Andhra (1417/8) 1417 1421
Tata Hydro (148/12) 148
Tata Power (1345) 1342 1350 1345 1343
T. Steel Dfd. (985) 975 970 967 975 982 977 955 977 962 970
T. Steel Ord. (231/8) 230 229 231 230 228 231 232 230
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (170/8) 170/8 170
Bellapur (145/8) 146
Steam (223/12) 222
B. Burma (508/12) 516 517 521 512 517

50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 5)	146	4
200-250 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 5)	855	0
250 BOMBAY STEAM (Rs. 5)	222	8
125 B Burma (Rs. 20)	517	8
50 Do County (Rs. 8)	176	14
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	3-5-0	
50 B'bay Telephone (Rs. 2-8)	91	8
100. I BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	132	8
50 I. Invest Trust	40	0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	527	8
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	425	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 26)	690	0
30 Premier Con. (Rs. 2-15)	62	0
15 Scindia	18	0
25 Tata Oil Mill (nil)	27	8

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c Andhra Valley	1,520	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	285	0
7 p.c. B'bay Tram (T.F.)	70	8
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	540	0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	107	4
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Con 2nd	90	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	151	4
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1,546	4
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	204	6
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	170	0
7 p.c Vishnu	703	12

DEBENTURES.

3-3/4 Andhra Valley	101	8
6 p.c Andhra Valley	108	12
4 p.c Bom. Telephone	52	0
7 p.c Sholapur	77	4
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	108	12

(Latest Dividend in Brackets and Capital Letters indicate shares on Forward List).

YARN EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, May 3

Yarn No. 16 1/2s. June 124 August 123
Yarn No. 20 1/2s. June 164 August 163

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, May 2.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cen.	79 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	93
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	101 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	109 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	112 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 X.D.	115 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	112 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	100 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Conso's	74 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	101 1/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	112 7/8

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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1938

"Have Spirit Of Service And Other Things Will Follow"

A POLICEMAN CAN BE PATRIOTIC AND SHOULD BE PATRIOTIC, SAYS BIHAR PREMIER

PATNA, May 2.

Addressing the Bihar and Orissa Police Conference held at Motihari yesterday the Hon. Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, the Bihar Premier, said:—

"Ever since I assumed office I have been anxious to establish personal contact with the Police of this Province. Both you and I are engaged in presenting a common sacred task, and for its fulfilment it is necessary that we know each other better.

If the State is to fulfil its purpose, its primary function is to maintain order based on justice and liberty. The police is the agency through which the State, to a great extent discharges this sacred function. It is because of this that a very great responsibility is devolved on the police; and if the police is to perform this function well, it must be imbued with a spirit of service. To the thousands living in villages you are the emblem of authority, and poor and simple men living in villages judge the Government by your actions.

NEED OF SPIRIT OF SERVICE

"No man, however low and humble he may be, is to be deprived of the help which you can and should give him simply because God made him low and humble. If you have a spirit of service other things will follow. Your powers are great and these powers may easily become a source of harassment unless in your dealings you are guided solely by a sense of doing justice to all.

"There was a time when I fought against the system of which you were party then. But times have changed and now I am your man. Your honour is my honour, and since I have assumed office it has been my fervent prayer to God to give me strength to defend your honour, if need arises. I am anxious to see the day when the police will be above all suspicions, and I feel that this object can be attained if you, gentlemen, make up your mind to do something in this direction. The best and lasting reform is that which comes from within.

PUBLIC AND POLICE

"The other thing which has been troubling me is the absence of a feeling of cordiality between the public and the police. From public platforms I have been appealing to the public to change their attitude towards the police, and I stand here to-day to make the same appeal to you in regard to your attitude towards the public. A policeman should be incapable of abusing anyone. He must be uncompromising in putting down crimes and criminals, but he must be gentle in his dealings. I long to see the police loved and respected and if it is to be so, it is necessary that you should so deal with them that they may be drawn towards you. To a member of the police every life is equally sacred, whether it be the life of a Hindu, Mohamedan or Christian, Brahmin or Pariah. For a police man no religion can be higher than the religion of giving protection to all in need of it, regardless of the religion of the man or woman to whom protection is given. A policeman can be patriotic and should be patriotic. He should love his country and wish well of it. But he should have no politics. His only politics should be politics of maintaining order based on justice and liberty.—United Press.

SERPENTS LIE WHERE FLOWERS GROW—

(OLD BALLAD—*The Spanish Lady's Love*)

Darjeeling O. C. Drowned

Tragedy Occurs When Fishing In River

DARJEELING, (By Mail).

News has been received here from Kalimpong that the Officer Commanding, Jalapahar, Col. Campbell, was drowned while out fishing in the Teesta on April 29.

It is stated that Col. Campbell's hook was caught in a rock and in attempting to dislodge it he fell into the water and was carried away by the current.

Col Campbell was accompanied by Mr. MacLiren, Station Staff Officer, Jalapahar, and Major Hurrell, Assistant Recruiting Officer of the Gudghas, Ghoom. They and local inhabitants made desperate efforts to recover the body, which proved unsuccessful and until late hour last night the body had not been recovered.

It is understood that Col. Campbell was due to retire next month and his wife is reported to be in Calcutta.

Lt. Col. J.K.B. Campbell, Commanding Officer, Second Battalion, King's Own Scottish Borderers, stationed at Fort William and the Officer Commanding Calcutta and Col. Campbell had gone to Jalapahar to inspect a detachment K.O.S.B.'s who stationed there.

Details of Tragedy

Enquiries made at Jalapahar Cantonment reveal that Col. J. K. B. Campbell (50) of the K.O.S.B. accompanied by Major Hurrell and Captain MacLiren went down on April 29 at noon to Teesta by car for fishing. The tragedy occurred at about 3 in the afternoon.

It is understood that Col. Campbell, accompanied by a coolie boy, went near the confluence of river Teesta and Rungeet, while Major Hurrell and Capt. MacLiren remained down the river. It is believed that Col. Campbell's hook was caught by rocks and in an attempt to release the same he fell down and was carried away by strong current of the river Teesta, which is now in a spate due to the recent heavy rainfall in Darjeeling.

Vigorous efforts are being made by the police and forest-guards since April 29 to recover the body.

Col Campbell came to Darjeeling a week ago and was shortly proceeding home on retirement. His only daughter, who is at present in Bombay, was to have accompanied the father home. The deceased had a distinguished military career.

It will be recalled that a similar tragedy occurred at the same place year before last when one Mrs. Thomas while bathing was carried away by current and her body was recovered after several days.

The Hon. Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy, President of the Council of State, arrived in Bombay on Sunday morning. He is staying at Palm Beach Hotel, Juhu.

Bomb Bursts Near Police Lines

Suspected To Have Come From Jail Side

BANNU, May 3.

Yesterday afternoon a bomb, believed to be local made, burst outside the police lines main gate, four paces away from the policeman on duty who said that it instantaneously burst as it fell on the ground. He declared that it came from the jail side. There is no other building in the vicinity.

The Deputy Commissioner and police officers immediately reached the spot. The place was searched and nails and broken pieces of glass were recovered and seized.—A. P.

EX-TERRORIST DISOWNS FAITH IN TERRORISM

In Present Circumstances It Is Illogical, Says Sherijung

LAHORE, May 2.

Sherijung who, it may be recalled, was convicted on May 31, 1930, in the Ahmedgarh train dacoity case, was due to be released in July next as announced by the Minister in charge of jails in the Punjab Legislative Assembly during its recent session. His release was quite unexpected.

Shortly after his release Sherijung, speaking to a number of Journalists said that he had abjured faith in terrorism.

He said he wanted it to make clear that not only did he not have any faith in terrorism now but he had come to believe that in the present circumstances of the country terrorism was illogical. He, however, said that he believed in mass organisation on peaceful lines, which was a greater force than anything else. —A.P.

MOVE TO CLOSE UP CONGRESS RANKS

CALCUTTA, May 2.

At a meeting of the Executive Council of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee this evening, Mr Subhas Chandra Bose presiding, it was decided on a motion of Mr Bose as a gesture of goodwill to remove the ban imposed on 28 Congressmen of Bengal for their alleged non-Congress activities during the general election to the Bengal Legislatures.

The two against whom the ban still remained are Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, present Finance Minister, Bengal Government and Mr. Nishit Nath Kundu, M. L. A. of Dinajpur.—A. P.

Bihar Council Adjourns Till May 4

PATNA: May 2.

The Bihar Council held a brief sitting to-day, and after interpellations adjourned to May 4.

The only business on the agenda was an official resolution, stating that the statistics of employment, offences against and jurisdiction and powers of Courts in respect of an Act of the Federal Legislature should be regulated in this province by an Act of the Federal Legislature.

The resolution was postponed and will be moved at a later date, as the leader of the Opposition complained of lack of notice.—A.P.

The Indian Soldiers' Board at their first half-yearly distribution of relief for 1938 from the Indian Army Benevolent Fund, made grants amounting to Rs. 29,072 to ex-soldiers and their dependents in the various provinces. Punjab gets the most with Rs. 14,066. Bombay's share is Rs. 576.

Mr. Sidhwa Criticises Madras Premier

A Surrender To Bureaucracy?

MADRAS (By Mail).

Widespread dissatisfaction exists among the people in regard to the attitude of the Madras Premier on the question of the separation of judiciary from executive, says Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, a prominent member of the Congress party in the Sind Assembly in a statement to the press summing up the impressions of his tour in the Circars.

Mr. Sidhwa regrets the instances of alleged police surveillance of certain Congressmen and the Premier's attitude in regard to prosecution for sedition. The general feeling is, he says, that the Premier co-operates with officials more than the latter co-operate with him, and that in many cases he has completely surrendered to the bureaucracy.

Mr. Sidhwa also observes that there should not be any interference by the Congress Working Committee in the day-to-day administration of provinces governed by Congress Ministries but hopes that the Committee would consider the Madras Ministry's attitude in regard to the above problems as it considered similar problems in other provinces. He also expressed his surprise at the holding of durbars which had been abolished in Sind.

ORISSA TENANCY AMENDMENT BILL

CUTTACK, May 2.

The Orissa Legislative Assembly meeting this morning took up the Orissa Tenancy Act Amendment Bill for discussion. Three more clauses of the Bill were disposed of and it is expected that the Bill will be finished by to-morrow.—A. P.

TAMIL v. HINDI

Salem Congressman Undertakes Fast

SALEM, May 2.

The agitation against the recent order of the Madras Government, making the teaching of Hindi compulsory, has taken a serious turn here.

Mr. Manickam, a Congressman of Shivapet, and his wife, Srimathi Angammal, have started a fast since last night as a protest against the Madras Cabinet's order making Hindi a compulsory subject of study in the secondary shools of the Madras Presidency.

This morning, Mr. Manickam, addressing a gathering, stated that Tamil language would be affected by the introduction of Hindi in the schools.

He has sent telegrams to the Premier, Mr. C. Rajagopalacharlar, Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, the Congress President, in this connection, praying for the cancellation of the order. —United Press.

MADRAS TRAMWAY DISPUTE

Sole Arbitrator Appointed By Govt.

MADRAS, May 2.

It is understood that the Madras Government have, with the consent of the Chief Justice, appointed Mr. Justice V. Pandurang Rao as sole arbitrator to enquire into and report on the dispute between the Madras Electric Supply and Tramway Workers' Union and the Management with regard to the victimisation of five Workers and to find out whether it was a case of victimization or a case of discharge for improper services.

The findings of the arbitrator will be binding on both the parties.

A communique is likely to be issued shortly in this connection. —United Press.

Mr. Prakash Kumar Shastri, Bar-at-Law, member of the Foreign Journalistic Association who arrived in Bombay on Monday is to open a French Institute in Lahore under the patronage of the Paris University, with facilities for Lecture, study, etc.

UNIFORM SCOUT POLICY IN INDIA

MADRAS, May 2.

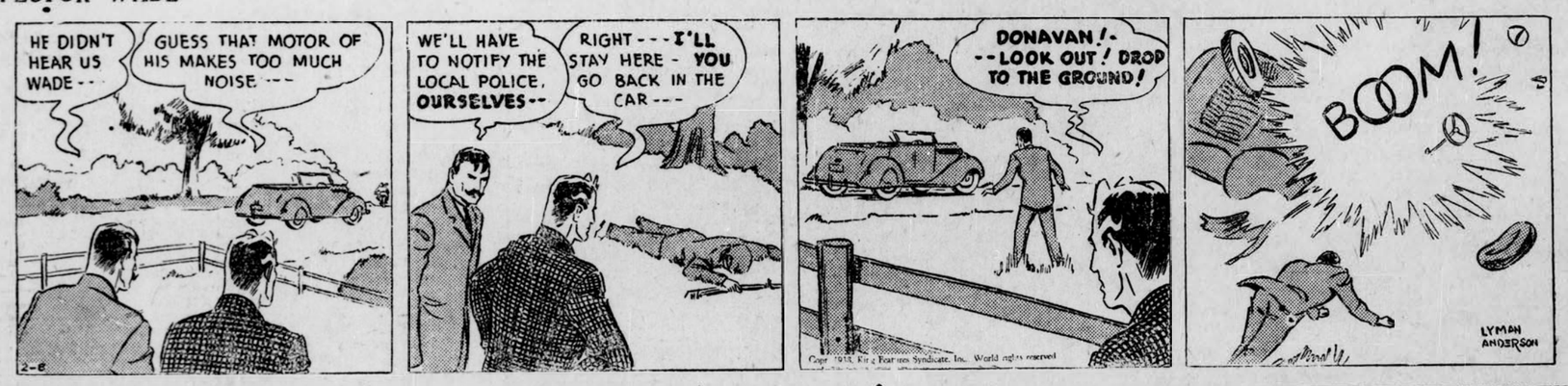
The present controversy on the question of the Scout Promise as well as the formation of a united All-India association is likely to be discussed at the ensuing Conference of Congress Premiers to be held at Bombay, so that a uniform policy regarding Scouting might be followed throughout India. The subject, it is understood, will be introduced by Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, who is anxious that Scouting in India should follow a uniform national policy.

As far as Madras Presidency is concerned, the question of forming a united association has already been taken up by the Hon. Mr. C. Rajagopalacharlar, Premier, and the Hon. Dr. P. Subbaroyan, Minister for Education, who recently discussed the subject with the representatives of the Seva Samiti Scout Association and the Madras Presidency Boy Scouts' Association, which has cut off its connection with the Baden-Powell organisation. The question is likely to be discussed thoroughly on the return of the Premier after attending the Premiers' Conference.—United Press.

Miss Eleanor McDougall, one of the leading women educationists in India and Principal of the Women's Christian College Madras is leaving India on retirement. She arrives in Bombay on Friday and sails for England by the P. & O. steamer "Strathaird" on Saturday, May [illegible].

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE GALLOW'S HAND*


HE DIDN'T HEAR US WADE--
GUESS THAT MOTOR OF HIS MAKES TOO MUCH NOISE---
WE'LL HAVE TO NOTIFY THE LOCAL POLICE, OURSELVES--
RIGHT---I'LL STAY HERE - YOU GO BACK IN THE CAR---
DONAVAN!- --LOOK OUT! DROP TO THE GROUND!
BOOM!
2-e
LYMAN ANDERSON

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